

# Palestinian National Authority Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics

## Tree Horticulture Survey 2006 Press Conference on the Survey Main Findings

### PAGE NUMBERS OF ENGLISH TEXT ARE PRINTED IN SQUARE BRACKETS. TABLES ARE PRINTED IN THE ARABIC ORDER (FROM RIGHT TO LEFT).

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# Population, Housing and Establishment 2007–Census

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### Press Release Main Findings of the Tree Horticulture Survey, 2006

#### 20.2 million cultivated trees in the Palestinian Territory, including 17.9 million fruit bearing trees 23.2% of the Tree Horticulture Holdings suffered losses due to Israeli measures

The Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics is pleased to announce the results of the Tree Horticulture Survey 2006, which adopted agricultural holdings as an agricultural statistical data unit, according to international recommendations, and was implemented during the months of September and October of this year.

It had long been the work of the Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics to provide agricultural statistics at the level of the local community, which depends on cumulated data in most instances, but this is contrary to international recommendations. The survey implemented in 2006 for tree horticulture used a scientific sample drawn based on the database that was built through the implementation of an inventory of agricultural holdings, implemented in the last quarter of 2004. The design of the sample size was 5,024 agricultural holdings; interviews were completed for 92.5% of the total survey sample.

The planning of this survey began long before in order to provide necessary data on the situation of tree horticulture in the Palestinian Territory which interested persons, policy makers and development planners could use for the development of the agricultural sector. This included identification of demographic characteristics of the tree horticulture holders, characteristics of the tree horticulture holdings, pattern of land uses for tree horticulture holdings, tree horticulture crops, control of the production and productivity of tree horticulture, marketing of tree horticultural crops, applications of agricultural holdings in tree horticulture, characteristics of the agricultural labor tree horticulture, and losses to tree holdings as a result of Israeli attacks during the period (28/09/2000 -- 23/08/2006), as well as identifying many of other indicators related to tree horticulture in the Palestinian Territory.

#### **Agricultural Holders:**

Results indicate that 95.0% of the tree horticulture holders in the Palestinian Territory are males. In the West Bank males were 95.2%, while in Gaza Strip, males represented 92.6%.

The results show that 68.8% of the tree horticulture holders in the Palestinian Territory have the legal status of individual, whereas 17.3% of the agricultural holders have the legal status of a partnership. In the West Bank 67.5% of holders were individuals, while in Gaza Strip 85.6% were individuals.

#### **Agricultural Holdings:**

The results indicate that privately owned tree horticulture holdings is the most common form, amounting to 92.7% of the total tree horticulture holdings in the Palestinian Territory, while the proportion of rainfed holdings amounted to 85.5%. When comparing the West Bank and Gaza Strip, we find that 91.4% of the tree horticulture holdings in the West Bank were rainfed, while in Gaza Strip the rate was only 3.4%.

The results shows that 56.9% of the tree horticulture holdings in the Palestinian Territory don't receive agricultural extension services from any source. While 15.2% of the tree

horticulture holdings in the Palestinian Territory receive agriculture extension from the Ministry of Agriculture.

#### **Crops:**

Results indicate that 17.9 million of bearing trees in the Palestinian Territory, of which 17.2 million trees in the West Bank, and 0.7 million in Gaza Strip. According to the type of irrigation, the results showed that 15.5% of this trees were irrigated, 83.2% in Gaza Strip, and 12.9% in the West Bank.

Tree horticultural crops were distributed according to the method of farming in the Palestinian Territory as 53.7% by intensive cultivation, and 46.3% by scattered cultivation. Distribution according to the crop status was 45.2% as a single crop, 52.2% mixed crop, and 2.6% associated crop.

31.0% of the total tree horticulture in the Palestinian Territory were trees of 5-20 years in age, followed by 21.6% which were 21-40 years in age. while 11.1% were more than 60 years.

#### **Applications:**

Results indicate that tree horticulture holders in the Palestinian Territory used one or more types of agricultural applications: 82.3% of the total tree horticulture holdings in the Palestinian Territory used pruning, 58.4% used traditional cultivation, 42.7% farming without chemical materials, and 45.7% used pesticides.

#### **Agricultural Labor:**

Results indicate that 78.3% of employment in the tree horticulture holdings in the Palestinian Territory is temporary, while 21.7% are permanent workers. In the West Bank 80.3% are temporary workers, while in Gaza Strip, 48.4% are temporary workers.

The relative distribution of labor by sex was 69.3% males, and 30.7% females during 2005/2006 in the Palestinian Territory. In the West Bank, the proportion of male workers in tree horticulture holdings was 67.6%, while in Gaza Strip the rate was 93.8%.

### Agricultural Damages Due to Israeli Measures During the Period (28/09/2000-23/08/2006)

The agricultural sector was subject to various kinds of damage from the beginning of the second Intifada (Al-Aqsa Intifada) in the fourth quarter 2000 due to Israeli measures against this vital sector. The data show that 23.2% of the tree horticulture holdings were subjected to damage due to Israeli measures in the Palestinian Territory; in the West Bank the percentage was 22.5% and in Gaza Strip, 33.7%.

#### **Concepts and Definitions**

**Agricultural Year:** The period extended from the beginning of October 2005 to the end

of September 2006.

**Agricultural Holding** It is an economic unit of agricultural production under single

> management comprising all kept, livestock and all land used totally or partially for agriculture production purposes regardless to title

legal form or size

**Agricultural Holder:** The holder is a civil or juridical person who exercises management

> control over the agricultural holding operation and takes major decisions regarding for the holding and may undertake all responsibilities directly, or delegate responsibilities related to day-

to-day work management to a hired manager.

**Tree Horticulture** 

**Holding:** 

The presence of cultivated or arable land area for Horticultural trees crops controlled by the holder, and must not be less than one dunum.

**Legal Status:** The legal nature of any qualifying them to work within the legal

> framework under various names, including public and private, the holder may be an individual or a family or corporate body to order

etc..

**Household:** One person or group of persons with or without a family

> relationship, who live in the same housing unit or part of the housing unit, share meals or make joint provision of food and other

essentials of living.

Those wells are being dug to reach the ground water, for pumped **Artesian Wells** 

and exploited as a source of water for multiple purposes of drinking

or irrigation.

**Nazaz Hotbeds** Is dig wells to depths of a few pools of water and small quantities

naturally through nomination

Rainfall Wells: Wells are being dug and lined the purpose of collecting and storing

rainwater them.

Spring water is a stream of water intakes at the confluence of class-**Springs:** 

> bearing water with the Earth's surface and there is a permanent flow springs continue to flow throughout the year and other seasonal where erupt in winter only, and we in agriculture are those

permanent springs used in the summer.

**Fertilizer:** Is the all add to the soil to increase the amount of fertilizer plants

available for crop growth. Divided primarily to the non-organic

fertilizer (chemical) and organic fertilizers (natural).

**Organic Fertilizers** 

Organic materials which are fully decomposed remains of the (municipal): animal and vegetable and contain nutrients essential to plant growth.

**Chemical Fertilizers:** 

Are the chemicals which are being prepared commercially and contains elements essential nutrients for plant growth, The nitrogenous fertilizer and phosphate fertilizers, and potassium fertilizers, mixed fertilizers and the vehicle.

**Pesticides:** 

The meaning is the chemical pesticides which are being prepared commercially and contain chemical compounds to fight diseases and pests that afflict plants in the agricultural tenure, These include insecticides, fungicides, The herbicides, and various other materials.

Permanent Crops (including trees, horticulture):

A growing crop growth cycle of one year, and that do not need replanting after each season, and for the last several years. For example, olive trees and citrus trees, and nuts. It is possible permanent crops in intensive agriculture or agriculture scattered, The area planted with crops include ways.

Permanent Crop Area (covering an area of trees horticulture):

This term refers to the area of the crop at the time of the Permanent specific timetable, normally enumeration day. The area here include permanent crops that have been cultivated to produce fruits, so as not to include nurseries, where is the production of crops in order to reproduce the sale or use in holding

Permanent Crops, which amounted to age production (fruit):

Permanent crops already bearing fruit, producing, and most tree crops become productive after a certain amount lifetime, The fall crop, which amounted to this stage in the crop production and age had not yielded or produced yields in the reference year because of the climatic conditions, or for any other reasons, not included aging trees or other trees, which amounted age production but are no longer productive if identified within the crop at the age of production.

**Irrigated Land:** 

Irrigated land, which is normally provided and deliberately water from the rain - with a view to improving the production of crops and pasture

Rainfed Land:

The cultivated land, which agriculture depends on rain water only.

**Intensive Agriculture:** 

Include plants and trees planted in a planned and organized manner, as well as the plants and trees that are irregular in form, but are dense enough to collect data on the cultivated area as "intensive cultivation."

**Agriculture Scattered:** 

Include plants and trees scattered or isolated degree shift without specifying the total area occupied, In determining the area covered by trees scattered. the total has been remitted to the vast numbers of trees through the allocation area for each standard tree.

The Single Crop:

This term refers to one crop grown alone in the field, may be this crop of crops temporary or permanent.

**Mixed Crops:** two crops or more different temporary or permanent crops ( but not

both temporary and permanent crops), and grown simultaneously in

the same field or area.

**Associated Crops:** When both temporary and permenant crops are grown

simultaneously in the same field.

**Biological Control:** Use of natural enemy to control the causal agent of the plant disease

in the agricultural holding.

**Integrated Management**  **Pest** Use more than one way to control the causal agent of the plant

disease in the agricultural holding., with a focus on the means to

reduce the chemical in favor of other means.

**Workers:** 

**Permanent Agricultural** Is a person whose services are utilized regularly and continuously during the agricultural year for agricultural work on the holding.

Permanent Agricultural workers works for 8 month at least during

the agricultural year.

Occasional Agricultural

Workers:

A person working one or more times during the agricultural year

who is not expected to work regularly or continuously on the holding. Occasional Agricultural workers works for less than 8

month during the agricultural year.

**North West Bank:** This area includes Jenin, Tulkarm, Nablus and Oalgiliya

Governorates, and Tubas and Salfit Districts.

Middle West Bank: This area includes Ramallah & Al-Bireh, Jericho & Al-Aghwar,

and Jerusalem Governorates.

South West Bank: This area includes Bethlehem and Hebron Governorates.

جدول 1: عدد ومساحة حيازات البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب المنطقة، 2006 Table 1: Number and Area of the Tree Horticulture Holding in the Palestinian Territory by Region, 2006

Region	المساحة Area	العدد Number	المنطقة
Palestinian Territory	1,289,241	70,209	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	1,258,817	65,443	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	928,681	36,356	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	185,211	11,147	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	144,925	17,940	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	30,424	4,766	قطاع غزة

جدول 2: التوزيع النسبي لحائزي حيازات البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب الجنس والمنطقة، 2006 Table 2: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Holders in the Palestinian Territory by Sex and Region, 2006

	المجموع	Sex		
Region	Total	إناث	نكور	المنطقة
		Females	Males	
Palestinian Territory	100	5.0	95.0	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	4.8	95.2	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	5.4	94.6	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	7.6	92.4	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	1.4	98.6	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	7.4	92.6	قطاع غزة

جدول 3: التوزيع النسبي لحائزي البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب الكيان القانوني للحائز والمنطقة، 2006 Table 3: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Holders in the Palestinian Territory by the Legal Status of the Holder and Region, 2006

	Legal Status of the Hold	er	الكيان القانوني للحائز		
Region	المجموع	أسرة	شر اکه	فرد	المنطقة
	Total	Household	Partnership	Individual	
Palestinian Territory	100	13.9	17.3	68.8	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	14.6	17.9	67.5	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	13.7	18.7	67.6	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	11.5	21.4	67.1	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	18.4	14.0	67.6	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	4.4	10.0	85.6	قطاع غزة

جدول 4: التوزيع النسبي لحيازات البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب الكيان القانوني للحيازة والمنطقة، 2006 Table 4: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Holdings in the Palestinian Territory by the Legal Status of the Holding and Region, 2006

		Legal Status o	f the Agricultural	Holding				
Region	المجموع Total	أخرى Other	بوضع اليد By Force	ضما <i>ن/ محاصصة</i> Allotment∖ Part of the Production	مملوكة ومستأجرة Owned and Rented	مستأجرة Rented	ملك Owned	المنطقة
Palestinian Territory	100	0.6	0.2	0.4	4.9	1.2	92.7	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	0.6	0.2	0.4	5.3	1.2	92.3	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	1.1	0.0	0.4	6.6	1.2	90.7	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	0.0	1.1	0.3	5.8	1.2	91.6	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	0.3	0.0	0.6	2.2	1.0	95.9	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.7	98.0	قطاع غزة

جدول 5: التوزيع النسبي لحيازات البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب المصدر الرئيسي للري والمنطقة، 2006 Table 5: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Holdings in the Palestinian Territory by the Main Source of Irrigation and Region, 2006

		Main Sou	rce of Irrig	ation				المصدر الرئيسي للري			
Region	المجموع Total	أخرى Other	تتكات Tanks	الشبكة العامة Public Netw ork	ينابيع أو عيون Springs	سيول ووديان جانبية Streams and Valleys	بئر تجميع Rainfall Collective Well	بئر نزاز Dug Well	بئر ارتواز <i>ي</i> Artesian Well	میاه امطار Rainfed	المنطقة
Palestinian Territory	100	0.4	1.8	3.2	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	8.2	85.5	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	0.3	2.0	2.3	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	3.1	91.4	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	0.4	2.7	1.9	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	5.2	89.0	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	0.0	0.1	3.0	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	95.1	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	0.4	1.6	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.7	94.0	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	0.1	0.0	16.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	79.6	3.4	قطاع غزة

جدول 6: التوزيع النسبي لحيازات البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب المصدر الرئيسي للإرشاد الزراعي والمنطقة، 2006 Table 6: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Holdings in the Palestinian Territory by the Main Source of the Agricultural Extension and Region, 2006

		Main Sourc	e of Agricult	ural Extension		للإرشاد الزراعي			
Region	المجموع Total	لا يوجد Not Found	أخرى Other	مؤسسات زراعية غير حكومية Agricultural NGO's	تجار مواد زراعية Wholesalers of the Agricultural Materials	مزارعون Farmers	وسائل الإعلام Media	وزارة الزراعة Ministry of Agriculture	المنطقة
Palestinian Territory	100	56.9	3.1	3.4	4.4	16.5	0.5	15.2	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	60.2	1.3	3.6	3.1	15.8	0.5	15.5	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	58.5	1.2	4.3	2.3	15.5	0.0	18.2	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	85.3	1.1	0.4	0.0	7.5	1.2	4.5	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	48.1	1.2	4.3	6.6	21.7	1.1	17.0	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	11.7	29.2	0.0	22.7	26.4	0.0	10.0	قطاع غزة

جدول 7: عدد ومساحة أشجار البستنة المثمرة في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب نمط الري والمنطقة، كما هو الحال في 2006/08/23 Table 7: Number and Area of Bearing Horticulture Tree in the Palestinian Territory by Type of Irrigation and Region, As in 23/08/2006

	Total	المجموع	Rainfed	بعلي	Irrigated	مروي	
Region	المساحة	العدد	المساحة	العدد	المساحة	العدد	المنطقة
	Area	Number	Area	Number	Area	Number	
Palestinian Territory	1,189,577	17,881.9	1,106,230	15,114.0	83,347	2,767.9	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	1,165,472	17,231.5	1,103,407	15,004.9	62,065	2,226.6	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	869,259	10,109.1	820,546	8,557.2	48,713	1,551.9	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	174,379	2,486.4	165,994	1,985.0	8,385	501.4	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	121,834	4,636.0	116,867	4,462.7	4,967	173.3	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	24,105	650.4	2,823	109.1	21,282	541.3	قطاع غزة

Area: Dunums, Number: 1000 trees

المساحة: دونم، العدد: الف شجرة

جدول 8: عدد ومساحة أشجار البستنة غير المثمرة في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب نمط الري والمنطقة، كما هو الحال في 2006/08/23 Table 8: Number and Area of Unbearing Horticulture Tree in the Palestinian Territory by Type of Irrigation and Region, As in 23/08/2006

	Total	المجموع	Rainfed	بعلي	Irrigated	مروي	
Region	المساحة	العدد	المساحة	العدد	المساحة	العدد	المنطقة
	Area	Number	Area	Number	Area	Number	
Palestinian Territory	99,664	2344.2	77,873	1,794.5	21,791	549.7	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	93,345	2186.1	77,803	1,791.5	15,542	394.6	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	59,422	1047.8	49,020	839.9	10,402	207.9	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	10,832	295.2	7,551	170.8	3,281	124.4	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	23,091	843.1	21,232	780.8	1,859	62.3	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	6,319	158.1	70	3.0	6,249	155.1	قطاع غزة

Area: Dunums, Number: 1000 trees

المساحة: دونم، العدد: الف شجرة

جدول 9: التوزيع النسبي لمحاصيل البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب طريقة الزراعة والمنطقة، كما هو الحال في 2006/08/23 Table 9: Percentage Distribution of the Horticulture Tree Crops in the Palestinian Territory by the Method of Farming and Region, As in 23/08/2006

	e !!	Method of Farming لذراعة الزراعة			
Region	المجموع Total	زراعة مبعثرة Scattered Farming	زراعة مكثقة Intensive Farming	المنطقة	
Palestinian Territory	100	46.3	53.7	الأراضي الفلسطينية	
West Bank	100	47.6	52.4	الضفة الغربية	
North of West Bank	100	52.3	47.7	شمال الضفة الغربية	
Middle of West Bank	100	50.7	49.3	وسط الضفة الغربية	
South of West Bank	100	40.2	59.8	جنوب الضفة الغربية	
Gaza Strip	100	24.4	75.6	قطاع غزة	

جدول 10: التوزيع النسبي لمحاصيل البستنة الشجرية في الاراضي الفلسطينية حسب وضع المحصول والمنطقة، كما هو الحال في 2006/08/23 Table 10: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Crops in the Palestinian Territory by the Crop Status and Region, As in 23/08/2006

	C !!	Crop Status			
Region	المجموع Total	محصول مقترن Associated Crop	محصول مختلط Mixed Crop	محصول منفرد Single Crop	المنطقة
Palestinian Territory	100	2.6	52.2	45.2	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	2.7	52.6	44.7	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	4.4	52.2	43.4	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	0.0	47.2	52.8	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	1.8	55.3	42.9	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	1.2	44.8	54.0	قطاع غزة

جدول 11: التوزيع النسبي لأشجار البستنة في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب الفئة العمرية والمنطقة، كما هو الحال في 2006/08/23 Table 11: Percentage Distribution of the Horticulture Tree in the Palestinian Territory by the Group Age And Region, As in 23/08/2006

	6 11	Group Age (Year) الفئة العمرية (سنة)						
Region	المجموع Total	غير معروف Unknown	اکثر من 60 More than 60	60 -41	40 -21	20 -5	اقل من 5 Less than 5	المنطقة
Palestinian Territory	100	5.4	11.1	12.0	21.6	31.0	18.9	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	5.6	11.6	12.1	21.5	30.8	18.4	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	7.4	13.6	16.5	24.6	23.4	14.5	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	3.5	25.4	12.8	17.6	14.3	26.4	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	3.1	0.4	2.8	17.1	54.4	22.2	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	0.0	1.1	9.5	24.4	34.1	30.9	قطاع غزة

جدول 12: التوزيع النسبي لمحاصيل البستنة الشجرية في الاراضي الفلسطينية حسب الغرض الرئيسي للانتاج والمنطقة، 2006/2005 Table 12: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Crops in the Palestinian Territory by the Main Purpose of Production and Region, 2005/2006

		Main Purpose of Produc	الغرض الرئيسي للإنتاج			
Region	المجموع	اخرى	لبيع الكمية المتبقة بعد الاستهلاك	للاستهلاك الأسري فقط	للبيع	المنطقة
Total	Other	For Sale the Remaining Quantity After Consumption	For Household Consumption only	For Sale		
Palestinian Territory	100	1.8	16.6	69.4	12.2	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	1.5	16.6	71.3	10.6	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	2.9	22.0	64.5	10.6	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	0.4	19.4	77.6	2.6	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	0.1	8.9	77.4	13.6	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	8.0	15.4	38.8	37.8	قطاع غزة

جدول 13: نسبة استخدام التطبيقات الزراعية في حيازات البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب نوع التطبيق الزراعي والمنطقة، 2006/2005 Table 13: Percentage of Using the Agricultural Practices in the Tree Horticulture Holdings in the Palestinian Territory by Type of Agricultural Practice and Region, 2005/2006

	Region					المنطقة	
Type of Agricultural Practice	قطاع غزة Gaza Strip	جنوب الضفة الغربية South of West Bank	وسط الضفة الغربية Middle of West Bank	شمال الضفة الغربية North of West Bank	الضفة الغربية West Bank	الأراضي الفلسطينية Palestinian Territory	نوع التطبيق الزراعي
Using Pesticides	6.4	14.8	2.0	22.5	39.3	45.7	استخدام المبيدات
Using Biological control	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.5	استخدام المكافحة البيولوجية
Integrated Pest Management	24.2	2.9	1.6	2.4	2.4	3.9	استخدام المكافحة المتكاملة
Trees Pruning	94.3	89.8	85.3	76.0	81.4	82.3	تقليم الاشجار
Fruit Thinning	5.0	25.4	13.4	8.4	13.9	13.3	خف الثمار
Traditional Cultivation (by Animal)	18.1	69.9	77.1	52.1	61.2	58.4	الحراثة التقليدية (بواسطة الحيوانات)
Cultivation by Tractor	73.9	62.3	19.1	61.1	54.3	55.6	الحراثة بواسطة التراكتور
Farming Without Using Chemical							الــزراعة بــدون اســتخدام مواد كيماوية
Materials	4.4	35.9	69.3	42.9	45.5	42.7	(اسمدة ومبيدات)
Making Wind Barriers	4.2	2.3	8.3	1.8	3.1	3.1	اقامة مصدات للرياح
Making Terraces	0.1	41.4	79.3	15.4	33.4	31.2	اقامة سلاسل (مصاطب)
Digging Around Trees to Increase							التجويــر حــول الاشجار لزيادة الحصاد
the Water Harvesting	92.5	31.9	28.0	25.8	27.9	32.2	المائي

جدول 14: التوزيع النسبي لعمالة البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب نوع العمالة والمنطقة، 2006/2005 Table 14: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Employment in the Palestinian Territory by the Employment Type and Region, 2005/2006

	e !!	Employment Type		
Region	المجموع Total	العمالة الدائمة	العمالة المؤقتة	المنطقة
	10141	Permanent Employment	Temporary Employment	
Palestinian Territory	100	21.7		الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	19.7	80.3	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	14.1	85.9	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	20.8	79.2	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	34.1	65.9	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	51.6	48.4	قطاع غزة

جدول 15: التوزيع النسبي لعمالة البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب الجنس والمنطقة، 2006/2005 Table 15: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Employment in the Palestinian Territory by Sex and Region, 2005/2006

	المجموع	Sex		
Region	Total	إناث Females	نکور Males	المنطقة
Palestinian Territory	100	30.7	69.3	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	100	32.4	67.6	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	100	31.8	68.2	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	100	38.5	61.5	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	100	29.7	70.3	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	100	6.2	93.8	قطاع غزة

جدول 16: التوزيع النسبي لحيازات البستنة الشجرية في الأراضي الفلسطينية حسب التعرض للضرر نتيجة الممارسات الإسرائيلية والمنطقة خلال الفترة 2000/09/28 -2000/09/28 Table 16: Percentage Distribution of the Tree Horticulture Holdings in the Palestinian Territory by Subjecting to Damage Due to the Israeli Measures and Region During Period 28\09\2000-23/08/2006

		Subjecting to Damage	التعرض للضرر		
Region	المجموع Total	حیازات غیر متضررة Not Damaged Holdings	حیازات متضررة Damaged Holdings	المنطقة	
Palestinian Territory	100	76.8	23.2	الأراضي الفلسطينية	
West Bank	100	77.5	22.5	الضفة الغربية	
North of West Bank	100	75.2	24.8	شمال الضفة الغربية	
Middle of West Bank	100	81.8	18.2	وسط الضفة الغربية	
South of West Bank	100	79.4	20.6	جنوب الضفة الغربية	
Gaza Strip	100	66.3	33.7	قطاع غزة	