

2007-



()

.2008 - 1429 ©
.:2007.2008
- .() .() .() (970/972) 2 242 6340 :

(970/972) 2 242 6343 : diwan@pcbs.gov.ps :

http://www.pcbs.gov.ps :



فخامة الرئيس محمود عباس "أبو مازن" رئيس اللجنة التنفيذية لمنظمة التحرير الفلسطينية رئيس السلطة الوطنية الفلسطينية



منظمترالنحرير الفلسطست

السلطت الوطنيت الفلسطينية



بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

تقديم من سيادة الرئيس محمود عباس "أبو مازن" رئيس السلطة الوطنية الفلسطينية

يعتبر التعداد العام للسكان والمساكن والمنشآت ركناً أساسياً من أركان النظام الإحصائي الرسمي في أي دولة، حيث يأتي تنفيذه خلل عام 2007 استحقاقاً قانونياً وتتموياً ووطنياً وسيادياً، و يمثل تنفيذه لبنة أساسية في عملية بناء الدولة وإرساء أسس التخطيط السليم بمعايير علمية نظراً لما يوفره من إحصاءات دقيقة وتفصيلية لكافة نواحي الحياة، ويساهم في بناء الدولة الفلسطينية وإنجاز الاستقلال السياسي والاقتصادي والاجتماعي، وتحقيق التنمية.

لقد جاء تنفيذ هذا المشروع الوطني الكبير في ظل ظروف غاية في التعقيد على مختلف الأصعدة، مما جعل تنفيذ التعداد مهمة صعبة تعترضها الكثير من التحديات والأخطار، إلا أن عزيمة الشعب الفلسطيني وإصرار الفريق الوطني، واحتضان القيادة السياسية جعلت من التغلب على هذا التحدي أمراً ممكناً أدى إلى تنفيذ التعداد العام الثاني في الأراضي الفلسطينية بجودة عالية وفق المعايير الدولية، بأيد وبخبرات فلسطينية وبقرار فلسطيني مستقل، واستجابة للحاجات الوطنية في شتى المجالات.

منظمت النحرير الفلسطست

السلطت الوطنيت الفلسطينيت



لقد أسهم التعداد في إعادة الموضوع التتموي على الأجندة الوطنية والدولية في فلسطين، بعد أن تراجع دورها لصالح الأجندة الإغاثية، فالتتمية أهم الدعامات الضرورية لتأسيس مجتمع ديمقراطي، وبناء إنسان حر ملتزم بالمبادئ الوطنية والإنسانية. والإحصاءات الدقيقة والعلمية هي العمود الفقري لوضع خطط تتموية مبنية على أسس سليمة تشكل رافعة لقضايا التتمية وتحقيق الأهداف المعلقة عليها.

لقد أبدى المجتمع الدولي اهتماماً بالغاً بهذا المشروع التنموي وعبر عن اهتمامه من خلال الدعم المادي والفني الذي قدمته بعض الدول الصديقة والمنظمات الدولية. فقد كان لصندوق الأمم المتحدة للسكان مساهمة مادية وفنية جادة، وكذلك صندوق أوبك للتنمية الدولية، وحكومات النرويج وهولندا وسويسرا واستراليا، والمملكة العربية السعودية ومنظمة الأمم المتحدة للطفولة "اليونيسيف"

إننا إذ نهدي هذا الإنجاز التاريخي الى كل فلسطيني، فإننا نعبر عن تقديرنا وشكرنا لأسرة الجهاز المركزي للإحصاء الفلسطيني والفريق الوطني للتعداد على إصرارهم وعطائهم وتفانيهم في تحقيق هذا الإنجاز.

رام الله: 2008/5/22

رئيس اللجنة التنفيذية لمنظمة المعروب الفلسطينية رئيس السلطة الوطنية الفلسطينية

(OFID) (UNFPA)

2007

.(UNICEF)

2007

. 2008

/

-:

.1 2007 .2 :**(**J1) .1967 J1) .(:(J2)) J2 1967 .(.J1 .3 J1 .2007 (**J**1

	•
23	1.1
23	2.1
23	3.1
24	4.1
24	5.1
25	6.1
27	:
	•
37	:
37	1.3
37	2.3
38	3.3
39	4.3
43	:
43	1.4
43	2.4
47	3.4
49	
49	:
	1.5
49	2.5
50	3.5
52	4.5
54	5.5

61		2007				:1
62	2007	1				:2
65						:3
				2007		
66	2007					:4
67			(12)		:5
					2007	
68	2007					:6
69		((5)		:7
				2007		
70			(10)		:8
					2007	
73						:9
			20	07		
79		(10)		:10
				2007		
82			(10)		:11
	2	2007				
85			(10)		:12
	200)7				
88					/	:13
				2007	/	
91						:14
			2007	,		
93	2007					:15
94	2007					:16

95			(10)		:17
				2007		
96	2007					:18
97	2007					:19
98	2007					:20
99						:21
100)				2007	:22
	,			2007 (
101						:23
				2	007	
102						:24
					2007	
103						:25
				2007		
104		2007				:26

44			.2007					:1	
45		/						:2	
						.2007	/		
45			((10)		:3	
							2	007	
46			(10)			:4	
							2	.007	
46			.2007					:5	
47	.2007				(12)		:6	
47			.2007					:7	

1.1 2007 2006/12/16 2007 2.1 -3 5 3.1 2000 (4) 2007 .1 .2 .3

								.5
								.6
								.7
								4.1
752		1	1922					.1
		1 022	10	21				2
	. 1.7	1.033	19	31 194	1			.2
667	. 1.7	+		194	4			.4
.1961			805		1952			
599	1967		002		1932			.5
400				400				
		1967						
	1997							.6
							2.6	
	(J1)1967							
						210		
								5.1
								3.1
		.2007	2000	5	:			.1
		.2007		2007	:			.2
	.2008		2007		:			.3

6.1
2008/2/7
(
)
...
2009 – 2008

					·	
:					·	:
					:	
	.()			:
:	.2007/12/01 2007/12/01					.1
) 2007/12/16-01	2007/12/01	()		.(.3
2007/12/0	1		. 2007/12/01		2007/12/01	.4
.2007/12/01			. 2007/12/	01		6

(Defacto)

2007

.7

-:

27

2007/12/01

2007/12/01 2007/12/01 2007/12/01 .2007/12/01 2007/12/01 2007/12/01 : .2007/12/01 .1 .2007/12/01 .2 2007/12/01 .3 .1 :(.2

28

```
:( ) .2
( ) (
         )
               ( )
                           .3
                           .4
   1948
. ( )
                          .1
                          .2
                          .3
                          /
  .(
               (
                   )
                    ( )
```

(.1 .2 .3 .4

:

:

·

·

. 35 (34-15) (14-1)

:

(7) : **14-1** .1 .1 .1

35 (7) : **35** .3

: -

(7) : .4

.

(7) : .5

: -

(7) : .6

(7) : .7 7) : / (7) .8 (7) () : .9 (7) : / / .10 / .11 .12 :

.

) 12 .1 12 .2) (12 .3 () 12 .4 () 12 .5 12 .6 :() .(...) : .1 .2 .3

									.4	
						()	
								:	.5	
								:	.6	
							()		
								:	.7	
									:	
			() 2 (4)					
								•		
				•					.1	
		•						•	.1	
•						•			.3	
			•				•		.4	
								•	.4	
		•							.5	
								•	.5	
	•								.6	
		•						•	.0	
							:			
	:									
						:			.1	
					:()			.2	
•						:			.3	
								:	.4	
			•				:() :	.5	
								:	.6	

: .1 .() .2 .3 .1) (.2 () .3 .4 J2 J1 **(**J1) .1967) J1 ((J2)) J2 .(.(

1.3 2007/12/01) 2006/08/02 . . .1 1967 .2 2.3 (J1) J1 .1967 .1 .2 (

37

3.3

1.3.3

2.3.3

:

DVD .

.()

4.3

1.4.3

4,916

2.4.3 4,916 (J1) .2007/09/11 2007/08/18 25 3.4.3 2007/10/20 2007/11/10 2007/12/01 2007/12/01-11/30 4.4.3 2007/12/16 2007/12/01 2008/01/08 2007/12/25 5.4.3 2008/01/08 2007/12/16) .2007/12/25 2007/12/16

.2008/01/12 2008/01/08

2007/12/29 2008/01/07 .2008/01/26 2008/01/24 6.4.3 218 2008/01/03 -2007/12/29 2008/01/16-2008/01/12 .2008/01/30 7.4.3 2007/12/16 .2007/12/18 2007/12/16 2007/12/30 2007/12/24 2008/01/08 .2008/01/15 2007 8.4.3

. CDs ()
/01/13 . 120 . 2008

9.4.3

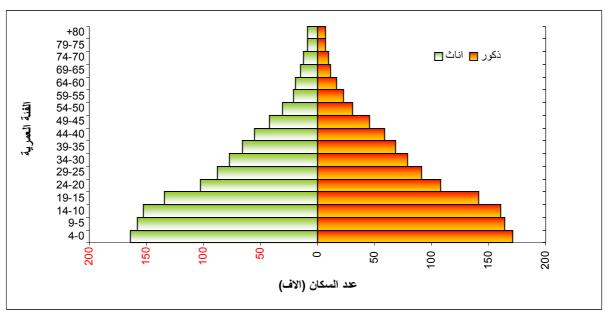
2,350,583 2007/12/1-11/31 103.1 . 1,157,339 1,193,244 . 1.1.4 (2,281,714) **%97.0** 6,785 2.1.4 عدد السكان من خلال نتائج الدراسة البعدية (2,350,583) (%3.0) 2.4 1.2.4 %40.4 920,649 14-0 1,231,290 64-15 %54.0 75,933 65 %2.3 %3.3 1997 2007 % 41.3 1997 %45.1 14-0 64-15 % 3.8 % 55.3 1997 %51.1 % 4.2

1.4

5.6 4.6 2007

.1997

2007 :1



/ 2.2.4

(%5.3) (107,785)

 (%2.9)
 60,041

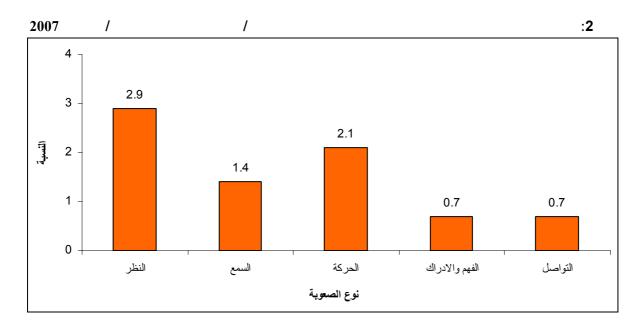
 42,181
 (%1.4)
 28,658

 (%0.7)
 14,781
 (%2.1)

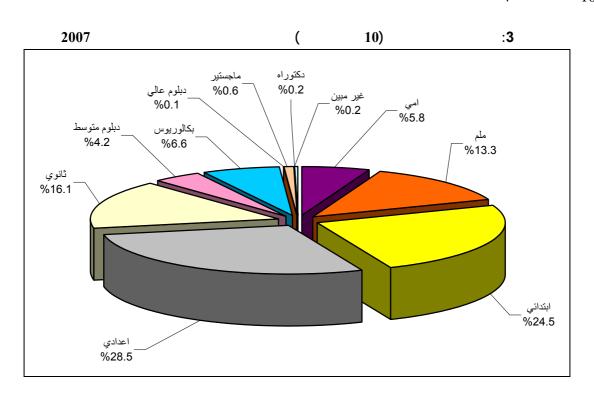
. (%0.7) 14,959

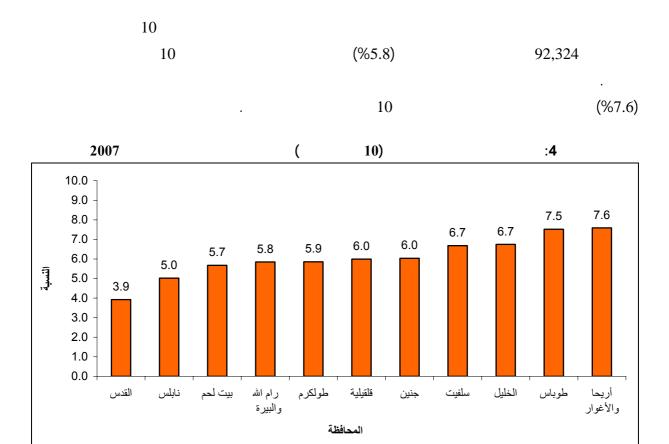
· ()

. 1997

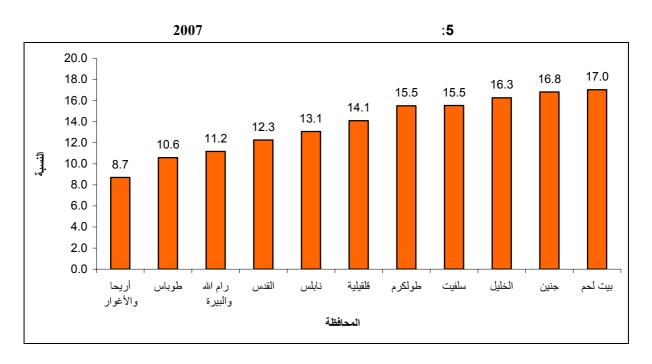


> %9.8 . 10





4.2.4 76,464 10 10 .(%8.7) (%17.0)





:6 2007 (12) 60 51.5 50 42.7 40 30 20 10 3.2 1.4 0.6 0.2 0.4 0 مطلق ارمل لم يتزوج ابدا عاقد قرانه ولم يتم متزوج منفصل غير مبين الدخول الحالة الزواجية

(5.5) 414,493 (%81.8) 338,989

3.4

2007 :**7** 7.0 6.8 6.6 6.4 6.1 6.2 6.0 5.8 5.6 5.6 5.5 5.6 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.3 5.3 5.4 5.2 5.0 4.8 4.6 4.4 4.2 4.0 -طولكرم الخليل القدس رام الله سلفيت نابلس بيت لحم قلقيلية طوباس جنين أريحا والبيرة والأغوار المحافظة

%83.2 2007

.%74.0 1997 %21.7 2007 %12.4 1997

.2007 %4.2 1997 %3.8

.1997 %0.6 2007 %0.2

1.5

2.5

3.5 1.3.5

.

%30 .

2.3.5 5 5 15 150

()

%2

%5

•

%4 .%2.7 3.3.5

4.5

%50 (%100**)**

() .

.

: .1

.2

. (600)

: (1)

·

%100 %100

%100

(9)

. %100 .1 .2

.4

.

53

5.5

2007

1.5.5

·

(5 1) .

·

.1 .2

)

.(

.3

.5

4916 2007 218

144

2.5.5

:

% 1.9	% 98.1	
% 4.2	% 95.8	1
% 0.8	% 99.2	1
% 1.5	% 98.5	1
% 2.9	% 97.1	1
% 1.3	% 98.7	1
% 6.0	% 94.0	1
% 4.5	% 95.5	1
% 4.2	% 95.8	1
% 3.6	% 96.4	1
% 2.5	% 97.5	1
% 3.0	% 97.0	

55

3.5.5

.

4.5.5

2000 2004 2006 .1997

. 1996 1997

1997 2007

56

	1997	2000	2004	2006	2007
	103.2	102.0	102.1	102.8	103.1
	17.0	17.4	17.6	17.9	18.0
	1				
14-0	45.0	44.9	43.9	43.9	41.5
64-15	51.2	51.5	52.3	52.8	55.1
+65	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.3	3.4
	·				
	3.7	4.3	5.0	4.1	4.2
	74.0	79.0	82.7	80.7	83.2
	21.7	16.5	12.2	15.0	12.4
	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.9	5.5
	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.6

5.5.5

(9)

.

%	
2.1	
0.6	
2.2	
2.0	
1.1	
0.4	
0.2	

6.5.5

; •

Tables

2007 :1

Table 1: Population in the West Bank by Governorate and Sex, 2007

			Р		Population									
Governorate			Househ	olds	Females		Males	Males						
Governorate	Say Patio	Mean Household	النسبة		النسبة		النسبة		النسبة					
	Sex Ratio	Size	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number				
West Bank	103.1	5.5	100.0	427,097	100	1,157,339	100	1,193,244	100	2,350,583				
Jenin	103.2	5.4	11.1	47,437	10.9	126,291	10.9	130,328	10.9	256,619				
Tubas	103.3	5.6	2.1	9,004	2.1	24,728	2.1	25,533	2.1	50,261				
Tulkarm	102.1	5.3	7.0	29,938	6.8	78,182	6.7	79,806	6.7	157,988				
Nablus	102.3	5.4	14.0	59,663	13.7	158,589	13.6	162,241	13.6	320,830				
Qalqiliya	105.2	5.5	3.9	16,483	3.8	44,453	3.9	46,764	3.9	91,217				
Salfit	103.3	5.4	2.6	11,103	2.5	29,295	2.5	30,275	2.5	59,570				
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	101.4	5.3	12.4	52,834	12.0	138,903	11.8	140,827	11.9	279,730				
Jericho & Al Aghwar	100.3	5.6	1.8	7,615	1.8	21,133	1.8	21,187	1.8	42,320				
Jerusalem	103.5	5.2	16.5	70,434	15.4	178,679	15.5	184,970	15.5	363,649				
Bethlehem	103.8	5.4	7.6	32,667	7.5	86,492	7.5	89,743	7.5	176,235				
Hebron	104.1	6.1	21.0	89,919	23.5	270,594	23.7	281,570	23.6	552,164				

2007/12/16-1

Includes population counted during the period 1-16/12/2007 and uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

2007 : 2

Table 2: Population in the West Bank by Age Group, Sex and Governorate, 2007

	Governorat	e											
Age Group and Sex	Hebron	Bethlehem	Jerusalem	Jericho & Al Aghwar	Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Salfit	Qalqiliya	Nablus	Tulkarm	Tubas	Jenin	West Bank	
Both Sexes													
0 - 4	87,272	22,772	42,466	5,914	34,301	8,635	12,723	42,932	19,802	6,876	33,954	317,647	4 - 0
5 - 9	78,024	22,355	44,806	5,553	32,793	7,864	12,136	41,941	19,981	6,360	33,601	305,414	9 - 5
10 - 14	75,436	21,601	41,646	5,191	32,998	7,829	11,972	40,699	20,801	6,269	33,146	297,588	14 - 10
0 - 14	240,732	66,728	128,918	16,658	100,092	24,328	36,831	125,572	60,584	19,505	100,701	920,649	14 - 0
15 - 19	65,244	19,102	34,789	4,239	30,363	7,036	10,511	36,460	18,907	5,462	29,026	261,139	19 - 15
20 - 24	49,042	14,957	28,297	3,311	23,719	5,221	7,830	27,140	13,361	4,262	22,360	199,500	24 - 20
25 - 29	39,702	12,773	26,506	2,983	19,644	4,221	6,676	23,128	11,343	3,639	18,629	169,244	29 - 25
30 - 34	32,741	11,176	23,114	2,722	17,208	3,800	5,681	21,340	10,130	3,287	17,128	148,327	34 - 30
35 - 39	27,854	10,070	19,365	2,352	14,618	3,263	4,716	18,940	8,921	2,788	14,300	127,187	39 - 35
40 - 44	22,071	8,340	16,005	2,003	12,877	2,907	4,230	16,895	8,409	2,255	12,369	108,361	44 - 40
45 - 49	16,561	6,278	12,163	1,534	10,334	2,187	3,250	12,730	6,870	1,679	9,564	83,150	49 - 45
50 - 54	11,312	4,568	9,298	955	7,414	1,601	2,339	8,459	4,335	1,246	6,334	57,861	54 - 50
55 - 59	7,745	3,234	6,575	735	5,378	1,043	1,658	6,553	3,343	844	4,886	41,994	59 - 55
60 - 64	6,040	2,761	5,554	583	4,315	800	1,283	5,722	2,786	674	4,009	34,527	64 - 60
15 - 64	278,312	93,259	181,666	21,417	145,870	32,079	48,174	177,367	88,405	26,136	138,605	1,231,290	64 - 15
65 - 69	4,600	1,967	3,800	407	3,103	658	858	3,932	1,952	571	2,923	24,771	69 - 65
70 - 74	3,899	1,630	2,693	310	2,762	631	761	3,363	1,777	454	2,629	20,909	74 - 70
75 - 79	2,849	1,309	1,725	199	2,149	521	585	2,295	1,263	385	1,803	15,083	79 - 75
80 - 84	1,460	751	1,026	101	1,365	304	321	1,369	763	203	1,045	8,708	84 - 80
85 - 89	722	387	510	52	607	117	136	603	317	119	529	4,099	89 - 85
90 - 94	308	167	214	16	164	39	45	216	134	31	178	1,512	94 - 90
95 +	180	88	105	15	90	21	32	107	84	22	107	851	+ 95
65 +	14,018	6,299	10,073	1,100	10,240	2,291	2,738	11,885	6,290	1,785	9,214	75,933	+ 65
Not Stated	5,198	3,680	29,394	1,228	6,739	102	831	1,132	1,513	738	3,287	53,842	
Total	538,260	169,966	350,051	40,403	262,941	58,800	88,574	315,956	156,792	48,164	251,807	2,281,714	المجموع

2007 :() 2
Table 2 (Cont.): Population in the West Bank by Age Group, Sex and Governorate, 2007

	Governorat	e											
Age Group and Sex	Hebron	Bethlehem	Jerusalem	Jericho & Al Aghwar	Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Salfit	Qalqiliya	Nablus	Tulkarm	Tubas	Jenin	West Bank	
Males		•	•	•									
0 - 4	44,611	11,576	21,720	3,004	17,524	4,434	6,418	21,819	10,185	3,556	17,380	162,227	4 - 0
5 - 9	39,645	11,426	22,733	2,823	16,742	4,073	6,238	21,422	10,258	3,289	17,140	155,789	9 - 5
10 - 14	38,748	10,915	21,423	2,632	16,788	3,992	6,218	20,857	10,713	3,175	17,019	152,480	14 - 10
0 - 14	123,004	33,917	65,876	8,459	51,054	12,499	18,874	64,098	31,156	10,020	51,539	470,496	14 - 0
15 - 19	33,425	9,833	17,631	2,127	15,516	3,635	5,458	18,668	9,590	2,773	14,845	133,501	19 - 15
20 - 24	25,231	7,716	14,185	1,664	12,099	2,694	4,164	13,886	6,916	2,133	11,654	102,342	24 - 20
25 - 29	20,340	6,571	13,209	1,483	9,820	2,201	3,447	11,702	5,823	1,875	9,614	86,085	29 - 25
30 - 34	16,471	5,747	11,662	1,314	8,720	1,927	2,918	10,762	5,152	1,690	8,620	74,983	34 - 30
35 - 39	14,182	5,194	9,956	1,176	7,392	1,658	2,432	9,682	4,514	1,461	7,302	64,949	39 - 35
40 - 44	11,498	4,291	8,220	1,008	6,546	1,493	2,171	8,664	4,346	1,171	6,502	55,910	44 - 40
45 - 49	8,551	3,230	6,401	790	5,306	1,125	1,737	6,651	3,526	838	4,952	43,107	49 - 45
50 - 54	5,704	2,360	4,661	457	3,706	831	1,162	4,234	2,111	592	3,083	28,901	54 - 50
55 - 59	4,019	1,712	3,496	370	2,712	504	885	3,343	1,673	446	2,468	21,628	59 - 55
60 - 64	2,878	1,311	2,744	277	1,948	336	589	2,520	1,184	295	1,821	15,903	64 - 60
15 - 64	142,299	47,965	92,165	10,666	73,765	16,404	24,963	90,112	44,835	13,274	70,861	627,309	64 - 15
65 - 69	2,084	873	1,876	168	1,269	256	360	1,614	764	232	1,162	10,658	69 - 65
70 - 74	1,796	750	1,293	128	1,049	239	323	1,478	725	191	1,110	9,082	74 - 70
75 - 79	1,332	538	797	79	816	225	244	949	473	168	741	6,362	79 - 75
80 - 84	685	310	443	43	542	129	145	573	270	90	410	3,640	84 - 80
85 - 89	363	187	235	27	259	56	56	240	114	61	203	1,801	89 - 85
90 - 94	160	75	96	5	79	21	19	94	59	12	73	693	94 - 90
95 +	93	45	59	10	32	9	9	48	36	11	45	397	+ 95
65 +	6,513	2,778	4,799	460	4,046	935	1,156	4,996	2,441	765	3,744	32,633	+ 65
Not Stated	2,664	1,890	15,222	642	3,510	46	416	570	770	409	1,740	27,879	
Total	274,480	86,550	178,062	20,227	132,375	29,884	45,409	159,776	79,202	24,468	127,884	1,158,317	المجموع

2007 :() 2
Table 2 (Cont.): Population in the West Bank by Age Group, Sex and Governorate, 2007

	Governorat	e											
Age Group and Sex	Hebron	Bethlehem	Jerusalem	Jericho & Al Aghwar	Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Salfit	Qalqiliya	Nablus	Tulkarm	Tubas	Jenin	West Bank	
Females		•		•									
0 - 4	42,661	11,196	20,746	2,910	16,777	4,201	6,305	21,113	9,617	3,320	16,574	155,420	4 - 0
5 - 9	38,379	10,929	22,073	2,730	16,051	3,791	5,898	20,519	9,723	3,071	16,461	149,625	9 - 5
10 - 14	36,688	10,686	20,223	2,559	16,210	3,837	5,754	19,842	10,088	3,094	16,127	145,108	14 - 10
0 - 14	117,728	32,811	63,042	8,199	49,038	11,829	17,957	61,474	29,428	9,485	49,162	450,153	14 - 0
15 - 19	31,819	9,269	17,158	2,112	14,847	3,401	5,053	17,792	9,317	2,689	14,181	127,638	19 - 15
20 - 24	23,811	7,241	14,112	1,647	11,620	2,527	3,666	13,254	6,445	2,129	10,706	97,158	24 - 20
25 - 29	19,362	6,202	13,297	1,500	9,824	2,020	3,229	11,426	5,520	1,764	9,015	83,159	29 - 25
30 - 34	16,270	5,429	11,452	1,408	8,488	1,873	2,763	10,578	4,978	1,597	8,508	73,344	34 - 30
35 - 39	13,672	4,876	9,409	1,176	7,226	1,605	2,284	9,258	4,407	1,327	6,998	62,238	39 - 35
40 - 44	10,573	4,049	7,785	995	6,331	1,414	2,059	8,231	4,063	1,084	5,867	52,451	44 - 40
45 - 49	8,010	3,048	5,762	744	5,028	1,062	1,513	6,079	3,344	841	4,612	40,043	49 - 45
50 - 54	5,608	2,208	4,637	498	3,708	770	1,177	4,225	2,224	654	3,251	28,960	54 - 50
55 - 59	3,726	1,522	3,079	365	2,666	539	773	3,210	1,670	398	2,418	20,366	59 - 55
60 - 64	3,162	1,450	2,810	306	2,367	464	694	3,202	1,602	379	2,188	18,624	64 - 60
15 - 64	136,013	45,294	89,501	10,751	72,105	15,675	23,211	87,255	43,570	12,862	67,744	603,981	64 - 15
65 - 69	2,516	1,094	1,924	239	1,834	402	498	2,318	1,188	339	1,761	14,113	69 - 65
70 - 74	2,103	880	1,400	182	1,713	392	438	1,885	1,052	263	1,519	11,827	74 - 70
75 - 79	1,517	771	928	120	1,333	296	341	1,346	790	217	1,062	8,721	79 - 75
80 - 84	775	441	583	58	823	175	176	796	493	113	635	5,068	84 - 80
85 - 89	359	200	275	25	348	61	80	363	203	58	326	2,298	89 - 85
90 - 94	148	92	118	11	85	18	26	122	75	19	105	819	94 - 90
95 +	87	43	46	5	58	12	23	59	48	11	62	454	+ 95
65 +	7,505	3,521	5,274	640	6,194	1,356	1,582	6,889	3,849	1,020	5,470	43,300	+ 65
Not Stated	2,534	1,790	14,172	586	3,229	56	415	562	743	329	1,547	25,963	
Total	263,780	83,416	171,989	20,176	130,566	28,916	43,165	156,180	77,590	23,696	123,923	1,123,397	المجموع

2007/12/16-1

Includes population counted during the period 1-16/12/2007, doess not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

2007 :3

Table 3: Total Population in Localities in the Remaining West Bank by Size-Class of Population in locality, Households and Sex, 2007

	Population			*		
Population site in the Locality	Females	Males	Both Sexes	Number of Households*	Number of Localities	
30,000 and above	243,865	252,458	496,323	91,802	7	30,000
25,000-29,999 Inhabitants	40,408	41,012	81,420	14,792	3	29,999-25,000
20,000-24,999 Inhabitants	22,649	23,289	45,938	8,896	2	24,999-20,000
15,000-19,999 Inhabitants	104,153	106,421	210,574	37,256	12	19,999-15,000
10,000-14,999 Inhabitants	90,331	92,033	182,364	32,865	16	14,999-10,000
5,000 - 9,999 Inhabitants	195,540	203,582	399,122	71,025	57	9,999-5,000
3,000 - 4,999 Inhabitants	130,315	133,479	263,794	47,369	68	4,999-3,000
1,000 - 2,999 Inhabitants	146,734	151,083	297,817	52,523	157	2.999-1,000
Less Than 1,000 Inhabitants	38,729	40,217	78,946	13404	187	1,000
Total	1,012,724	1,043,574	2,056,298	369,932	509	

2007/12/16-1

^{*} Includes population counted during the period 1-16/12/2007, does not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

^{*} Includes private and institutional households.

2007 :4

Table 4: Population in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Nationality, 2007

			Nationality	and Sex									
Governorate	То	tal	Not S	tated	Other Nat	ionalities	Other	Arabs	Jorda	nians	Palesti	nians	
	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	
Remaining West Bank	1,012,724	1,043,574	71	70	806	344	61	23	253	117	1,011,533	1,043,020	
Jenin	123,923	127,884	0	0	34	7	2	0	20	4	123,867	127,873	
Tubas	23,696	24,468	0	0	14	0	1	0	6	0	23,675	24,468	
Tulkarm	77,590	79,202	0	0	34	0	6	0	7	0	77,543	79,202	
Nablus	156,180	159,776	3	7	76	9	14	1	60	13	156,027	159,746	
Qalqiliya	43,165	45,409	0	0	14	1	3	0	9	2	43,139	45,406	
Salfit	28,916	29,884	0	0	18	1	0	0	8	0	28,890	29,883	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	130,566	132,375	5	11	195	104	6	10	27	20	130,333	132,230	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	20,176	20,227	1	1	31	38	0	1	18	8	20,126	20,179	
Jerusalem (J2)	61,316	63,319	0	0	52	8	3	4	6	0	61,255	63,307	(J2)
Bethlehem	83,416	86,550	62	51	247	119	11	3	20	51	83,076	86,326	
Hebron	263,780	274,480	0	0	91	57	15	4	72	19	263,602	274,400	

2007/12/16-1

Includes population counted during the period 1-16/12/2007, does not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

2007 (12) :5

Table 5: Palestinian Population (12 Years and above) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Marital Status, 2007

			Marital St	tal Status and Sex												
Governorate	Tota	al	Not Stated		Separated		Widow	/ed	Divor	ced	Married		Legally Married		Never Married	
	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males
West Bank	733,729	751,095	3,581	4,267	1,799	623	42,619	4,268	7,418	2,020	386,895	377,947	9,842	10,231	281,575	351,739
Jenin	82,836	84,872	406	544	157	55	5,216	415	645	171	42,360	41,591	1,436	1,564	32,616	40,532
Tubas	15,739	15,935	36	55	47	8	947	68	155	23	8,105	7,968	202	234	6,247	7,579
Tulkarm	53,555	53,782	200	218	164	53	3,780	347	640	170	26,265	25,824	954	878	21,552	26,292
Nablus	106,070	107,721	421	464	183	62	7,141	644	1,130	298	54,792	53,958	1,520	1,581	40,883	50,714
Qalqiliya	28,209	29,891	158	193	87	21	1,619	139	368	71	14,866	14,525	396	402	10,715	14,540
Salfit	19,375	19,736	47	26	76	17	1,205	125	211	38	10,153	9,944	302	332	7,381	9,254
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	87,983	87,991	544	585	290	81	5,846	554	1,074	265	45,843	44,625	1,337	1,378	33,049	40,503
Jericho & Al Aghwar	12,864	12,671	94	130	47	15	757	63	183	75	6,642	6,420	137	128	5,004	5,840
Jerusalem	106,466	109,189	513	616	484	245	5,672	902	1,272	525	59,332	58,522	1,536	1,349	37,657	47,030
Bethlehem	55,115	57,211	264	280	87	34	3,057	385	543	154	29,694	29,133	348	418	21,122	26,807
Hebron	165,517	172,096	898	1,156	177	32	7,379	626	1,197	230	88,843	85,437	1,674	1,967	65,349	82,648

2007/12/16-1

Includes population counted during the period of 1-16/12/2007 and does not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

2007 :6

Table 6: Palestinian Population in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Refugee Status, 2007

			Refugee Stat	us and Sex						
Governorate	Tot	tal	Not Stated		Not Refugee		Non-Registered Refugee		Registered Refugee	
	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males
West Bank	1,122,206	1,157,763	26,951	28,400	786,436	814,115	21,930	20,407	286,889	294,841
Jenin	123,867	127,873	1,667	1,770	81,260	84,495	1,332	953	39,608	40,655
Tubas	23,675	24,468	354	429	19,518	20,303	118	59	3,685	3,677
Tulkarm	77,543	79,202	787	817	50,922	51,614	910	769	24,924	26,002
Nablus	156,027	159,746	697	624	114,350	116,987	1,092	841	39,888	41,294
Qalqiliya	43,139	45,406	458	457	22,243	23,749	1,485	1,416	18,953	19,784
Salfit	28,890	29,883	80	66	26,222	27,525	137	83	2,451	2,209
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	130,333	132,230	3,336	3,586	89,034	89,796	1,954	1,668	36,009	37,180
Jericho & Al Aghwar	20,126	20,179	597	635	9,418	8,965	799	754	9,312	9,825
Jerusalem	171,928	178,050	14,511	15,435	103,131	106,908	9,404	9,315	44,882	46,392
Bethlehem	83,076	86,326	1,709	1,791	57,533	60,239	865	726	22,969	23,570
Hebron	263,602	274,400	2,755	2,790	212,805	223,534	3,834	3,823	44,208	44,253

2007/12/16-1

Includes population counted during the period of 1-16/12/2007 and does not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

2007 (5) :7

Table 7: Palestinian Population (5 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Educational Attendance, 2007

			Educational A	ttendance and	l Sex				
Governorate	Tot	al	Not S	tated	Not Attendi	ng School	Attending School		
	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	
West Bank	945,731	972,921	2,432	2,472	534,212	560,034	409,087	410,415	
Jenin	105,747	108,753	213	218	59,703	62,300	45,831	46,235	
Tubas	20,026	20,503	8	9	11,044	11,598	8,974	8,896	
Tulkarm	67,184	68,247	63	26	38,199	38,742	28,922	29,479	
Nablus	134,353	137,357	149	120	77,716	80,778	56,488	56,459	
Qalqiliya	36,419	38,572	72	73	20,264	21,605	16,083	16,894	
Salfit	24,633	25,403	25	14	13,311	13,813	11,297	11,576	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	110,342	111,224	260	271	64,016	65,148	46,066	45,805	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	16,648	16,550	78	88	9,968	10,041	6,602	6,421	
Jerusalem	141,737	146,222	1,069	1,236	82,072	86,337	58,596	58,649	
Bethlehem	70,232	72,964	134	105	39,156	42,321	30,942	30,538	
Hebron	218,410	227,126	361	312	118,763	127,351	99,286	99,463	

2007/12/16-1

Includes population counted during the period of 1-16/12/2007 and does not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

2007 (10) :8

Table 8: Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Educational Attainment, 2007

	Total	Educational Attainment										
Governorate and Sex		Not Stated	Ph.D	Master	Higher Diploma	Bachelor	Associate Diploma	Secondary	Preparatory	Elementary	Can Read and Write	Illiterate
Both Sexes												
West Bank	1,603,423	2,893	2,655	9,620	1,996	105,714	66,661	258,035	456,754	393,289	213,482	92,324
Jenin	180,899	258	213	735	179	10,787	6,423	29,309	52,611	46,215	23,249	10,920
Tubas	34,169	2	28	146	26	2,276	1,268	5,261	9,426	8,316	4,850	2,570
Tulkarm	115,450	76	142	649	120	8,875	6,034	20,126	32,284	26,953	13,429	6,762
Nablus	229,771	177	458	1,546	253	16,619	11,415	34,945	65,030	57,376	30,416	11,536
Qalqiliya	62,857	140	49	276	54	3,980	2,190	10,487	16,909	16,391	8,613	3,768
Salfit	42,172	28	60	279	49	3,391	1,569	7,634	11,248	9,747	5,349	2,818
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	188,775	372	625	2,465	321	15,003	8,796	31,152	51,020	44,413	23,569	11,039
Jericho & Al Aghwar	27,646	101	20	103	26	1,305	874	3,306	7,869	7,544	4,400	2,098
Jerusalem	233,325	1,130	316	1,230	335	14,673	11,282	42,381	71,064	52,553	29,210	9,151
Bethlehem	120,845	183	273	862	291	8,234	4,561	21,058	33,973	28,657	15,895	6,858
Hebron	367,514	426	471	1,329	342	20,571	12,249	52,376	105,320	95,124	54,502	24,804

2007 (10) :() 8

Table 8 (Cont.): Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West bank by Governorate, Sex and Educational Attainment, 2007

		Educational Attainment											
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Ph.D	Master	Higher Diploma	Bachelor	Associate Diploma	Secondary	Preparatory	Elementary	Can Read and Write	Illiterate	
Males		-											
West Bank	812,028	1,350	2,360	7,157	1,348	56,453	33,451	132,364	239,832	207,308	107,729	22,676	
Jenin	91,613	126	200	630	141	6,194	3,932	15,416	28,650	23,166	11,027	2,131	
Tubas	17,214	1	27	122	20	1,253	786	2,666	5,044	4,368	2,382	545	
Tulkarm	57,989	20	134	530	75	4,921	3,164	10,140	16,619	14,206	6,922	1,258	
Nablus	115,937	85	420	1,133	173	8,687	5,740	17,726	33,985	29,885	15,545	2,558	
Qalqiliya	32,334	72	46	240	44	2,242	1,312	5,673	9,100	8,466	4,330	809	
Salfit	21,330	9	54	236	41	1,783	888	3,998	5,990	4,981	2,746	604	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	94,484	173	525	1,650	210	7,922	3,776	16,106	26,970	23,473	11,455	2,224	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	13,727	57	17	73	17	646	377	1,649	4,132	4,015	2,181	563	
Jerusalem	118,377	544	262	830	198	7,418	4,683	21,530	37,613	27,721	14,835	2,743	
Bethlehem	61,542	77	231	601	179	4,060	2,201	10,815	17,894	15,351	8,115	2,018	
Hebron	187,481	186	444	1,112	250	11,327	6,592	26,645	53,835	51,676	28,191	7,223	

2007 (10) :() 8

Table 8 (Cont.): Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West bank by Governorate, Sex and Educational Attainment, 2007

	Educational Attainment											
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Ph.D	Master	Higher Diploma	Bachelor	Associate Diploma	Secondary	Preparatory	Elementary	Can Read and Write	Illiterate
Females		-	•				-			-	-	
West Bank	791,395	1,543	295	2,463	648	49,261	33,210	125,671	216,922	185,981	105,753	69,648
Jenin	89,286	132	13	105	38	4,593	2,491	13,893	23,961	23,049	12,222	8,789
Tubas	16,955	1	1	24	6	1,023	482	2,595	4,382	3,948	2,468	2,025
Tulkarm	57,461	56	8	119	45	3,954	2,870	9,986	15,665	12,747	6,507	5,504
Nablus	113,834	92	38	413	80	7,932	5,675	17,219	31,045	27,491	14,871	8,978
Qalqiliya	30,523	68	3	36	10	1,738	878	4,814	7,809	7,925	4,283	2,959
Salfit	20,842	19	6	43	8	1,608	681	3,636	5,258	4,766	2,603	2,214
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	94,291	199	100	815	111	7,081	5,020	15,046	24,050	20,940	12,114	8,815
Jericho & Al Aghwar	13,919	44	3	30	9	659	497	1,657	3,737	3,529	2,219	1,535
Jerusalem	114,948	586	54	400	137	7,255	6,599	20,851	33,451	24,832	14,375	6,408
Bethlehem	59,303	106	42	261	112	4,174	2,360	10,243	16,079	13,306	7,780	4,840
Hebron	180,033	240	27	217	92	9,244	5,657	25,731	51,485	43,448	26,311	17,581

2007/12/16-1

^{*} Includes population counted during the period of 1-16/12/2007 and does not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

Table 9: Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank who's Completed Associate Diploma and Above by Governorate, Sex and Specialization, 2007

	Specializa	ation													
Governorate and Sex	Computing	Mathematics and Statistics	Natural Sciences	Life Sciences Programs	Law and Jurisprudence	Business and Adminstration	Journalism and Information	Social and Behavioral Science	Humanities	Arts	Education Science and Teacher Rehabilitation	() Personal Development	Literacy	Basic Programs	
Both Sexes		•		-				•							
West Bank	8,167	3,976	4,281	1,730	3,568	33,437	1,923	16,650	23,665	2,126	25,233	22	5	19	
Jenin	944	510	447	148	489	3,258	172	1,889	2,679	243	3,421	2	0	3	
Tubas	194	124	94	38	96	571	38	405	598	53	612	1	0	0	
Tulkarm	822	423	345	141	261	3,093	118	1,441	1,981	235	2,774	2	1	0	
Nablus	1,543	492	601	238	655	7,706	307	2,886	3,590	330	4,232	4	0	4	
Qalqiliya	291	180	171	47	141	1,144	60	751	1,098	54	1,157	0	0	4	
Salfit	215	149	132	47	91	916	69	756	985	63	990	0	0	0	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	1,254	478	639	321	676	6,611	583	3,196	3,376	369	3,094	6	1	4	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	84	37	42	25	68	550	22	246	257	28	365	0	0	1	
Jerusalem (J2)	343	140	191	110	231	1,572	111	719	1,079	70	1,084	1	2	1	(J2)
Bethlehem	527	330	431	190	273	2,672	148	1,477	1,897	124	2,255	2	1	1	
Hebron	1,950	1,113	1,188	425	587	5,344	295	2,884	6,125	557	5,249	4	0	1	

2007 :() 9

Table 9 (Cont.): Palestinian Population in the West Bank who's Completed Associate Diploma and Above by Governorate, Sex and Specialization, 2007

		Specializa	ation											
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Security Services	Environmental Protection	Transport Services	Personal Services	Social Services	Health	Veterinary	Agricultural , Forestry and Fishery	Architectural and Building	Manufacturing and Processing	Engineering and Engineering Occupation	
Both Sexes														
West Bank	166,374	2,237	272	97	392	1,375	152	16,680	226	1,701	7,193	501	10,746	
Jenin	18,337	304	28	6	69	153	12	1,708	28	196	644	50	934	
Tubas	3,744	28	8	5	11	54	10	367	7	68	165	9	188	
Tulkarm	15,820	145	17	8	55	86	14	1,638	35	252	739	27	1,167	
Nablus	30,291	222	32	17	80	161	16	2,965	41	322	1,584	81	2,182	
Qalqiliya	6,549	84	7	5	15	39	2	687	13	63	175	21	340	
Salfit	5,348	39	7	1	9	43	4	411	9	51	160	12	189	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	27,210	456	100	17	56	273	16	2,363	22	149	1,276	106	1,768	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	2,328	35	17	1	8	23	7	281	7	27	80	3	114	
Jerusalem (J2)	7,564	142	8	7	17	64	5	817	2	32	297	35	484	(J2)
Bethlehem	14,221	192	18	7	18	270	6	1,760	15	89	629	36	853	
Hebron	34,962	590	30	23	54	209	60	3,683	47	452	1,444	121	2,527	

2007 :() 9

Table 9 (Cont.): Palestinian Population in the West Bank who's Completed Associate Diploma and Above by Governorate, Sex and Specialization, 2007

	Specializa	ation													
Governorate and Sex	Computing	Mathematics and Statistics	Natural Sciences	Life Sciences Programs	Law and Jurisprudence	Business and Adminstration	Journalism and Information	Social and Behavioral Science	Humanities	Arts	Education Science and Teacher Rehabilitation	() Personal Development	Literacy	Basic Programs	
Males															
West Bank	4,807	1,701	2,118	575	2,802	20,275	1,213	8,796	10,404	837	8,743	7	3	5	
Jenin	666	204	215	53	423	2,481	115	1,077	1,287	85	1,422	1	0	0	
Tubas	126	65	59	25	76	416	22	200	270	25	229	0	0	0	
Tulkarm	494	178	192	55	214	2,016	69	778	846	98	981	0	0	0	
Nablus	884	203	311	78	455	4,362	162	1,437	1,499	153	1,388	2	0	1	
Qalqiliya	195	67	83	22	114	842	41	462	512	20	465	0	0	1	
Salfit	134	62	58	18	75	678	40	435	451	27	382	0	0	0	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	717	224	330	96	493	3,402	336	1,644	1,435	112	924	1	1	0	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	51	15	18	8	52	305	15	106	79	7	98	0	0	1	
Jerusalem (J2)	203	75	111	35	176	827	76	329	416	27	288	0	2	1	(J2)
Bethlehem	331	139	199	58	222	1,529	106	710	732	61	637	1	0	1	
Hebron	1,006	469	542	127	502	3,417	231	1,618	2,877	222	1,929	2	0	0	

2007 :() 9

Table 9 (Cont.): Palestinian Population in the West Bank who's Completed Associate Diploma and Above by Governorate, Sex and Specialization, 2007

		Specializa	ation											
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Security Services	Environmental Protection	Transport Services	Personal Services	Social Services	Health	Veterinary	Agricultural , Forestry and Fishery	Architectural and Building	Manufacturing and Processing	Engineering and Engineering Occupation	
Males														
West Bank	91,209	1,227	270	55	356	548	51	8,917	203	1,460	5,950	313	9,573	
Jenin	11,097	183	28	5	64	66	5	1,040	28	181	567	36	865	
Tubas	2,208	22	8	2	11	33	5	223	6	62	143	8	172	
Tulkarm	8,824	80	17	3	52	25	2	825	32	206	609	19	1,033	
Nablus	16,153	112	32	11	75	63	4	1,405	39	273	1,251	44	1,909	
Qalqiliya	3,884	54	7	4	14	15	1	419	11	56	151	13	315	
Salfit	3,002	17	7	1	8	18	2	215	7	45	137	12	173	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	14,083	240	99	2	48	80	2	1,130	17	115	988	68	1,579	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	1,130	21	17	0	7	9	1	116	7	24	71	2	100	
Jerusalem (J2)	3,831	67	7	4	14	30	2	392	2	26	266	18	437	(J2)
Bethlehem	7,272	99	18	6	14	131	1	854	10	73	535	19	786	
Hebron	19,725	332	30	17	49	78	26	2,298	44	399	1,232	74	2,204	

2007 :() 9

Table 9 (Cont.): Palestinian Population in the West Bank who's Completed Associate Diploma and Above by Governorate, Sex and Specialization, 2007

	Specializa	ation													
Governorate and Sex	Computing	Mathematics and Statistics	Natural Sciences	Life Sciences Programs	Law and Jurisprudence	Business and Adminstration	Journalism and Information	Social and Behavioral Science	Humanities	Arts	Education Science and Teacher Rehabilitation	() Personal Development	Literacy	Basic Programs	
Females															
West Bank	3,360	2,275	2,163	1,155	766	13,162	710	7,854	13,261	1,289	16,490	15	2	14	
Jenin	278	306	232	95	66	777	57	812	1,392	158	1,999	1	0	3	
Tubas	68	59	35	13	20	155	16	205	328	28	383	1	0	0	
Tulkarm	328	245	153	86	47	1,077	49	663	1,135	137	1,793	2	1	0	
Nablus	659	289	290	160	200	3,344	145	1,449	2,091	177	2,844	2	0	3	
Qalqiliya	96	113	88	25	27	302	19	289	586	34	692	0	0	3	
Salfit	81	87	74	29	16	238	29	321	534	36	608	0	0	0	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	537	254	309	225	183	3,209	247	1,552	1,941	257	2,170	5	0	4	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	33	22	24	17	16	245	7	140	178	21	267	0	0	0	
Jerusalem (J2)	140	65	80	75	55	745	35	390	663	43	796	1	0	0	(J2)
Bethlehem	196	191	232	132	51	1,143	42	767	1,165	63	1,618	1	1	0	
Hebron	944	644	646	298	85	1,927	64	1,266	3,248	335	3,320	2	0	1	

2007 :() 9

Table 9 (Cont.): Palestinian Population in the West Bank who's Completed Associate Diploma and Above by Governorate, Sex and Specialization, 2007

		Specializa	ation (Pro	gram)										
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Security Services	Environmental Protection	Transport Services	Personal Services	Social Services	Health	Veterinary	Agricultural , Forestry and Fishery	Architectural and Building	Manufacturing and Processing	Engineering and Engineering Occupation	
Females														
West Bank	75,165	1,010	2	42	36	827	101	7,763	23	241	1,243	188	1,173	
Jenin	7,240	121	0	1	5	87	7	668		15	77	14	69	
Tubas	1,536	6	0	3	0	21	5	144	1	6	22	1	16	
Tulkarm	6,996	65	0	5	3	61	12	813	3	46	130	8	134	
Nablus	14,138	110	0	6	5	98	12	1,560	2	49	333	37	273	
Qalqiliya	2,665	30	0	1	1	24	1	268	2	7	24	8	25	
Salfit	2,346	22	0	0	1	25	2	196	2	6	23	0	16	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	13,127	216	1	15	8	193	14	1,233	5	34	288	38	189	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	1,198	14	0	1	1	14	6	165	0	3	9	1	14	
Jerusalem (J2)	3,733	75	1	3	3	34	3	425	0	6	31	17	47	(J2)
Bethlehem	6,949	93	0	1	4	139	5	906	5	16	94	17	67	
Hebron	15,237	258	0	6	5	131	34	1,385	3	53	212	47	323	

2007 (10) :10

Table 10: Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Activity Status, 2007

		Activity	Status									
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Others	/ Another Source of income/ Retire	/ // Disability/ aging/ illness	Housekeeping	/ Studying/ Training	Not Economically Active	Unemployed Never Worked	Unemployed Ever Worked	Employed	Economically Active
Both Sexes												
West Bank	1,603,423	5,275	25,937	11,172	95,129	379,052	550,504	1,061,794	40,179	36,285	459,890	536,354
Jenin	180,899	640	2,374	1,315	11,181	43,155	63,461	121,486	5,537	4,348	48,888	58,773
Tubas	34,169	24	556	313	1,997	6,977	12,253	22,096	557	718	10,774	12,049
Tulkarm	115,450	213	1,604	1,056	7,350	26,048	41,097	77,155	3,038	2,865	32,179	38,082
Nablus	229,771	387	3,332	1,848	12,511	55,087	77,230	150,008	5,190	5,178	69,008	79,376
Qalqiliya	62,857	277	697	350	3,476	14,858	22,163	41,544	1,492	1,472	18,072	21,036
Salfit	42,172	48	418	288	2,821	8,491	15,684	27,702	1,094	1,146	12,182	14,422
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	188,775	778	3,130	2,104	11,544	41,050	62,915	120,743	3,289	4,227	59,738	67,254
Jericho & Al Aghwar	27,646	235	367	212	1,540	6,449	8,296	16,864	396	522	9,629	10,547
Jerusalem	233,325	1,275	6,509	671	16,028	61,489	69,683	154,380	6,065	3,459	68,146	77,670
Bethlehem	120,845	341	1,606	767	7,460	27,209	42,293	79,335	2,688	4,324	34,157	41,169
Hebron	367,514	1,057	5,344	2,248	19,221	88,239	135,429	250,481	10,833	8,026	97,117	115,976

2007 (10) :() 10

Table 10 (Cont.): Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Activity Status, 2007

		Activity	Status									
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Others	Another Source of income/ Retire	/ // Disability/ aging/ illness	Housekeeping	/ Studying/ Training	Not Economically Active	Unemployed Never Worked	Unemployed Ever Worked	Employed	Economically Active
Males												
West Bank	812,028	3,239	18,317	8,398	52,212	1,155	272,259	352,341	31,400	32,726	392,322	456,448
Jenin	91,613	382	1,683	976	5,469	142	31,608	39,878	4,505	4,032	42,816	51,353
Tubas	17,214	11	262	236	904	10	5,890	7,302	333	580	8,988	9,901
Tulkarm	57,989	138	1,085	750	3,450	54	20,567	25,906	2,187	2,569	27,189	31,945
Nablus	115,937	239	2,487	1,320	6,369	117	37,996	48,289	3,555	4,521	59,333	67,409
Qalqiliya	32,334	184	517	283	1,746	35	11,366	13,947	1,259	1,375	15,569	18,203
Salfit	21,330	28	250	215	1,308	17	7,733	9,523	725	982	10,072	11,779
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	94,484	516	1,680	1,580	5,385	114	30,853	39,612	2,331	3,618	48,407	54,356
Jericho Al Aghwar	13,727	126	230	165	730	26	4,024	5,175	302	428	7,696	8,426
Jerusalem	118,377	704	5,365	529	11,825	182	33,975	51,876	5,274	3,148	57,375	65,797
Bethlehem	61,542	228	1,170	565	4,037	86	20,908	26,766	2,161	4,008	28,379	34,548
Hebron	187,481	683	3,588	1,779	10,989	372	67,339	84,067	8,768	7,465	86,498	102,731

2007 (10) :() 10

Table 10 (Cont.): Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Activity Status, 2007

		Activity	Status									
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Others	Another Source of income/ Retire	/ // Disability/ aging/ illness	Housekeeping	/ Studying/ Training	Not Economically Active	Unemployed Never Worked	Unemployed Ever Worked	Employed	Economically Active
Females												
West Bank	791,395	2,036	7,620	2,774	42,917	377,897	278,245	709,453	8,779	3,559	67,568	79,906
Jenin	89,286	258	691	339	5,712	43,013	31,853	81,608	1,032	316	6,072	7,420
Tubas	16,955	13	294	77	1,093	6,967	6,363	14,794	224	138	1,786	2,148
Tulkarm	57,461	75	519	306	3,900	25,994	20,530	51,249	851	296	4,990	6,137
Nablus	113,834	148	845	528	6,142	54,970	39,234	101,719	1,635	657	9,675	11,967
Qalqiliya	30,523	93	180	67	1,730	14,823	10,797	27,597	233	97	2,503	2,833
Salfit	20,842	20	168	73	1,513	8,474	7,951	18,179	369	164	2,110	2,643
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	94,291	262	1,450	524	6,159	40,936	32,062	81,131	958	609	11,331	12,898
Jericho & Al Aghwar	13,919	109	137	47	810	6,423	4,272	11,689	94	94	1,933	2,121
Jerusalem	114,948	571	1,144	142	4,203	61,307	35,708	102,504	791	311	10,771	11,873
Bethlehem	59,303	113	436	202	3,423	27,123	21,385	52,569	527	316	5,778	6,621
Hebron	180,033	374	1,756	469	8,232	87,867	68,090	166,414	2,065	561	10,619	13,245

2007 (10) :11

Table 11: Employed and Unemployed Ever Worked Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Main Occupation, 2007

		Main Occ	upation									
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Elementary Occupations	Plant, Machine Operators and Assemblers	Crafts and Related Workers	Skilled Agricultural and Fishery Workers	Services and Sales Workers	Clerks	Technicians and Associate Professionals	Professionals	Legislators and Managers	
Both Sexes		I		l								
West Bank	496,175	12,743	97,214	40,611	113,700	17,856	88,796	14,879	33,133	62,540	14,703	
Jenin	53,236	1,204	11,832	3,030	10,330	3,897	11,413	1,309	2,766	6,321	1,134	
Tubas	11,492	196	2,875	653	1,231	2,016	2,086	236	521	1,388	290	
Tulkarm	35,044	977	6,241	2,301	7,921	2,217	6,512	757	2,427	4,709	982	
Nablus	74,186	1,560	12,918	5,634	18,687	1,862	14,405	2,318	5,297	9,288	2,217	
Qalqiliya	19,544	675	3,509	1,442	5,046	1,390	3,460	400	1,053	2,076	493	
Salfit	13,328	410	2,142	1,374	3,331	453	2,205	349	962	1,706	396	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	63,965	1,855	10,245	4,639	13,677	1,044	11,122	3,041	5,648	9,333	3,361	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	10,151	357	2,968	696	1,072	1,494	1,623	427	544	708	262	
Jerusalem	71,605	1,115	14,292	8,121	15,387	262	12,012	2,885	5,404	9,694	2,433	
Bethlehem	38,481	1,357	7,929	3,069	10,251	409	5,404	1,213	2,608	5,066	1,175	
Hebron	105,143	3,037	22,263	9,652	26,767	2,812	18,554	1,944	5,903	12,251	1,960	

2007 (10) :() 11

Table 11 (Cont.): Employed and Unemployed Ever Worked Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and

Main Occupation, 2007

		Main Occ	upation									
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Elementary Occupations	Plant, Machine Operators and Assemblers	Crafts and Related Workers	Skilled Agricultural and Fishery Workers	Services and Sales Workers	Clerks	Technicians and Associate Professionals	Professionals	Legislators and Managers	
Males												
West Bank	425,048	10,783	92,525	40,069	107,130	15,524	81,532	8,900	20,315	36,212	12,058	
Jenin	46,848	1,047	11,409	3,022	9,501	3,459	10,797	966	1,825	3,857	965	
Tubas	9,568	155	2,622	652	1,110	1,575	1,900	166	335	807	246	
Tulkarm	29,758	845	5,816	2,286	7,086	2,079	5,971	472	1,526	2,863	814	
Nablus	63,854	1,248	12,528	5,592	17,640	1,573	13,357	1,274	3,348	5,455	1,839	
Qalqiliya	16,944	621	3,355	1,430	4,482	1,181	3,265	276	689	1,220	425	
Salfit	11,054	321	2,020	1,361	2,935	310	1,946	227	634	979	321	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	52,025	1,484	9,650	4,514	12,838	934	9,978	1,546	3,271	5,229	2,581	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	8,124	289	2,444	686	1,002	1,151	1,434	255	318	345	200	
Jerusalem	60,523	985	13,342	7,934	15,009	218	10,683	1,811	3,056	5,429	2,056	
Bethlehem	32,387	1,143	7,563	3,057	9,690	349	4,675	666	1,568	2,691	985	
Hebron	93,963	2,645	21,776	9,535	25,837	2,695	17,526	1,241	3,745	7,337	1,626	

2007 (10) :() 11

Table 11 (Cont.): Employed and Unemployed Ever Worked Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and

Main Occupation, 2007

		Main Occ	upation									
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Elementary Occupations	Plant, Machine Operators and Assemblers	Crafts and Related Workers	Skilled Agricultural and Fishery Workers	Services and Sales Workers	Clerks	Technicians and Associate Professionals	Professionals	Legislators and Managers	
Females												
West Bank	71,127	1,960	4,689	542	6,570	2,332	7,264	5,979	12,818	26,328	2,645	
Jenin	6,388	157	423	8	829	438	616	343	941	2,464	169	
Tubas	1,924	41	253	1	121	441	186	70	186	581	44	
Tulkarm	5,286	132	425	15	835	138	541	285	901	1,846	168	
Nablus	10,332	312	390	42	1,047	289	1,048	1,044	1,949	3,833	378	
Qalqiliya	2,600	54	154	12	564	209	195	124	364	856	68	
Salfit	2,274	89	122	13	396	143	259	122	328	727	75	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	11,940	371	595	125	839	110	1,144	1,495	2,377	4,104	780	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	2,027	68	524	10	70	343	189	172	226	363	62	
Jerusalem	11,082	130	950	187	378	44	1,329	1,074	2,348	4,265	377	
Bethlehem	6,094	214	366	12	561	60	729	547	1,040	2,375	190	
Hebron	11,180	392	487	117	930	117	1,028	703	2,158	4,914	334	

2007/12/16-1

2007 (10) :12

Table 12: Employed and Unemployed Ever Worked Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Economic Activity, 2007

		Economic A	ctivity																	
Governorate and Sex	المجموع Total	Not Stated	Extraterritorial Organizations and Bodies	Private Households with Employed Persons	Other Community Social and Personal service Activities	Health and Social Work	Education	Public Administration and Defense	Real-estate, Renting and Business Activities	Financial Intermediation	Transport, Storage and Communication	Hotels and Restaurants	Whole sale and Retail Trade	Construction	Electricity, Gaz and Water Supply	Manufacturing	Mining and Quarrying	Fishing .	Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry	
Both Sexes																				
West Bank	496,175	13,762	4,848	449	14,770	17,462	52,612	45,074	11,314	5,372	27,151	12,380	84,106	105,459	1,609	67,004	2,158	8	30,637	
Jenin	53,236	1,293	235	18	1,204	1,177	5,611	6,649	980	398	2,575	1,030	9,023	11,378	76	5,027	118	0	6,444	
Tubas	11,492	213	87	1	231	255	1,228	1,378	153	72	537	257	1,344	1,247	17	739	11	0	3,722	
Tulkarm	35,044	1,043	265	38	923	1,014	3,843	4,092	671	309	1,755	554	6,049	6,270	68	4,053	57	3	4,037	
Nablus	74,186	1,681	550	35	2,002	2,245	7,241	7,762	1,978	1,066	4,714	1,340	13,948	13,733	78	12,141	355	2	3,315	
Qalqiliya	19,544	727	75	19	521	461	1,822	2,187	270	138	898	257	2,990	4,158	26	3,000	17	0	1,978	
Salfit	13,328	431	38	8	366	332	1,584	1,882	210	103	538	152	1,309	2,952	15	2,714	53	0	641	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	63,965	2,073	587	99	2,697	2,005	6,925	7,276	2,376	1,683	3,534	1,434	10,379	13,571	337	7,267	131	0	1,591]
Jericho & Al Aghwar	10,151	397	99	22	369	235	625	1,486	121	112	506	298	871	623	34	866	13	0	3,474	<u> </u>
Jerusalem	71,605	1,195	2,147	121	2,863	5,157	8,666	2,959	1,986	602	5,231	4,902	14,065	11,935	605	8,782	53	1	335	İ
Bethlehem	38,481	1,484	358	56	1,237	1,736	3,961	2,749	976	316	1,835	728	4,772	11,025	166	6,336	195	1	550	1
Hebron	105,143	3,225	407	32	2,357	2,845	11,106	6,654	1,593	573	5,028	1,428	19,356	28,567	187	16,079	1,155	1	4,550]

2007 (10) :() 12

Table 12 (Cont.): Employed and Unemployed Ever Worked Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Economic Activity, 2007

		Economic A	ctivity																
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Extraterritorial Organizations and Bodies	Private Households with Employed Persons	Other Community Social and Personal service Activities	Health and Social Work	Education	Public Administration and Defense	Real-estate, Renting and Business Activities	Financial Intermediation	Transport, Storage and Communication	Hotels and Restaurants	Whole sale and Retail Trade	Construction	Electricity, Gaz and Water Supply	Manufacturing	Mining and Quarrying	Fishing	Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry
Males																			
West Bank	425,048	11,563	2,939	139	10,323	10,047	24,061	39,381	9,282	3,946	26,361	12,023	79,612	105,130	1,562	59,218	2,153	8	27,300
Jenin	46,848	1,123	179	11	878	712	2,801	6,306	840	332	2,543	1,015	8,547	11,366	75	4,169	117	0	5,834
Tubas	9,568	173	61	0	141	145	582	1,287	132	59	534	253	1,208	1,246	17	598	11	0	3,121
Tulkarm	29,758	901	191	14	663	550	1,831	3,684	557	246	1,719	544	5,617	6,249	68	3,148	56	3	3,717
Nablus	63,854	1,352	382	11	1,358	1,177	3,387	6,755	1,560	806	4,520	1,311	13,198	13,669	72	10,924	355	2	3,015
Qalqiliya	16,944	665	57	6	418	269	869	2,008	221	109	893	252	2,861	4,152	26	2,403	17	0	1,718
Salfit	11,054	338	26	2	250	173	716	1,675	182	96	527	146	1,147	2,949	12	2,285	53	0	477
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	52,025	1,644	355	15	1,714	958	2,832	5,607	1,825	1,174	3,303	1,385	9,697	13,513	314	6,108	131	0	1,450
Jericho & Al Aghwar	8,124	316	68	0	257	111	222	1,209	93	85	498	275	802	619	33	768	13	0	2,755
Jerusalem	60,523	1,047	1,066	57	2,184	3,371	3,968	2,415	1,795	344	5,078	4,771	13,451	11,842	603	8,152	53	1	325
Bethlehem	32,387	1,216	259	6	783	811	1,591	2,376	749	238	1,773	657	4,345	11,007	163	5,732	193	1	487
Hebron	93,963	2,788	295	17	1,677	1,770	5,262	6,059	1,328	457	4,973	1,414	18,739	28,518	179	14,931	1,154	1	4,401

2007 (10) :() 12

Table 12 (Cont.): Employed and Unemployed Ever Worked Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Economic Activity, 2007

	L	Economic A	ctivity																	
Governorate and Sex	Total	Not Stated	Extraterritorial Organizations and Bodies	Private Households with Employed Persons	Other Community Social and Personal service Activities	Health and Social Work	Education	Public Administration and Defense	Real-estate, Renting and Business Activities	Financial Intermediation		Hotels and Restaurants	Whole sale and Retail Trade	Construction	Electricity, Gaz and Water Supply	Manufacturing	Mining and Quarrying	Fishing	Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry	
Females																				
West Bank	71,127	2,199	1,909	310	4,447	7,415	28,551	5,693	2,032	1,426	790	357	4,494	329	47	7,786	5	0	3,337	
Jenin	6,388	170	56	7	326	465	2,810	343	140	66	32	15	476	12	1	858	1	0	610	
Tubas	1,924	40	26	1	90	110	646	91	21	13	3	4	136	1	0	141	0	0	601	
Tulkarm	5,286	142	74	24	260	464	2,012	408	114	63	36	10	432	21	0	905	1	0	320	
Nablus	10,332	329	168	24	644	1,068	3,854	1,007	418	260	194	29	750	64	6	1,217	0	0	300	
Qalqiliya	2,600	62	18	13	103	192	953	179	49	29	5	5	129	6	0	597	0	0	260	
Salfit	2,274	93	12	6	116	159	868	207	28	7	11	6	162	3	3	429	0	0	164	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	11,940	429	232	84	983	1,047	4,093	1,669	551	509	231	49	682	58	23	1,159	0	0	141	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	2,027	81	31	22	112	124	403	277	28	27	8	23	69	4	1	98	0	0	719	
Jerusalem	11,082	148	1,081	64	679	1,786	4,698	544	191	258	153	131	614	93	2	630	0	0	10	
Bethlehem	6,094	268	99	50	454	925	2,370	373	227	78	62	71	427	18	3	604	2	0	63	
Hebron	11,180	437	112	15	680	1,075	5,844	595	265	116	55	14	617	49	8	1,148	1	0	149	

Includes population counted during the period of 1-16/12/2007 and does not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey.

2007 / :13

Table 13: Disabilities/Difficulties of Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Type of Disability/Difficulty, 2007

		Type of Disability/D	ifficulty			1	
Governorate and Sex	Total	Communication	Cognition	Moving	Hearing	Seeing	
Both Sexes							
Remaining West Bank	107,785	14,959	14,781	42,181	28,658	60,041	
Jenin	14,893	2,189	2,031	6,082	3,792	8,821	
Tubas	2,344	313	336	1,053	656	1,167	
Tulkarm	10,560	1,303	1,184	4,817	2,674	6,102	
Nablus	17,596	2,211	2,217	7,260	4,631	9,627	
Qalqiliya	5,918	705	735	2,301	1,475	3,480	
Salfit	3,921	574	585	1,753	1,138	2,177	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	11,955	1,661	1,772	4,398	3,449	6,598	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	1,876	228	248	678	471	1,011	
Jerusalem (J2)	5,570	776	835	1,900	1,429	3,449	(J2)
Bethlehem	8,823	1,237	1,197	3,467	2,584	4,696	
Hebron	24,329	3,762	3,641	8,472	6,359	12,913	

2007 / / :() 13

Table 13 (Cont.): Disabilities/Difficulties of Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Type of Disability/Difficulty, 2007

		Type of Disability/D	ifficulty			1	
Governorate and Sex	Total	Communication	Cognition	Moving	Hearing	Seeing	
Males							
Remaining West Bank	55,557	8,173	7,899	20,045	14,348	29,562	
Jenin	7,411	1,124	1,044	2,755	1,760	4,252	
Tubas	1,210	168	168	495	345	603	
Tulkarm	5,166	669	607	2,160	1,216	2,825	
Nablus	9,083	1,190	1,173	3,487	2,282	4,805	
Qalqiliya	3,044	385	390	1,074	723	1,723	
Salfit	2,013	307	311	794	586	1,087	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	5,788	885	911	1,967	1,628	3,022	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	951	133	150	323	235	480	
Jerusalem (J2)	2,893	431	453	956	724	1,685	(J2)
Bethlehem	4,619	700	636	1,636	1,382	2,326	
Hebron	13,379	2,181	2,056	4,398	3,467	6,754	

2007 / / :() 13

Table 13 (Cont.): Disabilities/Difficulties of Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Type of Disability/Difficulty, 2007

		Type of Disability/D	Difficulty			1	
Governorate and Sex	Total	Communication	Cognition	Moving	Hearing	Seeing	
Females							
Remaining West Bank	52,228	6,786	6,882	22,136	14,310	30,479	
Jenin	7,482	1,065	987	3,327	2,032	4,569	
Tubas	1,134	145	168	558	311	564	
Tulkarm	5,394	634	577	2,657	1,458	3,277	
Nablus	8,513	1,021	1,044	3,773	2,349	4,822	
Qalqiliya	2,874	320	345	1,227	752	1,757	
Salfit	1,908	267	274	959	552	1,090	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	6,167	776	861	2,431	1,821	3,576	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	925	95	98	355	236	531	
Jerusalem (J2)	2,677	345	382	944	705	1,764	(J2)
Bethlehem	4,204	537	561	1,831	1,202	2,370	
Hebron	10,950	1,581	1,585	4,074	2,892	6,159	

2007/12/16-1

2007

Table 14: Foreign-Born Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank by Place of Birth, Sex and Age Group, 2007

			Age Grou	р												
		Total		+90	89 - 80	79 - 70	69 - 60	59 - 50	49 - 40	39 - 30	29 - 20	19 - 10	9 - 1			
Country of Birth	Sex		Not Stated											Less Than One Year		
1948 Areas*	Both Sexes	17,502	86	331	1,938	5,630	9,517	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	1948
	Males	7,634	32	137	802	2,399	4,264	-	=	-	-	-	-	-		
	Females	9,868	54	194	1,136	3,231	5,253	-	=	-	-	-	-	-		
Israel	Both Sexes	5,764	-	-	-	-	=	2,133	1,034	899	611	377	667	43		
	Males	2,069	-	-	-	-	-	970	349	138	104	165	321	22		
	Females	3,695	-	-	-	-	=	1,163	685	761	507	212	346	21		
Jordan	Both Sexes	44,215	58	20	44	130	251	1,402	4,106	8,811	14,726	12,640	1,933	94		
	Males	18,230	38	9	11	38	53	545	1,233	2,842	6,000	6,411	1,005	45		
	Females	25,985	20	11	33	92	198	857	2,873	5,969	8,726	6,229	928	49		
Syria	Both Sexes	2,089	3	5	21	15	23	199	269	555	793	196	10	0		
	Males	961	3	4	3	0	1	53	109	268	409	105	6	0		
	Females	1,128	0	1	18	15	22	146	160	287	384	91	4	0		
Lebanon	Both Sexes	1,473	2	1	11	20	43	210	327	267	520	67	5	0		
	Males	573	1	0	1	1	3	39	70	134	290	31	3	0		
	Females	900	1	1	10	19	40	171	257	133	230	36	2	0		
Egypt	Both Sexes	850	2	0	19	42	77	145	163	176	126	74	25	1		
	Males	289	1	0	0	8	9	32	48	90	58	32	11	0		
	Females	561	1	0	19	34	68	113	115	86	68	42	14	1		
Tunisia	Both Sexes	212	0	0	0	1	0	3	11	5	74	114	4	0		
	Males	99	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	39	53	3	0		
	Females	113	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	3	35	61	1	0		

2007 :() 14

Table 14(Cont.): Foreign-Born Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank by Place of Birth, Sex and Age Group, 2007

			Age Grou	p											
		Total		+90	89 - 80	79 - 70	69 - 60	59 - 50	49 - 40	39 - 30	29 - 20	19 - 10	9 - 1		
Country of Birth	Sex		Not Stated											Less Than One Year	
Yemen	Both Sexes	340	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	111	198	13	0	
	Males	170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	58	102	4	0	
	Females	170	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	53	96	9	0	
Gulf Countries	Both Sexes	39,073	56	1	5	13	36	196	2,261	7,189	16,905	11,420	960	31	
	Males	18,550	33	1	1	7	17	82	772	2,984	8,321	5,828	487	17	
	Females	20,523	23	0	4	6	19	114	1,489	4,205	8,584	5,592	473	14	
Other Arab	Both Sexes	1,778	2	0	2	0	1	23	57	378	804	493	17	1	
Countries	Males	820	1	0	2	0	1	4	9	140	404	248	11	0	
	Females	958	1	0	0	0	0	19	48	238	400	245	6	1	
United States of America	Both Sexes	6,842	22	0	8	24	20	39	163	525	963	2,997	1,989	92	
America	Males	3,215	11	0	4	7	6	10	69	181	378	1,491	1,009	49	
	Females	3,627	11	0	4	17	14	29	94	344	585	1,506	980	43	
Others	Both Sexes	5,046	11	2	27	53	87	150	532	1,058	1,041	1,326	723	36	
	Males	2,009	3	0	8	17	10	25	126	335	426	662	377	20	
	Females	3,037	8	2	19	36	77	125	406	723	615	664	346	16	
Not Stated	Both Sexes	397	52	3	3	5	13	19	53	66	74	59	50	0	
	Males	238	32	1	2	1	8	8	38	45	44	34	25	0	
	Females	159	20	2	1	4	5	11	15	21	30	25	25	0	
Total	Both Sexes	125,581	294	363	2,078	5,933	10,068	4,519	8,978	19,945	36,748	29,961	6,396	298	
	Males	54,857	155	152	834	2,479	4,372	1,768	2,824	7,165	16,531	15,162	3,262	153	
	Females	70,724	139	211	1,244	3,454	5,696	2,751	6,154	12,780	20,217	14,799	3,134	145	

Includes population counted during the period of 1-16/12/2007 and does not include uncounted population estimates according to post enumeration survey

:1948 *

.1948

^{* 1948} Areas: Includes those parts of historic Palestine which is known now as Israel, as defined after the 1948 war.

2007 :15

Table 15: Private Households in the West Bank by Governorate and Household Size, 2007

		Househole	d Size									
Governorate	Total	+11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
West Bank	414,493	14,621	12,886	22,940	37,294	52,080	61,290	59,367	52,123	41,627	43,035	17,230
Jenin	46,541	1,187	1,306	2,596	4,366	6,039	7,077	6,516	5,712	4,687	4,919	2,136
Tubas	8,628	286	312	557	816	1,099	1,239	1,218	1,017	872	896	316
Tulkarm	29,708	598	719	1,445	2,702	3,959	4,570	4,231	3,568	2,990	3,294	1,632
Nablus	58,750	1,439	1,525	2,737	5,017	7,630	9,659	8,971	7,468	5,928	6,079	2,297
Qalqiliya	16,000	480	496	961	1,596	2,153	2,281	2,243	1,930	1,597	1,611	652
Salfit	10,958	281	299	672	1,002	1,379	1,554	1,534	1,336	1,142	1,252	507
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	49,637	1,452	1,371	2,465	4,077	5,816	7,107	7,330	6,579	5,388	5,522	2,530
Jericho & Al Aghwar	7,262	310	234	418	632	914	1,036	1,000	881	732	766	339
Jerusalem	67,893	1,690	1,381	2,648	4,824	7,992	10,303	10,730	10,067	7,575	7,705	2,978
Bethlehem	31,471	961	869	1,544	2,722	3,721	4,697	4,880	4,214	3,181	3,286	1,396
Hebron	87,645	5,937	4,374	6,897	9,540	11,378	11,767	10,714	9,351	7,535	7,705	2,447

Table 16: Private Palestinian Households in the West Bank by Governorate and type of Household, 2007

			Household T	уре								
Governorate	Tota	al	Not Sta	ated	Composite I	Household	Extended H	Household	Nuclear Ho	ousehold	One Person	Household
	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number
West Bank	100	414,270	1.6	6,612	0.2	832	12.2	50,695	81.8	338,989	4.1	17,142
Jenin	100	46,527	0.8	376	0.2	76	10.2	4,733	84.2	39,214	4.6	2,128
Tubas	100	8,628	1.5	127	0.2	17	13.2	1,139	81.4	7,029	3.7	316
Tulkarm	100	29,706	0.6	189	0.2	65	11.6	3,442	82.1	24,378	5.5	1,632
Nablus	100	58,729	0.2	121	0.2	128	13.7	8,031	82.0	48,156	3.9	2,293
Qalqiliya	100	15,998	0.4	67	0.1	21	10.9	1,746	84.5	13,512	4.1	652
Salfit	100	10,956	0.0	4	0.2	22	11.2	1,230	84.0	9,194	4.6	506
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	100	49,543	2.0	989	0.4	191	15.0	7,411	77.6	38,467	5.0	2,485
Jericho & Al Aghwar	100	7,252	1.8	127	0.2	18	14.6	1,061	78.8	5,710	4.6	336
Jerusalem	100	67,879	6	3,833	0	61	9	6,353	81	54,658	4	2,974
Bethlehem	100	31,425	1.2	391	0.2	64	13.0	4,100	81.2	25,496	4.4	1,374
Hebron	100	87,627	0.4	388	0.2	169	13.1	11,449	83.5	73,175	2.8	2,446

2007/12/16-1

2007 (10) :17

Table 17: Heads of Palestinian Households (10 Years and Over) in the Remaining West Bank by Age Group, Sex and Activity Status, 2007

			<u> </u>		
		Activity Status of Heads	of Households		
Age and Sex of	Total				
Heads of Households		Not Stated	Not Economically Active	Economically Active	
Both Sexes			-		
10 - 14	2	0	1	1	14 - 10
15 - 19	613	3	217	393	19 - 15
20 - 24	9,591	23	745	8,823	24 - 20
25 - 29	37,157	92	1,387	35,678	29 - 25
30 - 34	56,072	154	2,209	53,709	34 - 30
35 - 39	56,117	136	2,855	53,126	39 - 35
40 - 44	51,481	128	3,734	47,619	44 - 40
45 - 49	41,299	126	5,232	35,941	49 - 45
50 - 54	28,848	114	6,828	21,906	54 - 50
55 - 59	22,339	118	8,598	13,623	59 - 55
60 - 64	17,718	47	11,755	5,916	64 - 60
65+	39,230	55	34,220	4,955	+65
Not Stated	9,100	8,696	130	274	100
Total	369,567	9,692	77,911	281,964	
Males	505,561	3,032	77,311	201,304	
10 - 14	2	0	1	1	14 - 10
15 - 19	541	3	146	392	19 - 15
20 - 24	9,279	23	465	8,791	24 - 20
25 - 29	36,376	90	801	35,485	29 - 25
30 - 34	54,609	145	1,130	53,334	34 - 30
35 - 39	53,904	122	1,277	52,505	39 - 35
40 - 44	48,457	122	1,665	46,670	44 - 40
45 - 49	37,749	98	2,650	35,001	49 - 45
50 - 54	25,189	100	3,888	21,201	54 - 50
55 - 59	18,779	100	5,586	13,092	59 - 55
60 - 64	13,586	39	7,869	5,678	64 - 60
65+	26,207	43	21,456		+65
Not Stated		7,975		4,708	+65
	8,289		65	249	
Total	332,967	8,861	46,999	277,107	
Females 10 - 14					14 - 10
	70	0	7.1	4	
15 - 19	72	0	71	1	19 - 15
20 - 24	312	0	280	32	24 - 20
25 - 29	781	2	586	193	29 - 25
30 - 34	1,463	9	1,079	375	34 - 30
35 - 39	2,213	14	1,578	621	39 - 35
40 - 44	3,024	6	2,069	949	44 - 40
45 - 49	3,550	28	2,582	940	49 - 45
50 - 54	3,659	14	2,940	705	54 - 50
55 - 59	3,560	17	3,012	531	59 - 55
60 - 64	4,132	8	3,886	238	64 - 60
65+	13,023	12	12,764	247	+65
Not Stated	811	721	65	25	
Total	36,600	831	30,912	4,857	

2007/12/16-1

Table 18: Households in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Availability of Durable Goods to the Household, 2007

		Availability of	Durable Goods	3												
	Total			DVD /		/				/						
Governorate		Phone Line	Satellite/ Dish	Video/ DVD	T.V	Radio/ Recorder	Home Library	Washing Machine	Microwave	Gas Cooker/ Electricity	Vacuum Cleaner	Central Heating	Solar Boiler	Refrigerator	Private Car	
Remaining West Bank	369,790	166,975	300,964	90,666	344,348	255,935	74,335	331,722	93,605	358,381	128,402	14,104	240,188	339,841	83,000	
Jenin	46,541	19,512	37,128	10,108	43,754	31,736	7,905	42,067	7,487	45,618	13,262	500	29,350	42,795	7,887	
Tubas	8,628	2,859	6,621	1,438	7,904	5,197	1,445	7,377	1,537	8,395	1,636	40	4,431	7,626	1,557	
Tulkarm	29,708	15,788	23,441	6,807	28,200	19,637	6,518	27,155	6,601	29,277	9,626	424	21,009	28,368	6,115	
Nablus	58,750	30,927	51,148	14,901	56,577	43,970	12,806	55,187	14,912	58,339	25,219	1,604	40,808	56,214	13,245	
Qalqiliya	16,000	6,634	13,607	3,578	15,151	11,767	3,278	14,733	4,147	15,784	3,929	400	10,460	15,287	2,623	
Salfit	10,958	4,806	9,880	2,335	10,399	7,577	2,511	10,101	3,645	10,867	2,574	111	7,963	10,405	2,645	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	49,637	28,935	43,576	20,809	46,496	36,041	13,875	44,996	19,775	47,876	18,610	5,740	38,412	46,677	17,236	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	7,262	2,913	5,565	1,816	6,511	4,873	1,146	6,153	1,885	6,781	1,375	73	2,856	6,441	1,721	
Jerusalem (J2)	23,190	8,689	16,595	7,451	18,683	14,479	4,345	17,964	7,675	19,260	7,030	1,027	13,092	18,596	5,880	(J2)
Bethlehem	31,471	14,987	23,365	9,148	29,384	20,827	6,449	27,846	8,145	30,573	10,683	1,984	22,077	28,897	8,907	
Hebron	87,645	30,925	70,038	12,275	81,289	59,831	14,057	78,143	17,796	85,611	34,458	2,201	49,730	78,535	15,184	

2007/12/16-1

2007 :19

Table 19: Households and Persons in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Tenure of House, 2007

			Tenure of Hou	ise						
Governorate		Total	Not Stated	Others	For Work	Without Payment	Rented Furnished	Rented Un- Furnished	Owned	المحافظة
Remaining West Bank	Households	369,790	9,138	590	1,337	23,406	2,596	32,745	299,978	
	Persons	2,054,036	41,076	3,056	7,075	111,445	12,649	157,999	1,720,736	
Jenin	Households	46,541	674	66	171	2,507	245	2,523	40,355	
	Persons	251,666	2,864	317	924	11,872	1,096	12,167	222,426	
Tubas	Households	8,628	140	12	52	741	38	480	7,165	
	Persons	48,164	649	67	275	3,534	176	2,276	41,187	
Tulkarm	Households	29,708	366	37	112	2,540	183	3,055	23,415	
	Persons	156,734	1,406	187	564	12,177	943	15,077	126,380	
Nablus	Households	58,750	307	81	182	3,795	484	6,496	47,405	
	Persons	315,754	1,251	396	953	18,234	2,374	31,402	261,144	
Qalqiliya	Households	16,000	152	42	33	916	94	1,374	13,389	
	Persons	88,503	728	214	171	4,411	449	6,873	75,657	
Salfit	Households	10,958	33	14	30	958	40	597	9,286	
	Persons	58,776	166	66	150	4,143	192	2,731	51,328	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Households	49,637	1,675	102	124	2,718	483	7,295	37,240	
	Persons	262,417	6,369	574	600	12,101	2,175	33,308	207,290	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	Households	7,262	217	25	227	394	149	908	5,342	
	Persons	40,286	982	135	1,379	2,053	898	4,729	30,110	
Jerusalem (J2)	Households	23,190	3,820	41	39	989	224	2,481	15,596	(J2)
	Persons	124,452	18,371	207	220	4,940	1,088	12,588	87,038	
Bethlehem	Households	31,471	699	64	66	929	190	2,351	27,172	
	Persons	169,280	2,942	305	328	4,333	802	10,691	149,879	
Hebron	Households	87,645	1,055	106	301	6,919	466	5,185	73,613	
	Persons	538,004	5,348	588	1,511	33,647	2,456	26,157	468,297	

2007 :20
Table 20: Occupied Houses and Persons in the West Bank by Governorate and Type of House, 2007

			Type of Hous	se							
Governorate		Total									المحافظة
Governorate			Not Stated	Others	Marginal	Tent	Separate Room	Apartment	House	Villa	
West Bank	Houses	414,493	4,036	135	1,222	1,053	1,222	221,060	178,924	6,841	
	Persons	2,279,452	18,335	750	7,285	6,282	3,231	1,120,603	1,080,945	42,021	
Jenin	Houses	46,541	378	2	36	38	91	20,777	24,597	622	
	Persons	251,666	1,658	2	173	232	186	101,703	143,910	3,802	
Tubas	Houses	8,628	107	2	128	196	27	3,599	4,466	103	
	Persons	48,164	503	6	769	1,145	61	18,036	26,989	655	
Tulkarm	Houses	29,708	170	2	12	1	24	16,444	12,584	471	
	Persons	156,734	649	3	43	2	34	81,461	71,600	2,942	
Nablus	Houses	58,750	101	28	32	60	56	37,273	20,343	857	
	Persons	315,754	379	129	211	337	105	186,942	122,649	5,002	
Qalqiliya	Houses	16,000	80	2	67	15	8	8,959	6,476	393	
	Persons	88,503	390	12	357	85	15	45,642	39,428	2,574	
Salfit	Houses	10,958	16	1	3	21	25	4,234	6,469	189	
	Persons	58,776	76	1	17	136	38	19,976	37,349	1,183	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Houses	49,637	582	4	106	137	85	29,811	17,556	1,356	
	Persons	262,417	2,134	28	662	931	146	147,089	103,538	7,889	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	Houses	7,262	152	5	309	125	13	2,674	3,848	136	
	Persons	40,286	738	28	1,838	764	39	13,385	22,713	781	
Jerusalem	Houses	67,893	1,618	10	319	152	629	38,756	25,711	698	
	Persons	349,868	7,771	39	1,732	900	1,908	195,463	138,221	3,834	
Bethlehem	Houses	31,471	346	4	36	57	69	18,353	12,064	542	
	Persons	169,280	1,491	24	230	351	223	91,426	72,497	3,038	
Hebron	Houses	87,645	486	75	174	251	195	40,180	44,810	1,474	
	Persons	538,004	2,546	478	1,253	1,399	476	219,480	302,051	10,321	

Includes occupied houses counted during the period of 1-16/12/2007 and does not include uncounted occupied houses according to post enumeration survey.

2007 :21
Table 21: Occupied Houses and Persons in the West Bank by Governorate and Number of Rooms in The House, 2007

				Number of Ro	ooms						
Governorate		Average Number of Persons Per Room	Total	Not Stated	+6	5	4	3	2	1	المحافظة
West Bank	Houses	1.6	414,493	10,340	45,620	51,564	107,495	110,595	54,445	14,363	
	Persons	-	2,279,452	47,486	273,852	319,002	637,483	594,147	252,620	52,358	
Jenin	Houses	1.5	46,541	837	2,344	6,003	14,159	15,005	6,490	1,703	
	Persons	-	251,666	3,691	16,400	37,181	81,860	78,818	28,734	4,982	
Tubas	Houses	1.6	8,628	141	501	1,123	2,572	2,415	1,302	574	
	Persons	-	48,164	650	3,609	7,212	15,132	13,033	6,079	2,449	
Tulkarm	Houses	1.5	29,708	435	1,576	4,532	8,929	8,978	4,259	999	
	Persons	-	156,734	1,770	10,448	26,959	49,963	45,968	18,603	3,023	
Nablus	Houses	1.5	58,750	397	3,135	8,281	17,737	17,944	9,028	2,228	
	Persons	-	315,754	1,656	21,194	49,076	100,347	93,937	41,588	7,956	
Qalqiliya	Houses	1.6	16,000	202	789	1,860	5,090	5,423	2,153	483	
	Persons	-	88,503	974	5,757	11,819	30,264	28,469	9,647	1,573	
Salfit	Houses	1.5	10,958	66	800	1,633	3,348	3,221	1,431	459	
	Persons	-	58,776	321	5,630	10,199	19,306	16,096	5,885	1,339	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Houses	1.3	49,637	1,784	5,792	9,854	13,998	11,363	5,281	1,565	
	Persons	-	262,417	6,998	36,761	56,715	77,404	56,530	22,677	5,332	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	Houses	1.7	7,262	257	296	679	1,727	2,425	1,304	574	
	Persons	-	40,286	1,170	2,137	4,446	10,348	13,008	6,487	2,690	
Jerusalem	Houses	1.6	67,893	4,769	1,915	4,614	12,877	26,619	14,487	2,612	
	Persons	-	349,868	23,010	12,876	28,665	74,391	139,665	62,475	8,786	
Bethlehem	Houses	1.5	31,471	823	1,925	5,696	9,301	8,480	4,163	1,083	
	Persons	-	169,280	3,636	13,024	33,606	52,602	43,634	18,822	3,956	
Hebron	Houses	1.8	87,645	1,261	4,108	8,581	24,596	29,135	16,212	3,752	
	Persons	-	538,004	6,670	35,025	61,869	166,029	172,617	80,977	14,817	

Table 22: Occupied Houses in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Availability of Public Services (Water, Electricity and Sewage), 2007

		Availability (of General Se	rvices							
Governorate	Total	Not Stated	Not Connected	Sewage Only	Electricity Only		Electricity & Sewage Only	Water & Sewage	Water & Electricity Only	Water & Electricity & Sewage	
Remaining West Bank	369,790	2,620	2,929	111	60,560	1,587	4,810	1,309	171,082	124,782	
Jenin	46,541	196	454	24	14,594	176	526	264	22,517	7,790	
Tubas	8,628	65	243	4	3,878	39	54	36	4,030	279	
Tulkarm	29,708	91	24	7	2,923	51	85	118	14,209	12,200	
Nablus	58,750	42	144	21	11,135	122	525	190	15,132	31,439	
Qalqiliya	16,000	47	59	5	1,016	110	36	41	6,835	7,851	
Salfit	10,958	5	22	3	1,475	36	51	61	8,028	1,277	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	49,637	400	253	3	958	132	65	132	32,644	15,050	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	7,262	109	286	3	271	212	8	45	6,052	276	
Jerusalem (J2)	23,190	1,177	118	4	696	108	77	44	12,018	8,948	(J2)
Bethlehem	31,471	195	105	5	296	229	108	71	15,769	14,693	
Hebron	87,645	293	1,221	32	23,318	372	3,275	307	33,848	24,979	

2007/12/16-1

Table 23: Occupied Houses and Persons in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Main Source of Water in The House, 2007

			Main Source o	of water						
Governorate		Total	Not Stated	Other	() Water Tanks	Springs	Well (to gather rain water)	Israeli Network (Mekorot)	Public Local Network	
Remaining West Bank	Houses	369,790	2,905	1,123	35,170	1,441	30,391	32,441	266,319	
	Persons	2,054,036	12,974	5,403	209,829	8,149	177,080	181,097	1,459,504	
Jenin	Houses	46,541	235	112	8,013	197	7,237	1,585	29,162	
	Persons	251,666	1,003	429	44,405	1,054	39,160	8,537	157,078	
Tubas	Houses	8,628	80	149	3,792	39	184	429	3,955	
	Persons	48,164	410	834	21,443	222	949	2,592	21,714	
Tulkarm	Houses	29,708	113	136	191	418	2,272	1,559	25,019	
	Persons	156,734	464	701	1,067	2,196	12,067	8,365	131,874	
Nablus	Houses	58,750	52	58	6,579	128	5,050	6,714	40,169	
	Persons	315,754	194	190	38,011	677	28,351	38,565	209,766	
Qalqiliya	Houses	16,000	51	13	307	31	761	527	14,310	
	Persons	88,503	199	52	1,717	159	4,189	3,020	79,167	
Salfit	Houses	10,958	6	11	512	7	1,020	8,964	438	
	Persons	58,776	38	31	2,815	38	5,341	47,952	2,561	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Houses	49,637	426	70	287	79	817	3,621	44,337	
	Persons	262,417	1,579	241	1,807	492	4,355	20,260	233,683	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	Houses	7,262	117	33	339	169	19	2,283	4,302	
	Persons	40,286	531	159	2,022	963	98	13,657	22,856	
Jerusalem (J2)	Houses	23,190	1,239	35	399	25	374	2,552	18,566	(J2)
	Persons	124,452	5,781	157	2,454	162	2,055	13,843	100,000	
Bethlehem	Houses	31,471	208	51	127	15	308	3,388	27,374	
	Persons	169,280	838	205	743	65	1,605	18,503	147,321	
Hebron	Houses	87,645	378	455	14,624	333	12,349	819	58,687	
	Persons	538,004	1,937	2,404	93,345	2,121	78,910	5,803	353,484	

^{*} Includes occupied houses counted during the period of 1-16/12/2007 and does not include uncounted occupied houses estimates according to post enumeration survey.

Table 24: Occupied Houses and Persons in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Availability of Electricity in The House, 2007

			Availability of Electric	ity			
Governorate		Total					
			Not Stated	No Electricity	Private Generator	Public Network	
Remaining West Bank	Houses	369,790	2,666	2,509	3,381	361,234	
	Persons	2,054,036	11,825	14,524	20,183	2,007,504	
Jenin	Houses	46,541	206	220	688	45,427	
	Persons	251,666	863	1,034	3,794	245,975	
Tubas	Houses	8,628	66	242	79	8,241	
	Persons	48,164	327	1,392	466	45,979	
Tulkarm	Houses	29,708	94	32	165	29,417	
	Persons	156,734	400	103	800	155,431	
Nablus	Houses	58,750	43	98	378	58,231	
	Persons	315,754	154	522	2,203	312,875	
Qalqiliya	Houses	16,000	48	39	175	15,738	
	Persons	88,503	193	115	1,082	87,113	
Salfit	Houses	10,958	5	24	98	10,831	
	Persons	58,776	31	140	550	58,055	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Houses	49,637	413	250	257	48,717	
	Persons	262,417	1,556	1,403	1,435	258,023	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	Houses	7,262	111	262	282	6,607	
	Persons	40,286	499	1,449	1,589	36,749	
Jerusalem (J2)	Houses	23,190	1,186	134	131	21,739	(J2)
	Persons	124,452	5,525	729	734	117,464	
Bethlehem	Houses	31,471	199	289	117	30,866	
	Persons	169,280	792	1,729	638	166,121	
Hebron	Houses	87,645	295	919	1,011	85,420	
	Persons	538,004	1,485	5,908	6,892	523,719	

Table 25: Occupied Houses and Persons in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Availability of Sewage System in The House, 2007

			Availability of Se	wage System				
Governorate		Total	Not Stated	No Sewage	Tight cesspit	Cesspool	Public Sewage	المحافظة
Remaining West Bank	Houses	369,790	3,324	4,309	47,614	183,531	131,012	
	Persons	2,054,036	14,783	23,592	271,041	1,059,765	684,855	
Jenin	Houses	46,541	269	144	6,480	31,044	8,604	
	Persons	251,666	1,097	658	35,712	170,469	43,730	
Tubas	Houses	8,628	89	263	2,195	5,708	373	
	Persons	48,164	441	1,456	12,376	31,814	2,077	
Tulkarm	Houses	29,708	124	110	2,074	14,990	12,410	
	Persons	156,734	486	559	11,345	80,214	64,130	
Nablus	Houses	58,750	52	300	3,082	23,141	32,175	
	Persons	315,754	188	1,491	18,059	131,390	164,626	
Qalqiliya	Houses	16,000	55	70	2,155	5,787	7,933	
	Persons	88,503	235	339	12,403	33,296	42,230	
Salfit	Houses	10,958	10	68	1,979	7,509	1,392	
	Persons	58,776	43	306	10,805	40,802	6,820	
Ramallah & Al-Bireh	Houses	49,637	473	616	13,564	19,734	15,250	
	Persons	262,417	1,804	3,424	73,641	109,217	74,331	
Jericho & Al Aghwar	Houses	7,262	133	400	1,107	5,290	332	
	Persons	40,286	577	2,258	6,240	29,472	1,739	
Jerusalem (J2)	Houses	23,190	1,475	426	4,317	7,899	9,073	(J2)
	Persons	124,452	6,907	2,389	24,747	42,855	47,554	
Bethlehem	Houses	31,471	236	426	3,110	12,822	14,877	
	Persons	169,280	965	2,465	17,784	74,959	73,107	
Hebron	Houses	87,645	408	1,486	7,551	49,607	28,593	
	Persons	538,004	2,040	8,247	47,929	315,277	164,511	

2007 :26
Table 26: Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Zububa	425	406	62	5.4	359	1,934	976	958	10005	زَبُوبَه
Rummana	642	579	68	5.3	596	3,140	1,528	1,612	10010	رُمَّانَة
Ti'innik	216	192	23	5.6	178	1,000	523	477	10015	تِعِنِّك
At Tayba	487	477	72	5.2	416	2,155	1,044	1,111	10020	الطيبة
Arabbuna	186	168	40	5.1	160	810	400	410	10025	عَرَبُّونَة
Al Jalama	490	402	84	5.0	413	2,060	1,026	1,034	10030	الجَلْمَة
Silat al Harithiya	1,867	1,600	244	5.6	1,669	9,422	4,545	4,877	10035	سيلة الحارثيَّة
As Sa'aida	14	21	5	5.4	13	70	38	32	10040	السَعايدَة
'Anin	793	565	93	5.6	658	3,691	1,757	1,934	10045	عَانِين
'Arrana	415	397	70	5.4	367	1,996	959	1,037	10050	عَرَّانَة
Deir Ghazala	203	175	51	5.1	177	895	439	456	10055	دير غَزالة
Faqqu'a	753	716	145	5.0	689	3,467	1,695	1,772	10060	فَقُوعَة
Khirbet Suruj	9	19	9		9	56	24	32	10070	خِرْبَة سُرُوج
Al Yamun	3,501	2,672	485		2,965	16,383	8,081	8,302	10080	اليَامُون
Umm ar Rihan	76	66	3		65	370	173	197	10085	أُمُّ الرِيحَان
Kafr Dan	1,087	1,048	188	5.2	981	5,148	2,497	2,651	10095	گَفْر دان
Khirbet 'Abdallah al Yunis	32	40	1	4.2	33	138	54	84	10105	خِرْبة عَبْدَ الله اليونِس
Dhaher al Malih	40	45	14	5.0	40	198	83	115	10115	ظهْر المَالِح
Barta'a ash Sharqiya	873	894	440		817	4,176	1,979	2,197	10120	بَرْطْعَة الشَرْقِيَّة
Al 'Araqa	431	387	70		367	2,161	1,032	1,129	10125	العَرَقَة
Al Jameelat	5	3	0		5	32	14	18	10135	الجَمِيلات
Beit Qad	296	308	71	5.5	265	1,447	716	731	10140	بیت قاد
Tura al Gharbiya	245	272	60	4.7	197	918	427	491	10145	طورة الغَرْبيَّة
Tura ash Sharqiya	37	43	14	5.0	35	174	90	84	10150	طورَة الشَرُقِيَّة
Al Hashimiya	205	202	17	5.7	186	1,051	532	519	10155	الهاشيميَّة
Nazlat ash Sheikh Zeid	164	135	24	5.9	119	704	333	371	10165	نَزْلَة الشَّيْخ زَيْد
At Tarem	83	78	10		70	369	185	184	10170	الطرم
Khirbet al Muntar al Gharbiya	6	6	2		6	22	11	11	10175	خِرْية المُنْطار الغَرْبيّة
Jenin	9,215	5,392	3,100	5.1	7,609	39,004	19,238	19,766	10180	چنین
Jenin Camp	2,318	1,196	262		2,039	10,371	5,267	5,104	10185	مُخَيَّم چنين

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Jalbun	523	500	157	5.2	463	2,390	1,165	1,225	10190	
'Aba	37	36	7	5.7	36	204	99	105	10195	
Khirbet Mas'ud	14	11	0	4.3	11	47	21	26	10200	()
Khirbet al Muntar ash Sharqiya	9	5	2	3.5	2	7	4	3	10205	
Kafr Qud	239	211	49	5.3	215	1,143	612	531	10210	
Deir Abu Da'if	1,050	1,101	338	6.0	935	5,572	2,795	2,777	10215	
Birqin	1,259	1,001	271	5.1	1,115	5,685	2,822	2,863	10220	
Umm Dar	115	138	41	5.2	108	557	280	277	10225	
Al Khuljan	99	113	45	5.8	88	509	250	259	10230	
Wad ad Dabi'	72	71	3	6.0	69	411	198	213	10235	
Dhaher al 'Abed	67	71	5	5.6	65	363	174	189	10240	
Zabda	194	174	14	5.1	184	944	457	487	10245	
Ya'bad	3,017	2,284	499	5.5	2,486	13,640	6,779	6,861	10265	
Kufeirit	528	409	84	5.6	433	2,406	1,158	1,248	10275	
Imreiha	87	94	13	5.0	85	423	224	199	10285	
Umm at Tut	195	182	35	5.9	169	989	494	495	10295	
Ash Shuhada	363	344	92	5.5	319	1,748	883	865	10300	
Jalqamus	391	362	74	5.8	343	1,992	991	1,001	10305	
Al Mughayyir	478	393	58	6.0	404	2,420	1,190	1,230	10310	
Al Mutilla	57	57	12	5.2	57	295	147	148	10315	
Bir al Basha	260	232	14	6.0	217	1,307	615	692	10320	
Al Hafira	15	13	0	4.5	13	58	28	30	10335	()
Qabatiya	3,905	3,393	679	5.5	3,495	19,197	9,458	9,739	10340	
Arraba	2,066	1,669	407	5.5	1,811	9,920	4,954	4,966	10370	
Telfit	74	41	32	4.1	58	238	119	119	10385	
Mirka	288	251	52	5.7	284	1,611	786	825	10395	
Wadi Du'oq	21	26	2	7.2	17	123	60	63	10400	
Fahma al Jadida	71	77	8	5.7	65	369	190	179	10401	
Raba	598	558	140	5.7	548	3,145	1,566	1,579	10405	
Al Mansura	31	36	1	6.0	29	173	79	94	10410	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Misliya	491	429	79	5.4	440	2,388	1,156	1,232	10415	
Al Jarba	15	19	10	4.8	13	63	30	33	10430	
Az Zababida	1,310	844	268	4.4	826	3,665	1,774	1,891	10435	
Fahma	440	451	66	5.8	432	2,486	1,201	1,285	10445	
Az Zawiya	136	140	15	6.9	111	770	366	404	10460	
Kafr Ra'i	1,559	1,296	228	5.3	1,385	7,364	3,660	3,704	10465	
Al Kufeir	20	22	2	5.4	8	43	22	21	10485	
Sir	179	192	22	5.4	137	744	367	377	10495	
'Ajja	998	875	178	5.6	897	5,055	2,472	2,583	10500	
'Anza	499	476	53	4.7	395	1,873	932	941	10505	
Sanur	832	735	119	5.8	698	4,067	1,993	2,074	10510	
Ar Rama	206	181	14	5.6	172	964	468	496	10515	
Meithalun	1,432	1,258	249	5.5	1,258	6,955	3,359	3,596	10520	
Al Judeida	1,017	953	157	5.1	923	4,738	2,361	2,377	10565	
al 'Asa'asa	62	57	7	7.3	64	464	232	232	10585	
Al 'Attara	228	228	36	5.8	199	1,159	551	608	10590	
Siris	939	800	123	6.0	812	4,886	2,393	2,493	10600	
Jaba'	1,764	1,485	293	5.7	1,498	8,492	4,181	4,311	10605	
Al Fandaqumiya	689	556	88	5.7	596	3,401	1,652	1,749	10615	
Silat adh Dhahr	1,223	996	265	6.1	946	5,794	2,857	2,937	10625	
Total Jenin Gov.	55,276	44,350	11,133	5.4	47,437	256,619	126,291	130,328		
Bardala	286	261	17	6.0	271	1,637	821	816	50420	
'Ein el Beida	205	185	17	5.9	197	1,163	564	599	50450	
Kardala	52	39	3	6.3	49	307	141	166	50455	
Ibziq	37	36	1	6.6	32	211	103	108	50490	
Salhab	8	8	6	9.0	5	45	21	24	50525	
'Aqqaba	1,207	1,033	193	5.8	1,127	6,548	3,122	3,426	50535	
Tayasir	496	420	49	5.3	467	2,489	1,189	1,300	50550	
Al Farisiya	28	28	0	5.2	29	151	70	81	50551	
Al 'Aqaba	20	27	5	4.5	23	104	50	54	50560	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Ath Thaghra	126	121	16	5.5	100	546	261	285	50575	
Al Malih	57	57	0	6.4	58	370	180	190	50580	
Tubas	3,508	2,657	699	5.5	2,933	16,154	8,019	8,135	50610	
Kashda	10	12	5	8.9	8	71	37	34	50650	
Khirbet Yarza	13	13	5	4.9	8	39	17	22	50656	
Ras al Far'a	140	109	24	5.6	125	706	346	360	50670	
El Far'a Camp	1,148	706	162	5.5	1,048	5,712	2,856	2,856	50700	
Khirbet ar Ras al Ahmar	30	30	0	5.1	35	179	69	110	50720	
Wadi al Far'a	516	553	119	5.8	474	2,730	1,320	1,410	50740	
Tammun	2,235	1,911	329	5.5	1,965	10,795	5,393	5,402	50755	
Khirbet 'Atuf	34	37	20	6.1	28	171	80	91	50790	
Khirbet Humsa	22	22	0	6.0	22	133	69	64	50871	
Total Tubas Gov.	10,178	8,265	1,670	5.6	9,004	50,261	24,728	25,533		
Akkaba	46	69	18	6.2	41	254	131	123	100250	
Qaffin	1,783	1,474	236	5.3	1,587	8,387	4,042	4,345	100290	
Nazlat 'Isa	482	431	50	5.3	440	2,334	1,126	1,208	100330	
An Nazla ash Sharqiya	313	263	23	5.5	277	1,514	711	803	100345	
Baqa ash Sharqiya	923	768	144	5.4	762	4,101	1,998	2,103	100350	
An Nazla al Wusta	81	82	12	4.6	74	340	166	174	100355	
An Nazla al Gharbiya	177	187	17	6.0	156	937	453	484	100380	
Zeita	630	506	86	5.1	560	2,852	1,470	1,382	100425	
Seida	624	601	79	5.2	568	2,929	1,406	1,523	100440	
'Illar	1,362	1,198	173	5.4	1,142	6,190	3,035	3,155	100475	
'Attil	2,008	1,672	373	5.3	1,720	9,038	4,451	4,587	100480	
Deir al Ghusun	1,772	1,313	237	5.2	1,578	8,242	4,044	4,198	100530	
Al Jarushiya	213	191	33	5.1	183	932	470	462	100545	
Al Masqufa	52	50	5	5.5	47	260	136	124	100555	
Bal'a	1,404	1,375	262	5.5	1,202	6,604	3,252	3,352	100570	
Iktaba	490	551	49	5.8	463	2,665	1,276	1,389	100595	
Nur Shams Camp	1,336	761	179	5.3	1,216	6,479	3,197	3,282	100620	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Tulkarm Camp	2,097	1,146	245	5.4	1,962	10,641	5,356	5,285	100635	
Tulkarm	12,237	7,143	2,921	5.2	9,877	51,300	25,483	25,817	100645	
Anabta	1,788	1,460	274	5.1	1,440	7,329	3,704	3,625	100665	
Kafr al Labad	757	747	99	5.9	693	4,074	2,011	2,063	100690	
Kafa	87	77	7	5.4	75	404	186	218	100710	
Al Haffasi	31	32	3	5.8	27	157	81	76	100715	
Ramin	390	369	42	5.1	353	1,806	917	889	100730	
Far'un	752	507	83	4.9	633	3,100	1,551	1,549	100735	
Shufa	475	465	97	5.5	400	2,194	1,053	1,141	100760	
Khirbet Jubara	67	64	12	4.7	63	293	150	143	100780	
Saffarin	153	149	16	5.6	136	760	383	377	100795	
Beit Lid	1,011	954	150	5.3	947	4,994	2,498	2,496	100800	
Ar Ras	111	106	9	5.6	96	540	265	275	100815	
Kafr Sur	263	262	63	5.0	222	1,117	552	565	100845	
Kur	69	72	8	4.9	54	262	139	123	100870	
Kafr Zibad	261	251	34	5.2	208	1,078	556	522	100895	
Kafr Jammal	510	441	68	5.3	455	2,424	1,197	1,227	100900	
Kafr 'Abbush	346	355	43	5.2	281	1,457	736	721	100915	
Total Tulkarem Gov.	35,101	26,092	6,150	5.3	29,938	157,988	78,182	79,806		
Bizzariya	413	442	84	5.9	380	2,252	1,072	1,180	150660	
Burqa	925	792	134	5.0	733	3,670	1,796	1,874	150680	
Yasid	430	391	56	6.0	349	2,084	1,023	1,061	150695	
Beit Imrin	616	471	101	5.3	528	2,821	1,418	1,403	150705	
Nisf Jubeil	104	90	17	4.7	83	394	199	195	150745	
Sabastiya	615	523	95	5.1	515	2,614	1,308	1,306	150765	
Ijnisinya	135	140	15	4.8	106	505	252	253	150770	
Talluza	507	440	72	5.5	429	2,375	1,169	1,206	150775	
An Naqura	327	278	44	5.3	290	1,545	745	800	150785	
Al Badhan	514	441	87	5.6	447	2,485	1,212	1,273	150805	
Deir Sharaf	578	446	85	5.3	464	2,460	1,238	1,222	150810	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
'Asira ash Shamaliya	1,845	1,367	276	5.1	1,490	7,556	3,729	3,827	150820	
An Nassariya	304	286	60	6.1	259	1,585	800	785	150825	
Zawata	459	317	59	5.2	360	1,875	922	953	150835	
Al 'Aqrabaniya	196	204	28	6.4	157	1,001	507	494	150840	
Qusin	339	319	60	5.7	300	1,709	843	866	150855	
Beit Iba	847	626	134	5.0	628	3,150	1,560	1,590	150860	
Beit Hasan	206	174	42	5.9	190	1,121	558	563	150865	
Beit Wazan	267	199	27	5.1	207	1,057	539	518	150875	
'Ein Beit el Ma Camp	810	404	72	5.2	769	3,979	1,947	2,032	150880	
'Ein Shibli	76	75	16	5.9	57	335	171	164	150885	
'Azmut	553	453	61	5.9	449	2,650	1,332	1,318	150910	
Nablus	32,018	10,415	7,787	5.0	25,104	126,132	62,444	63,688	150920	
'Askar Camp	2,327	1,096	268	5.5	2,114	11,607	5,799	5,808	150930	
Deir al Hatab	430	329	30	6.0	368	2,213	1,120	1,093	150935	
Sarra	499	422	82	5.5	463	2,562	1,248	1,314	150950	
Salim	923	779	117	6.0	841	5,062	2,574	2,488	150955	
Balata Camp	3,173	1,512	416	5.5	2,759	15,247	7,758	7,489	150960	
Iraq Burin	161	170	13	5.2	147	768	367	401	150975	
Геll	869	770	152	5.6	778	4,344	2,157	2,187	150990	
Beit Dajan	740	613	98	5.4	640	3,485	1,732	1,753	151000	
Rujeib	869	631	120	5.5	770	4,202	2,031	2,171	151010	
Kafr Qallil	475	338	16	5.8	423	2,451	1,216	1,235	151025	
Furush Beit Dajan	177	167	50	6.4	121	769	352	417	151030	
Madama	387	289	41	5.4	325	1,754	882	872	151050	
Burin	539	472	70	5.4	429	2,309	1,154	1,155	151080	
Beit Furik	2,229	1,982	384	5.2	1,999	10,339	5,092	5,247	151090	
'Asira al Qibliya	476	391	99	6.0	392	2,366	1,169	1,197	151095	
Awarta	1,118	890	105	5.7	992	5,623	2,728	2,895	151135	
'Urif	552	512	73	5.9	493	2,921	1,391	1,530	151160	
Odala	194	196	35	6.6	173	1,135	568	567	151180	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Huwwara	1,130	888	284	5.7	971	5,570	2,787	2,783	151185	
'Einabus	479	428	65	5.6	421	2,340	1,128	1,212	151195	
Yanun	28	36	9	5.4	19	102	48	54	151200	
Beita	1,724	1,599	290	5.8	1,566	9,079	4,364	4,715	151215	
Ar Rajman	14	16	0	3.8	4	15	7	8	151220	
Zeita Jamma'in	351	375	46	6.8	309	2,115	1,005	1,110	151230	
Jamma'in	1,170	1,112	283	6.2	1,010	6,225	3,056	3,169	151245	
Osarin	319	330	31	5.6	288	1,612	794	818	151265	
Aqraba	1,757	1,573	293	5.9	1,389	8,180	3,982	4,198	151270	
Za'tara	15	10	0	4.4	10	44	22	22	151285	
Tall al Khashaba	16	15	0	5.2	5	26	13	13	151311	
Yatma	563	491	79	5.5	517	2,853	1,428	1,425	151325	
Qabalan	1,526	1,481	308	5.7	1,250	7,130	3,465	3,665	151335	
Jurish	267	253	36	6.3	222	1,400	690	710	151345	
Qusra	777	803	169	6.5	674	4,377	2,146	2,231	151365	
Talfit	481	448	65	6.7	420	2,824	1,398	1,426	151375	
As Sawiya	478	447	52	6.2	383	2,393	1,165	1,228	151380	
Majdal Bani Fadil	457	394	68	5.9	404	2,382	1,149	1,233	151385	
Al Lubban ash Sharqiya	453	390	57	6.0	410	2,465	1,222	1,243	151405	
Qaryut	431	387	61	5.9	396	2,321	1,154	1,167	151410	
Jalud	94	91	5	5.5	85	464	235	229	151420	
'Ammuriya	58	62	5	6.3	48	302	151	151	151435	
Duma	389	403	80	6.2	341	2,099	1,058	1,041	151445	
Total Nablus Gov.	72,199	42,884	13,867	5.4	59,663	320,830	158,589	162,241		
Falamya	122	133	20	5.6	114	633	325	308	200905	
Kafr Qaddum	564	520	64	5.9	490	2,908	1,419	1,489	200925	
Jit	409	306	52	5.9	375	2,197	1,085	1,112	200945	
Baqat al Hatab	331	348	80	5.5	297	1,644	753	891	200965	
Hajja	472	450	89	5.5	389	2,148	1,047	1,101	200970	
Jayyus	555	515	105	5.4	538	2,894	1,421	1,473	200985	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Khirbet Sir	120	117	24	4.9	92	447	215	232	200995	
'Arab ar Ramadin ash Shamali	18	37	19	5.1	16	81	37	44	201005	
Far'ata	112	120	15	6.4	101	642	301	341	201015	
Immatin	479	448	71	5.5	433	2,388	1,167	1,221	201020	
Al Funduq	165	160	91	5.1	149	756	357	399	201035	
Qalqiliya	8,680	5,219	1,925	5.3	7,844	41,739	20,484	21,255	201040	
An Nabi Elyas	226	185	94	5.4	216	1,171	571	600	201055	
Kafr Laqif	187	170	42	5.5	157	856	429	427	201065	
'Arab Abu Farda	24	37	1	4.8	24	116	60	56	201070	
'Izbat at Tabib	46	62	29	5.8	40	231	117	114	201075	
Jinsafut	384	348	90	6.0	351	2,119	1,043	1,076	201085	
'Azzun	1,434	1,225	339	6.0	1,309	7,821	3,794	4,027	201100	
'Arab ar Ramadin al Janubi	40	54	9	5.6	40	222	104	118	201105	
'Isla	141	124	27	6.2	137	855	394	461	201115	
Arab Al-Khouleh	9	10	1	4.2	6	25	11	14	201116	
Wadi ar Rasha	23	18	4	6.7	23	155	70	85	201120	
Habla	1,139	707	215	5.7	1,062	6,016	2,922	3,094	201125	
Ras at Tira	70	74	9	6.7	59	394	184	210	201130	
Ras 'Atiya	292	244	71	5.7	269	1,522	741	781	201155	
Ad Dab'a	59	57	8	5.9	57	335	165	170	201170	
Kafr Thulth	747	669	172	5.6	696	3,921	1,955	1,966	201175	
'Izbat Jal'ud	22	27	4	5.1	22	112	48	64	201190	
Al Mudawwar	44	53	15	6.3	43	271	130	141	201205	
'Izbat Salman	138	114	30	5.6	130	722	349	373	201210	
'Izbat al Ashqar	61	67	13	6.3	50	315	146	169	201225	
Beit Amin	174	169	18	6.0	168	1,010	476	534	201255	
Sanniriya	532	493	68	5.8	476	2,780	1,295	1,485	201260	
'Azzun 'Atma	309	311	65	5.7	310	1,771	838	933	201280	
Total Qalqiliya Gov.	18,128	13,591	3,879	5.5	16,483	91,217	44,453	46,764		
Deir Istiya	707	618	105	5.3	592	3,146	1,564	1,582	251250	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Qarawat Bani Hassan	732	792	134	5.7	669	3,801	1,796	2,005	251275	
Qira	206	167	31	6.5	176	1,143	568	575	251290	
Kifl Haris	704	630	122	5.4	599	3,248	1,635	1,613	251295	
Marda	382	318	36	5.7	348	1,992	1,001	991	251300	
Biddya	1,668	1,577	404	5.5	1,471	8,064	3,930	4,134	251305	
Haris	614	445	81	5.8	534	3,112	1,567	1,545	251310	
Yasuf	374	311	53	5.2	312	1,621	792	829	251315	
Mas-ha	544	508	181	5.2	384	2,003	998	1,005	251320	
Iskaka	193	161	34	5.9	155	912	420	492	251330	
Sarta	515	513	64	5.4	466	2,530	1,191	1,339	251340	
'Izbat Abu Adam	2	2	0	11.0	1	11	3	8	251355	1
Az Zawiya	992	938	136	5.4	888	4,754	2,362	2,392	251360	
Salfit	2,111	1,590	436	4.8	1,840	8,796	4,394	4,402	251370	
Rafat	363	361	38	5.4	344	1,861	886	975	251395	
Bruqin	627	604	85	5.7	564	3,236	1,571	1,665	251400	
Farkha	265	247	27	6.2	222	1,366	673	693	251415	
Kafr ad Dik	990	830	132	5.2	884	4,553	2,264	2,289	251425	
Deir Ballut	703	592	66	5.2	609	3,195	1,574	1,621	251430	
Khirbet Qeis	54	53	3	5.0	45	226	106	120	251440	
Total Salfit Gov.	12,746	11,257	2,168	5.4	11,103	59,570	29,295	30,275		
Qarawat Bani Zeid	530	444	73	5.8	504	2,915	1,412	1,503	301455	
Bani Zeid ash Sharqiya	962	887	140	5.7	888	5,083	2,477	2,606	301460	
Kafr 'Ein	379	329	36	5.1	341	1,743	868	875	301470	
Bani Zeid	1,176	937	133	5.0	1,094	5,515	2,704	2,811	301480	
'Abwein	574	572	81	5.5	572	3,119	1,567	1,552	301485	
Turmus'ayya	935	840	127	6.0	625	3,736	1,916	1,820	301490	
Al Lubban al Gharbi	261	202	42	6.0	248	1,476	767	709	301495	
Sinjil	1,029	806	127	5.4	965	5,236	2,668	2,568	301500	
Deir as Sudan	347	288	20	6.1	326	1,991	983	1,008	301505	
Rantis	446	385	60	6.0	421	2,534	1,167	1,367	301515	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Jilijliya	222	225	9	4.8	154	741	390	351	301520	
'Ajjul	227	206	16	5.6	220	1,237	601	636	301525	
Al Mughayyir	414	439	61	6.3	376	2,368	1,148	1,220	301530	
'Abud	452	353	55	5.0	419	2,084	1,019	1,065	301535	
An Nabi Salih	101	96	11	5.9	91	534	248	286	301540	
Khirbet Abu Falah	718	612	98	6.4	620	3,996	1,960	2,036	301545	
Umm Safa	119	100	19	5.4	114	612	298	314	301550	
Al Mazra'a ash Sharqiya	1,066	958	140	5.7	792	4,495	2,267	2,228	301555	
Deir Nidham	136	105	8	6.3	139	879	412	467	301560	
'Atara	495	421	39	5.5	413	2,270	1,139	1,131	301565	
Deir Abu Mash'al	703	613	97	5.2	672	3,522	1,728	1,794	301570	
Jibiya	33	28	4	5.7	26	148	77	71	301575	
Burham	130	99	5	5.1	120	616	310	306	301585	
Kafr Malik	664	631	127	5.0	561	2,787	1,421	1,366	301590	
Shuqba	883	684	164	5.7	793	4,497	2,195	2,302	301595	
Kobar	707	630	72	5.5	668	3,677	1,792	1,885	301600	
Qibya	838	776	126	6.1	803	4,901	2,356	2,545	301605	
Silwad	1,683	1,197	191	4.9	1,237	6,123	3,051	3,072	301610	
Yabrud	136	102	9	5.8	111	644	307	337	301615	
AL-Itihad	1,101	887	115	6.4	1,055	6,803	3,282	3,521	301620	
Shabtin	157	108	8	5.7	149	844	395	449	301625	
Bir Zeit	1,772	841	262	4.5	1,005	4,529	2,268	2,261	301635	
AL-Doha	29	52	0	5.0	10	50	19	31	301636	
'Ein Siniya	169	190	19	5.2	136	711	362	349	301640	
Silwad Camp	71	61	14	5.6	68	382	167	215	301645	
Deir Jarir	838	487	95	5.3	750	3,986	2,009	1,977	301650	
Deir 'Ammar Camp	359	252	55	5.9	311	1,834	903	931	301660	
Budrus	273	225	23	5.9	236	1,399	709	690	301665	
AL-Zaytouneh	1,198	1,084	103	6.0	1,027	6,190	2,985	3,205	301670	
Jifna	470	366	48	4.5	378	1,716	856	860	301675	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Dura al Qar'	640	360	47	5.4	541	2,897	1,469	1,428	301680	
At Tayba	442	376	87	4.4	333	1,452	760	692	301685	
Al Jalazun Camp	1,545	908	197	5.6	1,401	7,813	3,871	3,942	301700	
Abu Qash	401	290	66	5.1	273	1,404	697	707	301705	
Deir Qaddis	397	290	50	5.6	345	1,942	936	1,006	301710	
Ni'lin	979	686	217	5.3	869	4,573	2,254	2,319	301715	
'Ein Yabrud	852	629	103	5.2	577	2,999	1,572	1,427	301720	
Kharbatha Bani Harith	519	453	88	5.8	487	2,846	1,369	1,477	301725	
Ras Karkar	308	219	30	5.8	288	1,663	813	850	301730	
Surda	288	204	17	4.8	214	1,031	524	507	301735	
Al Janiya	209	142	14	6.5	180	1,163	582	581	301740	
Al Midya	224	153	16	6.0	216	1,301	635	666	301745	
Rammun	594	470	67	5.6	468	2,626	1,338	1,288	301750	
Kafr Ni'ma	770	690	91	5.3	709	3,750	1,862	1,888	301755	
Bil'in	350	350	51	5.5	307	1,701	812	889	301760	
Beitin	717	410	70	4.9	440	2,143	1,128	1,015	301765	
'Ein Qiniya	137	108	6	6.2	130	812	399	413	301770	
Badiw al Mu'arrajat	110	108	5	6.7	112	753	346	407	301775	
Deir Ibzi'	362	335	41	5.8	354	2,069	1,014	1,055	301780	
Deir Dibwan	1,343	1,233	201	5.3	990	5,252	2,839	2,413	301785	
Al Bireh	12,087	3,781	2,245	4.8	7,917	38,202	19,068	19,134	301790	
'Ein 'Arik	307	228	48	5.5	287	1,567	795	772	301800	
Saffa	759	620	152	5.8	651	3,802	1,898	1,904	301805	
Ramallah	8,477	3,046	3,086	4.5	6,083	27,460	13,846	13,614	301810	
Burqa	375	278	40	6.7	314	2,090	1,095	995	301815	
Beit 'Ur at Tahta	882	715	122	5.4	804	4,372	2,129	2,243	301820	
Beituniya	5,053	1,588	480	5.1	3,901	19,761	9,714	10,047	301825	
Al Am'ari Camp	1,029	554	93	5.5	906	5,014	2,431	2,583	301830	
Qaddura Camp	289	119	70	5.2	233	1,208	604	604	301835	
Beit Sira	564	381	61	5.6	493	2,749	1,315	1,434	301850	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Kharbatha al Misbah	924	669	110	6.4	815	5,211	2,548	2,663	301855	
Beit 'Ur al Fauqa	185	179	26	4.9	178	864	426	438	301860	
At Tira	282	231	22	5.5	246	1,358	697	661	301890	
Beit Liqya	1,470	1,224	230	5.9	1,302	7,710	3,799	3,911	301895	
Beit Nuba	31	23	4	7.8	32	249	115	134	301925	
Total Ramallah & Al-Bireh Gov.	66,704	40,568	11,085	5.3	52,834	279,730	138,903	140,827		
Marj Na'ja	145	136	10	6.2	116	715	356	359	351045	
Az Zubeidat	199	140	13	7.1	199	1,421	692	729	351110	
Marj al Ghazal	50	68	5	4.7	43	203	106	97	351116	
Al Jiftlik	692	716	129	6.4	578	3,714	1,857	1,857	351140	
Fasayil	202	214	8	5.7	190	1,078	537	541	351510	
Al 'Auja	721	711	112	6.1	674	4,120	2,062	2,058	351690	
An Nuwei'ma	243	274	21	5.8	213	1,245	652	593	351840	
'Ein ad Duyuk al Fauqa	156	175	21	6.0	137	821	412	409	351845	
'Ein as Sultan Camp	653	707	67	5.4	589	3,160	1,568	1,592	351865	
Jericho (Ariha)	4,549	3,386	668	5.2	3,510	18,346	9,201	9,145	351920	
Deir al Qilt	1	1	0	4.0	1	4	0	4	351970	
Aqbat Jaber Camp	1,369	1,420	151	5.5	1,298	7,176	3,546	3,630	351975	
Deir Hajla	1	1	0	8.0	1	8	2	6	352021	
An Nabi Musa	65	91	22	4.7	66	309	142	167	352075	
Total Jericho Gov.	9,046	8,040	1,227	5.6	7,615	42,320	21,133	21,187		
Rafat	455	319	49	5.7	420	2,374	1,171	1,203	401870	
Mikhmas	503	404	39	4.6	312	1,447	770	677	401885	
Qalandiya Camp	1,703	934	160	5.4	1,625	8,831	4,257	4,574	401900	
Jaba' (Tajammu' Badawi)	19	31	15	4.5	16	72	37	35	401910	()
Qalandiya	220	150	8	5.5	214	1,179	606	573	401915	
Beit Duqqu	370	268	21	5.3	308	1,621	791	830	401930	
Jaba'	557	399	41	6.9	462	3,183	1,528	1,655	401935	
Al Judeira	482	255	46	5.6	410	2,276	1,138	1,138	401940	
Ar Ram & Dahiyat al Bareed	7,530	2,285	921	4.9	4,149	20,359	9,878	10,481	401945	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Beit 'Anan	843	604	79	5.2	764	3,980	1,995	1,985		
Al Jib	1,015	544	68	5.9	719	4,220	2,083	2,137	401955	
Bir Nabala	2,055	792	170	5.1	944	4,817	2,415	2,402	401960	
Beit Ijza	146	104	11	5.8	120	698	315	383	401965	
Al Qubeiba	628	491	132	5.7	555	3,172	1,556	1,616	401980	
Kharayib Umm al Lahim	55	44	3	6.8	53	363	186	177	401985	
Biddu	1,179	760	267	5.9	1,157	6,798	3,284	3,514	401995	
An Nabi Samwil	41	27	2	6.0	43	258	122	136	402000	
Hizma	1,284	730	152	6.1	1,027	6,271	3,161	3,110	402005	
Beit Hanina al Balad	409	233	19	5.9	181	1,071	521	550	402010	
Qatanna	1,157	894	64	6.0	1,069	6,458	3,216	3,242	402015	
Beit Surik	649	415	59	6.2	629	3,887	1,941	1,946	402020	
Beit Iksa	424	326	29	5.2	362	1,895	932	963	402025	
'Anata	2,650	1,250	288	5.6	2,168	12,049	5,958	6,091	402040	
Al Ka'abina (Tajammu' Badawi)	171	171	36	5.7	122	694	355	339	402045	()
Az Za'ayyem	1,061	368	73	4.9	695	3,402	1,639	1,763	402065	
Al 'Eizariya	5,207	2,430	971	5.1	3,429	17,606	8,709	8,897	402100	
Abu Dis	2,878	1,518	297	4.9	2,215	10,782	5,203	5,579	402120	
'Arab al Jahalin	96	114	3	7.1	101	721	357	364	402125	
As Sawahira ash Sharqiya	1,288	914	78	5.4	1,077	5,800	2,874	2,926	402145	
Ash Sheikh Sa'd	518	437	16	5.1	385	1,949	1,008	941	402160	
Total Jerusalem J2	35,593	18,211	4,128	5.4	25,731	138,233	68,006	70,227		j2
Total Jerusalem J1	-	-	, -	5.0	44,703	225,416	110,673	114,743		j1
Total Jerusalem Gov. Al Walaja	35,593 388	18,211 280	4,128 24	5.2 5.2	70,434 390	363,649 2,041	178,679 1,000	184,970 1,041	452170	
Battir	981	663	85	5.0	798	3,967	1,975	1,992	452175	
Al 'Ubeidiya	1,865	1,257	131	6.3	1,703	10,753	5,297	5,456		
'Ayda Camp	564	288	43	5.2	509	2,631	1,313	1,318		
Khallet an Nu'man	35	30	1	6.0	29	173	93	80		
Al 'Aza Camp	275	142	38	5.2	292	1,529	743	786		

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Al Khas	91	84	5	5.1	77	394	194	200	452200	
Al Haddadiya	13	12	0	5.4	10	54	24	30	452205	
Khallet Hamameh	335	167	16	5.0	285	1,415	721	694	452208	
Bir Onah	149	102	5	4.7	144	672	341	331	452209	
Beit Jala	3,433	1,911	571	4.4	2,664	11,758	5,924	5,834	452210	
Dar Salah	685	656	68	5.4	625	3,373	1,658	1,715	452225	
Husan	1,195	928	168	5.4	1,028	5,551	2,609	2,942	452230	
Wadi Fukin	244	180	12	5.4	217	1,168	580	588	452235	
Bethlehem (Beit Lahm)	6,709	3,107	1,860	4.8	5,211	25,266	12,513	12,753	452240	
Beit Sahur	3,517	2,145	656	4.5	2,775	12,367	6,165	6,202	452255	
Ad Doha	2,220	1,002	429	5.3	1,849	9,753	4,803	4,950	452265	
Al Khadr	1,901	1,106	255	5.7	1,722	9,774	4,718	5,056	452270	
Ad Duheisha Camp	1,905	1,170	253	5.1	1,698	8,736	4,310	4,426	452275	
Hindaza	899	805	56	6.0	794	4,799	2,383	2,416	452280	
Ash Shawawra	771	760	56	5.4	694	3,737	1,822	1,915	452285	
Artas	755	535	40	6.1	603	3,663	1,786	1,877	452300	
Nahhalin	1,352	1,117	182	5.7	1,204	6,827	3,285	3,542	452325	
Beit Ta'mir	242	200	13	6.1	200	1,229	575	654	452335	
Khallet al Louza	104	191	4	6.2	93	578	288	290	452345	
Al Jab'a	153	137	11	6.4	140	896	416	480	452355	
Za'tara	1,080	1,049	85	6.0	1,046	6,289	3,074	3,215	452360	
Jannatah	913	851	52	6.3	860	5,416	2,662	2,754	452385	()
Wadi Rahhal	301	272	22	5.1	278	1,419	655	764	452400	
Jubbet adh Dhib	27	23	5	6.0	27	162	81	81	452405	
Khallet Sakariya	36	33	2	5.4	34	185	88	97	452415	
Khallet al Haddad	79	74	4	5.6	73	407	187	220	452430	
Al Ma'sara	136	137	10	6.2	129	803	374	429	452440	
Wadi an Nis	132	103	10	6.5	119	772	378	394	452445	
Jurat ash Sham'a	269	202	43	6.0	250	1,491	694	797	452460	
Khallet 'Afana	12	15	4	0.0	0	0	0	0	452465	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Marah Ma'alla	106	104	14	6.9	99	685	312	373	452470	
Jmm Salamuna	144	128	20	6.8	139	945	470	475	452480	
Al Manshiya	57	45	5	7.6	57	433	221	212	452490	
Гuqu'	1,444	1,311	169	6.5	1,368	8,881	4,326	4,555	452495	
Marah Rabah	177	158	32	7.8	169	1,320	630	690	452500	
Beit Fajjar	2,042	1,561	400	6.1	1,808	11,004	5,370	5,634	452525	
Al Maniya	153	147	18	6.4	157	1,012	503	509	452535	
Kisan	77	75	3	6.0	76	454	228	226	452565	
Arab ar Rashayida	291	301	5	6.5	224	1,453	703	750	452660	
Total Bethlehem Gov.	38,257	25,564	5,885	5.4	32,667	176,235	86,492	89,743		
Chirbet ad Deir	48	50	1	5.6	47	264	137	127	502435	
Surif	2,351	2,242	306	6.2	2,151	13,365	6,617	6,748	502450	
Al 'Arrub Camp	1,420	977	184	5.8	1,358	7,941	3,916	4,025	502530	
Beit Ummar	2,739	2,266	364	5.9	2,306	13,548	6,639	6,909	502540	
Jala	47	64	2	6.2	40	249	138	111	502545	
Hitta	121	129	16	7.8	114	891	450	441	502550	
Shuyukh al 'Arrub	287	284	41	6.0	257	1,550	728	822	502555	
Kharas	1,182	1,091	130	6.4	1,042	6,655	3,183	3,472	502560	
Jmm al Butm	12	10	0	6.5	11	71	35	36	502575	
Hamrush	8	12	3	7.6	7	53	22	31	502580	
Nuba	817	757	92	5.9	730	4,336	2,118	2,218	502585	
Beit Ula	1,949	1,847	271	6.4	1,712	10,885	5,330	5,555	502615	
Sa'ir	3,059	3,043	418	6.7	2,699	18,045	8,916	9,129	502620	
Halhul	4,550	3,555	638	5.6	3,961	22,128	10,854	11,274	502630	
Ash Shuyukh	1,754	1,468	278	6.1	1,438	8,811	4,308	4,503	502635	
arqumiya	2,492	2,356	347	6.3	2,284	14,357	6,959	7,398	502640	
Beit Kahil	1,084	964	120	6.9	948	6,526	3,162	3,364	502655	
Beit 'Einun	360	310	42		282	1,809	879	930	502680	•
Qla'a Zeta	194	103	8	5.7	158	903	447	456	502681	
dhna	3,463	3,626	611	6.1	3,118	19,012	9,289	9,723	502685	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Taffuh	1,948	1,432	254	6.0	1,759	10,597	5,212	5,385	502750	
Beit Maqdum	521	484	55	5.9	432	2,568	1,301	1,267	502765	
Al Baqa	244	155	2	6.3	193	1,218	606	612	502778	
Hebron (Al Khalil)	34,106	17,593	7,364	5.7	28,563	163,146	78,923	84,223	502780	
Al Bowereh (Aqabat Injeleh)	122	117	3	6.5	106	694	336	358	502781	()
Khallet Edar	366	304	18	6.9	316	2,186	1,075	1,111	502782	
Deir Samit	1,183	1,028	134	5.9	1,057	6,237	3,071	3,166	502810	
Bani Na'im	3,452	3,333	429	6.5	3,067	20,084	10,010	10,074	502815	
Khallet Al Masafer	38	38	0	5.6	39	217	121	96	502830	
Beit 'Awwa	1,355	1,390	354	6.2	1,295	8,064	4,066	3,998	502835	
Dura	5,571	4,557	994	5.9	4,832	28,268	13,905	14,363	502840	
Qalqas	172	166	18	7.2	159	1,149	565	584	502855	
Sikka	162	158	20	5.7	149	855	453	402	502860	
Khirbet Salama	63	69	3	5.8	64	371	188	183	502865	
Wadi 'Ubeid	20	24	3	6.2	21	130	66	64	502870	
Fuqeiqis	44	35	7	6.5	42	271	138	133	502875	
Khursa	599	567	82	6.2	554	3,440	1,707	1,733	502895	
Tarrama	121	115	8	6.0	106	631	331	300	502900	
Al Fawwar Camp	1,092	762	191	6.4	1,029	6,544	3,190	3,354	502905	
Al Majd	335	333	57	6.1	315	1,925	955	970	502910	
Marah al Baqqar	50	46	1	5.4	40	215	114	101	502915	
Hadab al Fawwar	347	262	24	6.2	308	1,918	954	964	502920	
Deir al 'Asal at Tahta	111	100	12	6.2	89	555	289	266	502925	
Al Heila	173	186	3	7.6	169	1,277	636	641	502935	
Wadi ash Shajina	122	109	6	5.9	121	715	354	361	502940	
As Sura	323	299	52	6.6	293	1,925	950	975	502950	
Deir Razih	50	47	2	6.2	43	268	133	135	502955	
Ar Rihiya	519	472	36	7.7	511	3,949	1,883	2,066	502960	
Zif	114	117	4	8.7	98	848	423	425	502965	
Deir al 'Asal al Fauqa	282	246	19	6.5	244	1,598	816	782	502970	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Khallet al 'Aqed	54	62	7	6.5	42	272	131	141	502975	
Imreish	298	305	20	5.9	281	1,665	835	830	502980	
Al Buweib	152	159	2	8.0	76	607	316	291	503005	
Beit ar Rush at Tahta	74	74	11	6.0	62	373	186	187	503010	
Hadab al 'Alaqa	119	124	20	5.8	111	641	332	309	503040	
Beit Mirsim	77	85	5	5.5	58	318	158	160	503075	
Beit ar Rush al Fauqa	158	162	15	6.5	151	979	460	519	503090	
Karma	255	228	15	5.8	239	1,386	665	721	503095	
Beit 'Amra	293	295	13	7.5	289	2,165	1,049	1,116	503100	
Om Adaraj (Arab Al Ka'abneh)	116	126	0	10.7	76	813	393	420	503105	()
Wadi al Kilab	15	19	1	7.8	6	47	21	26	503110	
Om Ashoqhan	62	70	1	7.2	41	296	144	152	503111	
Khallet al Maiyya	188	205	10	7.6	187	1,412	690	722	503115	
Kheroshewesh Wal Hadedeyah	67	90	0	6.5	58	379	202	177	503116	
Om Al Amad (Sahel Wadi Elma)	38	50	2	5.2	29	152	69	83	503117	()
Yatta	7,828	7,455	931	6.9	7,077	48,672	24,058	24,614	503120	
Ad Deirat	104	115	10	8.1	98	795	408	387	503125	
Khashem Adaraj (Al-Hathaleen)	113	112	0	6.5	93	606	297	309	503126	()
Kurza	138	127	12	5.6	137	771	388	383	503135	
Rabud	385	360	18	6.1	372	2,262	1,148	1,114	503145	
Umm Lasafa	142	152	1	7.8	110	853	415	438	503150	
Al Burj	486	452	49	6.2	418	2,578	1,271	1,307	503170	
Um Al-Khair	102	100	3	7.5	69	516	260	256	503210	
Al Karmil	673	726	36	6.8	552	3,741	1,844	1,897	503215	
Khallet Salih	206	222	2	6.6	166	1,093	530	563	503225	
Adh Dhahiriya	4,890	4,552	829	6.4	4,469	28,776	14,195	14,581	503245	
At Tuwani	76	77	2	6.3	52	326	155	171	503255	
Ma'in	72	85	1	7.9	58	459	240	219	503260	
An Najada	104	96	2	8.1	51	413	196	217	503265	
'Anab al Kabir	59	63	0	6.7	50	335	173	162	503295	

2007 :() 26
Table 26 (Cont.): Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007

						Sex				
Locality Name	No. of Housing Units	No. of Buildings	No. of Establishments	Average Size of Household	No. of Households	Total	Female	Male	Locality code	اسم التجمع
Khirbet Asafi	13	13	0	9.5	10	95	42	53	503305	
Mantiqat Shi'b al Batin	29	29	0	6.0	23	137	66	71	503310	
As Samu'	3,220	3,019	372	6.7	2,950	19,649	9,686	9,963	503320	
Wadi Al Amayer	71	73	6	8.3	58	481	236	245	503321	
Khirbet Tawil ash Shih	28	31	0	7.6	24	182	82	100	503325	
Ar Ramadin	561	566	22	6.7	487	3,281	1,656	1,625	503335	
Maghayir al 'Abeed	2	2	0	4.0	1	4	2	2	503345	
Khirbet al Fakheit	57	57	0	5.6	41	231	117	114	503350	
Khirbet Bir al 'Idd	40	41	0	5.2	23	119	54	65	503360	
Khirbet Zanuta	16	16	0	4.6	13	60	28	32	503375	
Imneizil	59	55	0	8.0	49	390	186	204	503380	
'Arab al Fureijat	104	100	2	6.7	85	572	312	260	503405	
Total Hebron Gov.	103,086	80,448	16,447	6.1	89,919	552,164	270,594	281,570		مجموع محافظة الخليل
Total West Bank	456,314	319,270	77,639	5.5	427,097	2,350,583	1,157,339	1,193,244		مجموع الضفة الغربية



Palestinian National Authority Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics

Population, Housing and Establishment Census 2007



Census Final Results in The West Bank Summary (Population and Housing)

PAGE NUMBERS OF ENGLISH TEXT ARE PRINTED IN SQUARE BRACKETS. TABLES ARE PRINTED IN THE ARABIC ORDER (FROM RIGHT TO LEFT).

This document is prepared in accordance with the standard procedures stated in the Code of Practice for Palestine Official Statistics 2006.

© August, 2008

All Rights Reserved.

Suggested Citation:

Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, 2008. *Population, Housing and Establishment Census 2007* Census Final Results in The West Bank – Summary (Population and Housing). Ramallah - Palestine.

All correspondence should be directed to: Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics P.O.Box 1647 Ramallah, Palestine.

Tel: (972/970) 2 242 6340 Fax: (972/970) 2 242 6343 E-mail: diwan@pcbs.gov.ps website: http://www.pcbs.gov.ps

Acknowledgment

Population, Housing and Establishment Census (PHC-2007) is the second census conducted by the Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics (PCBS) since the Palestinian National Authority (PNA) was established in 1994. The PHC-2007 was conducted in a very critical and complicated political, administrative, financial and organizational environment. It could not have been accomplished without the generous support of a number of friendly countries, international and national institutions and personalities.

The implementation of the PHC-2007 was co-financed by the PNA, United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), the core funding group (CFG) of PCBS (Norway, Netherlands, and Switzerland), OPEC Fund for International Development (OFID), Australia, and United Nations Children Fund (UNICEF).

PCBS would not have been able to implement the PHC-2007 as a national project in such complicated circumstances without the important contribution made by the PHC-2007 national higher committee, the committees in the governorates, publicity campaign committees, and many other official and popular supporting committees and bodies.

We would also like to highlight the outstanding efforts made by the Census National Director, Executive Director, and all census national team members (senior assistants of the national and executive director, census directors in the governorates and their assistants, coordinators of publicity campaign and their assistants, field supervisors, field observers, enumerators, administrators and other team members) to plan, manage, implement, supervise, monitor, and coordinate census activities.

PCBS extends its deep thanks to all of these personalities and institutions for their tremendous efforts exerted to bring the second Palestinian census into light.

Team Work

• Report Preparation

Mohammad Duraidi Omayma Al-Ahmad Rawya Alawneh Ali Al-Husien Nayef Abed

• The scheduling

Inaya Zidan Mohammad Duraidi Omayma Al-Ahmad

• Graphic Design

Ahmad Sawalmeh

• Disseminiation Standard

Hanan Janajreh

• Preliminary Review

Mahmoud Jaradat Abdallah Najjar

• Final Review and Overall Supervision

Luay Shabaneh, Ph.D.

PCBS President / Census National Director

Preface

The PHC-2007 is an important pillar of the national development process. It is a primary prerequisite for the socioeconomic planning. Furthermore, it helps reinforcing the Palestinian sovereignty on the ground. Countries around the world usually conduct censuses every decade according to the degree of population stability, the amount of potential changes in the demographic characteristics and the availability of the financial resources.

Realizing the importance of bridging the gap between society's statistical needs the current situation in the Palestinian Territory conducted the first national population, housing and establishment Census in 1997. PHC-2007 has been conducted for legal, development and statistical considerations. Success is vehemently attributed to the colossal efforts exerted by the national census team and the continuous support of the Palestinian leadership.

The main objective of the PHC-2007 is to update statistical data on the Palestinian population, housing units, economic establishments and agricultural holdings, and to provide small area statistics to the planners and decision makers. PHC-2007 will contribute to realizing a balanced and comprehensive development in all sectors.

PHC-2007 was designed and implemented in accordance with the United Nations principles and recommendations of Population and housing census taking into consideration the local Palestinian needs. Special attention was given to affording complete and adequate data on the size, structure, distribution and characteristics of the demographic, economic and social components of the Palestinian population; the characteristics of housing units; the number and characteristics of the economic establishments and making an inventory of the agricultural holdings. Consequently, obtained statistical data will foster and support the role and efficiency of planning both on the national and local governments levels.

In an effort of PCBS to provide the users with the census results as soon as possible, the national census team made every possible effort to fulfill that, where we were able to publish the preliminary results of the census after five weeks of the end of the census fieldwork events and this is considered a record time compared to other countries, and in a continuation of this approach.

PCBS and the national census team are pleased to present this report which contains the census final results in the west bank which has been processed. Hoping to be a reference for all planners, decision makers and policy makers in the public and private sectors and civil society institutions.

August, 2008

Luay Shabaneh, PhD President of PCBS/ Census National Director

Users Reference

Based on The contained data in this report is based on the following facts:-

- 1. Population and socio-economic data are based on the results of the Population, Housing and Establishments Census 2007. Unless otherwise stated.
- 2. Given the geographical and political situations in the Jerusalem governorate, it has been divided into two parts (J1, and J2).

Definitions of Jerusalem J1&J2

For mere statistical purposes, the Jerusalem Governorate was divided into two parts. The first part (J1) includes that part of Jerusalem, which was annexed forcefully by Israel following its occupation of the West Bank in 1967. This part includes the following localities: (Beit Hanina, Shu'fat Refugees Camp, Shu'fat, Al' Isawiya, Jerusalem "Al - Quds" (Sheikh Jarrah, Wadi Al - Joz, Bab Al-Sahira, As Suwwana, At -Tur, , Ash - Shayyah, Ras Al-Amud), Silwan, Ath – Thuri, Jabal Al – Mukabbir, As – Sawahira Al – Gharbiya, Beit Safafa, Sharafat, Sur Bahir, and Um Tuba, Kufr A'qab). The second part

Jerusalem (J2) Includes Jerusalem governorate except that part of Jerusalem which was forcefully Annexed by Israel following its occupation of the West Bank in 1967. This part includes the following localities: Rafat, Mikhmas, Qalandya Refugees Camp, the Bedouin Community - Jaba', Qalandya, Beit Duqqu, Jaba', Al – Judeira, Beit Anan, Al-Ram, Dahiat Al-Pareed, Al Al – Jib, Bir Nabala, Beit Ijza, Al – Qubeiba, Khirbet Um Al – Lahem, Biddu, An – Nabi Samu'eil, Hezma, Beit Hanina Al Tehta, Qatanna, Beit Surik, Beit Iksa, A'nata, The Bedouin Community – Al – Khan Al – Ahmar, Az Za'eem, Al – Sawahreh Al – Sharqiyeh, Ash – Sheikh Sa'd, The Bedouin Communites . Al – Eizariya, Abu Deis

- 3. Because of the special situation in the Jerusalem governorate, especially the J1 area, a reduced questionnaire has been designed especially for the household and housing conditions for the Jerusalem J1 which contains only the following questions:
 - Number of nuclear families, type of housing and number of rooms.
 - Household roaster (relationship to the head, sex, religion, age, refugee status, educational level, marital status), other population characteristics of Jerusalem area J1 has been estimated using different data sources.

Table of Contents

Subject		Page
	Acknowledgment	
	Preface	
	List of Tables	
	List of Figures	
	Executive summary	
Chapter One:	Introduction	[17]
	1.1 Introduction	[17]
	1.2 Objectives	[17]
	1.3 Justifications for Conducting the Census	[17]
	1.4 History of Censuses in Palestine	[18]
	1.5 Stages of Census Implementation	[18]
	1.6 Dissemination Stages	[19]
Chapter Two:	Concepts and Definitions	[21]
Chapter Three:	Methodology	[29]
	3.1 Coverage of Census-2007	[29]
	3.2 Special Questionnaire of Jerusalem	[29]
	3.3 Questionnaires and Forms	[29]
	3.4 Fieldwork	[31]
Chapter Four:	Summary of Final Results	[35]
	4.1 Population final results	[35]
	4.2 The basic demographic and social characteristics of the population	[35]
	4.3 Final results of households' number	[39]
Chapter Five:	Data Quality	[41]
	5.1 Introduction	[41]
	5.2 Control Procedures in the Preparatory Stage	[41]
	5.3 Control Procedures in the Implementation Stage	[42]
	5.4 Control Procedures in the Stage of Data Processing	[43]
	5.5 Data Quality Assessment	[45]
	Tables	59

List of Tables

Table		Page
Table 1:	Population in the West Bank by Governorate and Sex, 2007	61
Table 2:	Population in the West Bank by Age Group, Sex and Governorate, 2007	62
Table 3:	Total Population in Localities in the Remaining West Bank by Size-Class of Population in locality, Households and Sex, 2007	65
Table 4:	Population in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Nationality, 2007	66
Table 5:	Palestinian Population (12 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Marital Status, 2007	67
Table 6:	Palestinian Population in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Refugee Status, 2007	68
Table 7:	Palestinian Population (5 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Educational Attendance, 2007	69
Table 8:	Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Educational Attainment, 2007	70
Table 9:	Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank who's Completed Associate Diploma and Above by Governorate, Sex and Specialization, 2007	73
Table 10:	Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Activity Status, 2007	79
Table 11:	Employed and Unemployed Ever Worked Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Main Occupation, 2007	82
Table 12:	Employed and Unemployed Ever Worked Palestinian Population (10 Years and Over) in the West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Economic Activity, 2007	85
Table 13:	Disabilities/Difficulties of Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate, Sex and Type of Disability/Difficulty, 2007	88
Table 14:	Foreign-Born Palestinian Population in the Remaining West Bank by Place of Birth, Sex and Age Group, 2007	91
Table 15:	Private Households in the West Bank by Governorate and Household Size, 2007	93
Table 16:	Private Palestinian Households in the West Bank by Governorate and type of Household, 2007	94
Table 17:	Heads of Palestinian Households (10 Years and Over) in the Remaining West Bank by Age Group, Sex and Activity Status, 2007	95

Table		Page
Table 18:	Households in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Availability of Durable Goods to the Household, 2007	96
Table 19:	Households and Persons in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Tenure of House, 2007	97
Table 20:	Occupied Houses and Persons in the West Bank by Governorate and Type of House, 2007	98
Table 21:	Occupied Houses and Persons in the West Bank by Governorate and Number of Rooms in The House, 2007	99
Table 22:	Occupied Houses in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Availability of Public Services (Water, Electricity and Sewage), 2007	100
Table 23:	Occupied Houses and Persons in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Main Source of Water in The House, 2007	101
Table 24:	Occupied Houses and Persons in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Availability of Electricity in The House, 2007	102
Table 25:	Occupied Houses and Persons in the Remaining West Bank by Governorate and Availability of Sewage System in The House, 2007	103
Table 26:	Localities in the West Bank by Selected Indicators, 2007	104

List of Figures

Figure		Page
Figure 1:	Age and Sex Distribution in the West Bank Population, 2007	[36]
Figure 2:	Percentage of Palestinian population in the Remaining West Bank with One Disability by Type of Disability, 2007	[36]
Figure 3:	Percentage Distribution in the West Bank Population (aged 10 and over) by Educational Attainment, 2007	[37]
Figure 4	Illiteracy Rates in the West Bank by Governorate, 2007	[37]
Figure 5:	Unemployment Rates in the West Bank by Governorate, 2007	[38]
Figure 6:	Percentage Distribution of Population (12 years and above) in the West Bank by Marital Status, 2007	[38]
Figure 7:	Mean Household Size in the West Bank by Governorate, 2007	[39]

Chapter One

Introduction

1.1 Introduction

The PHC-2007 is the second census conducted in the Palestinian Territory. It is the largest and the most inclusive statistical operation conducted to obtain statistical data necessary for socioeconomic planning and monitoring. Given the great importance of this census, the Council of Ministers issued specific decisions at its meeting convened in Ramallah on 16/12/2006 regarding carrying out the Population, Housing and Establishments Census-2007. These decisions set the geographical scope of the census and establishing the national committees assigned to supervise the implementation.

The census is one of the pillars of the official statistical system; accordingly, all sectors of society and its private and governmental institutions were requested to support the national team which has the responsibility for planning and conducting the census activities.

1.2 Objectives

The main objective of the PHC-2007 is to provide figures for the Palestinian population and their geographical distribution in accordance with a number of relatively stable basic characteristics to inform socioeconomic development purposes. Preparations for conducting censuses take usually 3-5 years for piloting, testing tools, work plans, human and physical needs and timetable. The census is one of the most important statistical activities as it provides statistical data on the distribution of population, and their demographic, social and economic characteristics in a certain reference period of time for all the individuals within the borders of the state.

1.3 Justifications for Conducting the Census

Nationally, there is a consensus on the necessity of conducting a regular census every decade. Also, a census was considered a legal requirement according to the General Statistics Law No. 4, 2000. In particular, the census was conducted for the following justifications:

- 1. Comparing statistics from both 2007 and 1997 censuses for various statistical indicators and tracking the fundamental changes in population, fertility, immigration, labor force and housing conditions.
- 2. Measuring the impact of the Expansion and Annexation Wall on population displacement, especially in the localities through which the wall passed or totally segregates.
- 3. Providing small areas statistics which is essential for planning process at the micro level.
- 4. Realizing the goals of the millennium. This would not been achieved without a variety of indicators on development and trends of change in the population, social and economic fields, and particularly, indicators in education, employment, demography, and the population age structure.
- 5. Updating population projections: The availability of statistical data on the population from two censuses is one of the most important requirements for success in preparing accurate population projections for the coming years, in addition to the updating of population and establishments registers.
- 6. Updating households, buildings, houses and establishments sampling frames, which are essential for implementing sample-based surveys.

7. Strengthening national statistical capacities and enforcing them as a form of national sovereignty over land and population.

1.4 History of Censuses in Palestine

- 1. The first population census in Palestine was executed in October 1922 during the British mandate era. The estimated population was 752 thousand.
- 2. A second population census was executed in November 1931. The population was estimated at 1.033 million.
- 3. A demographic survey was executed in 1944. The estimated number of the population of Palestine was estimated at 1.74 million.
- 4. Under the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan administration of the West Bank, the Palestinian population in the West Bank was estimated at 667 thousand in the 1952 census and 805 thousand in the 1962 census.
- 5. Under the Israeli occupation, a comprehensive enumeration of the Palestinian population was done in September 1967. About 599 thousand inhabitants were enumerated in the West Bank and approximately 400 thousand in the Gaza Strip. It is worth mentioning that about 400 thousand Palestinians were displaced from the Palestinian Territory immediately after the Israeli occupation in 1967.
- 6. PCBS conducted the first Palestinian census in 1997. The estimated population in the West Bank (West Bank excluding J1, i.e., the part of Jerusalem which was annexed by Israel in 1967) and Gaza Strip was 2.6 million. The estimated population of J1 at the time was about 210 thousand. The Israeli Occupation prevented the national census team from surveying the J1 population.

1.5 Stages of Census Implementation

The Population Housing and Establishment Census-1997 was undertaken in three stages:

1.5.1 The Preparatory Stage:

This stage began at the beginning of 2005 and finished in July 2007. The preparatory stage was a preliminary stage during which formal decisions on the census were announced. Different organizational structures and committees were formed during this phase. In order to meet expected governmental needs, PCBS cooperated with ministries and governmental departments so as to prepare a list of different variables and indicators.

Moreover, maps were prepared for localities, and these localities were divided into enumeration areas. Also, questionnaire design, modules, and different plans were developed in this phase.

1.5.2 The Field Work Stage:

This stage began in August 2007 and was completed by the end of 2007. It included delineation of enumeration areas, marking and listing of buildings, housing units and establishments from 30/10/1997 - 23/11/1997, and the population count from 1-16/12/2008.

1.5.3 Data Processing Stage:

This stage began in November 2007 and will continue up to the end of the year 2008. The main activities of the census data processing stage were: Office editing, Office coding, Data entry and Computer editing.

1.6 Dissemination Stages

1.6.1 Preliminary Findings

Preliminary Findings of Population, Housing and Establishments Census - 2007 were disseminated on 7/2/2008 and they were in the form of numbers at the governorate and regions level (the West Bank and Gaza Strip) and the Palestinian Territory. These results were preliminary since they were compiled manually depending on the organization books of the observers in the census. The results were disseminated in record time during a month after finishing the fieldwork operations.

1.6.2 Final Findings

After completing editing, coding and data entry of all questionnaires for each enumeration area in the West Bank, which took about 8 months, the final results were disseminated in the report concerning all of the characteristics of the individual and the household. The final detailed results are expected to be disseminated during November 2008 - July 2009.

1.6.3 Analytical Reports

The analytical reports regarding population and social themes will be disseminated through the dissemination project, which will be carried out by experts from universities and research centers.

Chapter Two

Concepts and Definitions

The definitions used in the PHC-2007 are based on the de-facto concept as the United Nations standard concepts and definitions stated in order to be consistent with the 1997 census and to ensure comparability. The following concepts and definitions were used in this report

Population Census:

The process of collection, classification, processing, analysis, assessment, dissemination of statistical data on the number of population and their distribution by basic demographic and socio-economic characteristics in a specific reference period within the boundaries of a specific geographic area.

Collective Households:

It refers to the place constructed for the residence of a group of individuals, who live therein and benefit from the services it provides. The collective household; it may be comprised of one building or more or one housing unit or more. Examples of collective households include hotels, hostels, elderly and orphans homes, psycho-therapy clinics and hospitals, collective households for university students, collective living quarters (camps) at the passages, and housing units of priests and nuns in the monasteries and churches (who do not have other households).

Household:

One person or a group of persons with or without a household relationship, who live in the same housing unit, share meals and make joint provision of food and other essentials of living. In PHC-2007, the household includes:

- 1. Household members found in the housing unit on the night of 01/12/2007.
- 2. Visitors living outside the Palestinian Territory but who spent the night of 01/12/2007 in the housing unit of the household (relatives and non- relatives).
- 3. Visitors from the Palestinian Territory who, as a whole household, remained for all of the enumeration period 1-16/12/2007.
- 4. Servants and other workers living usually within the household who spent the night of 01/12/2007 with the household.
- 5. New births born prior to the night of 01/12/2007 and still alive, irrespective of whether they were within the household or in the hospital.
- 6. Household members who spent the night of 01/12/2007 with the household and died after that night.
- 7. Household members who usually live in the housing unit but were not available in the night of 01/12/2007. This category includes:
 - Household members who spent the night of 01/12/2007 with another household inside the Palestinian Territory.
 - Household members working at night 01/12/2007 in factories, hospitals, airports, etc.
 - Individuals who spent the night of 01/12/2007 traveling in the public ways inside the Palestinian Territory.
 - Fishermen who spent the night fishing in the regional waters.
 - Members of internal security forces, and civil defense forces irrespective of where they spent the night of 01/12/2007.

- Palestinian household members living usually within the household and who are holding an ID card, but who were abroad less than one year for temporary reasons (tourist, visit, pilgrim or any other reason).
- Palestinian household members living usually within the household but who were absent during the night of 01/12/2007 due to urgent causes including hospital, detainee, etc.
- Palestinian household members living usually within the households but who were absent during the night of 01/12/2007 due to their stay in a hotel in the Palestinian Territory.
- Students studying abroad regardless of the length of their stay.
- Students studying in Palestinian universities, institutes and other educational institutions irrespective of place of existence.
- Household members detained in Israeli prisons.

The following were excluded from households:

- Persons who died before the night of 01/12/2007.
- Persons who were born after the night of 01/12/2007.
- Persons who stayed during the counting in elderly homes, orphans homes, psychotherapy clinics and hospitals, and other collective households in the Palestinian Territory.

Type of households that underwent enumeration are divided into:

Private Households: The households included in the aforementioned definition of the household.

Collective (**Institutional Households**): It refers to the households enumerated in the previously mentioned collective households.

Palestinian Household:

It refers to the private household whose head holds the Palestinian nationality. As for non Palestinian household, it refers to the household whose head holds non Palestinian nationality irrespective of the nationality of other household members.

Special types of Households:

A one-person-household: It refers to the household comprised of one individual.

Nuclear household: It refers to the living household comprised of a couple only; a couple and a son or a daughter (not adopted son or daughter) or more; or a male head of a household with a son or a daughter or more; or a female head of a household with a son or a daughter or more. It is worthy to note that no other relatives or non-relatives live with this household.

Extended Household: A household of at least one nuclear household together with other relatives

Composite Household: Refers to household consisting of at least one nuclear household with other non-relatives.

Average Household Size:

It refers to the average number of household members calculated through dividing the total number of members for a certain category by the number of households for that particular category.

Sex:

It is divided into male and female.

Age in Completed Years:

The completed age in years of the person enumerated, which is the difference between the date of birth and the survey reference period.

Original Nationality:

It refers to the political identity of the individuals, as Palestinian, Jordanian, Egyptian, Brazilian, French, etc.

Refugee Status:

This status relates to the Palestinians who were forced to leave their land in the Palestinian Territory occupied by Israel in 1948. It applies to their male sons and grandchildren.

- 1. **Registered Refugees:** It applies to registered refugees holding refugee registration cards issued by UNRWA.
- **2. Non-Registered Refugees:** It applies to unregistered refugees who do not hold refugee registration cards issued by UNRWA.
- **3. Non-Refugee:** It applies to any Palestinian not categorized under any of the two aforementioned statuses.

Handicapped and Disabled:

The disabled is defined as the person suffering from a clear and evident weakness in performing certain activities due to continuous difficulties emanating from a physical, mental or health state that lasted for more than six months.

Seeing (Visual) Disability:

It includes blind and one-eyed persons, and any person suffering from vision weakness even after using special devices, provided they do not suffer from any other disability.

Hearing (Auditory) Disability:

It includes deaf persons and any person suffering from clear auditory problems even after using special auditory devices, provided they do not suffer from any other disability.

Moving Disability:

It refers to the person suffering from evident problems in walking, climbing stairs, bending, bowing, kneeling, provided he / she does not suffer from any other disability.

Cognition Disability:

It refers to the individuals who suffer from difficulties in concentration and memory, decision-making, understanding speech, reading, identifying persons, identifying areas and the use of the map, calculations, reading and thinking.

Communication Disability:

Refers to people who do not have the ability to exchange information and ideas with others and to deal with them through the use of speech, or sign or movement or to write the information they want to share with others, which may be the result of the inability of hearing or speech, or lack of the mental capacity to understand or interpret what others say, whether signals, words or movements.

Educational Attendance:

Attendance means registering the person in any formal education stage irrespective of whether it took the form of continuous attendance or distance learning. Formal education stages include the elementary stage, preparatory stage, (both of which are referred to as the basic stage), secondary stage, and higher education stage (universities, colleges, vocational institutes, etc.).

Enrollment categories are as follows:

- 1. Attending: It applies if the person is currently enrolled in a regular education stage.
- **2. Attended and left**: It applies if the person unsuccessfully left a regular education stage, i.e., without obtaining any degree.
- **3. Attended and graduated:** It applies if the person successfully graduated from a regular education stage and did not enroll in any stage after that.
- **4.** Never attended: It applies if the person is not currently enrolled and was never enrolled in any regular education stage.

Years of Schooling Completed:

For persons currently attending, attended and left, or successfully graduated, reference shall be made to the successfully completed formal educational years (completed years.) It neither includes drop out years, failure years, kindergartens years nor ongoing educational year. Educational training courses are not included among the years of regular study.

Illiterate: It applies to persons unable to read or write in any language and who were never awarded a certificate from any formal education system.

Can Read and Write: It applies to persons who are able to read and write without completing any of the educational stages. Such persons are generally able to read and write simple sentences.

Specialization:

It refers to the name of the subject the person successfully completed.

Employed:

Persons who were at work at least one hour during the reference period, whether for their own account or for others paid or unpaid, or in the interest of the household. Employees classified according to the number of weekly working hours of the workers (1-14) hours, workers (15-34) hours, workers 35 hours or more.

Labour Force Status:

A person's work status in terms of being inside or outside the labour force and also classified as follows:

- **1. Employed 1-14 work hours**: All persons aged (7 years and above) who were at work at least one hour during the reference week, or who were not at work during the reference week, but held a job or owned a business from which they were temporarily absent and usually working 1-14 hours per week.
- **2. Employed 15-34 work hours:** All persons aged (7 years and above) who were at work during the reference week, and held a job or owned a business from which they were temporarily absent and usually working 15-34 hours per week.
- **3.** Employed 35 hours or more: All persons aged (7 years and above) who were at work during the reference week, and held a job or owned a business from which they were temporarily absent and usually working 35 hours or more per week.

Does not work and seeking work - who has ever been employed:

- 4. Actively seeking a job during the reference week: Those individuals aged (7 years and above) who did not work at all during the reference week, were not absent from a job, were available for work and actively seeking a job during the reference week, and looking for a job by one method of the following: registration at employment office, or registration at a labour union, or asking friends or relatives, or a personal visit of the premises, or reading the newspaper in order to obtain jobs, or searching for a building or land or machinery or equipment in order to establish a private project or seek of financial resources. Noting: that this category is the category that worked in the past two weeks continuously.
- 5. Not seeking work because of discouragement: Those individuals aged (7 years and above) who had worked in the past but within a reference week did not work even one hour, were not looking for work and were willing to work or need to work and sought previously but had been unable to find work.

Does not work and wants to work – Never Employed:

- **6.** Actively seeking a job during the reference week: Those individuals aged (7 years and above) who did not work at all during the last period, were not absent from a job, were available for work and actively seeking a job during the reference week, and looking for a job by one method of the following: registration at employment office, or registration at a labour union, or asking friends or relatives, or a personal visit of the premises, or reading the newspaper in order to obtain jobs, or searching for a building or land or machinery or equipment in order to establish a private project or seek of financial resources.
- 7. Not seeking work because of discouragement: Those individuals aged (7 years and above) who has not worked throughout their life with any kind of work, has not worked even for one hour during the reference period, was not looking for work, but has desire or need to work and sought work previously but was unable to find and has no income due to this and did not continue in looking for work.

Does not work does not want to work:

Individuals aged (7 years or above) for which the concept of employed or unemployed does not apply, are classified outside the labour force, in the sense that this individual did not work even one hour during the reference period, nor looking for work and does not wish to work and falls under this definition:

- **8. Full-time study / training:** Individuals aged (7 years or above) who regularly study in order to obtain a qualified skill and not linked to work during a certain period of reference. It should be noted here that household chores and hobbies are not included in the concept of work.
- **9. Full-time housekeeping:** Any person (male or female) aged (7 years and above) not working but has capability to work and not looking for work and not attending regular study and aims at serving the household home. This does not include the servicing of the homes of others in return for payment in kind or cash since this type of service is within the workplace.
- **10. Disabled /old age / illness:** An individual who is aged (7 years and above) who cannot do any kind of work due to chronic illness or due to any disability This category also includes all individuals who are unable to work because of old age.

- 11. The existence of income / retiree: If an individual is able to work but does not work and did not wish to work nor look for work because there is revenue from real estate, or retirement, etc.
- **12. Other:** Includes any individual for which all the previously stated did not apply, such as a prisoner, or individual capable of work but not wishing or looking for work and who has no income, such as sons and daughters who are not attending school, who do not apply to any situation mentioned previously.

Main Occupation:

The main job or type of work performed by the employed person or used to be performed by the unemployed ever worked person. The occupation refers to the activity in which the employee works more than half of his/her working hours or the most frequent job during the last three months prior to the enumeration night.

Main Economic Activity:

Economic activity refers to the activity of the establishment in which an employed person worked during the reference period, or last worked if unemployed. This activity is defined in terms of the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the unit in which the person works. Economic activities are classified according to the unified commodity classification in the West Bank and Gaza Strip which is based on the International Standard Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC Rev3).

Marital Status:

The status of those 12 years old and over in terms of marriage traditions and laws in the country.

May be one of the following cases:

- **1.** Never married: It applies if the person aged 12 years and over has not been married or legally engaged (according to customs and traditions applicable in the country).
- **2. Legally engaged:** It applies if the person aged 12 years and over has an official marriage document (issued by a competent court) but has not been actually married yet according to customs and traditions applicable in the country. The divorced, widowed, and married twice do not belong to this category.
- **3. Married:** It applies if the person aged 12 years and over is actually and officially married (according to customs and traditions applicable in the country) irrespective of his / her past marital status as well as of whether the couple were together during the reference period or not. The person married to more than one wife is classified as married.
- **4. Divorced:** The person aged 12 years and over who previously married and legally divorced but was not married again.
- **5. Widowed:** The married person aged 12 years and over whose marriage was ended by the death of the spouse and was not married again.
- **6. Separated:** The individual 12 years old and over who was married, but his/her marriage was revoked for some reason without any legal or official registration, and he/she did not marry again.

House:

A building or part of a building constructed for one household only, with one or more independent entrance leading to the public road without passing through another housing unit.

House type:

Housing unit type may refer to any of the following:

- 1. Villa: A separately established building that is usually constructed from clean stone. It is constructed for the living of one household and consists of a 2-suite, single or double or multiple stories connected through internal stairs. One of the suites is constructed as bedrooms whereas the second suite is constructed for reception and involves the kitchen and other related services. In general, the villa is surrounded by a garden, regardless of the area of this garden, which is surrounded by boarder wall or fence. Villas normally have a roofed parking area (garage). Villas may also include a separate small building or extension as part of them.
- **2. House:** A building usually established for the residence of one household or more; it is the typical form of residential buildings prevailing in Palestine. The house may be comprised of a single story or more that is utilized by a single household.
- **3. Apartment:** It is a part of a building or a house, consisting of one room or more and annexed with kitchen, bathroom and toilet, which are all closed by an external door leading to the road through a stairway and/or path way. It is prepared usually for one household.
- **4. Independent Room:** It is a separate room with no kitchen, bathroom or toilet, but sharing these basic services with other households, and it is prepared for living.
- **5. Marginal:** It is a separate unit, usually comprised of one or more rooms. The main construction material of the ceiling and the external walls is zinc, tinplate, etc, but it does not undergo listing unless it is occupied.
- **6. Tent:** It is made of textile, wool, or hair. It is typically used in the Bedouin localities.
- **7. Other:** It refers to any type of building other than the aforementioned. Examples of this type include cottages, caves, grottos, and booths occupied by a tenant during the Census

Room:

The housing unit or part of the housing unit surrounded with walls and having a ceiling, provided that its area is not less than 4 square meters.

Tenure of the House:

This section refers to the household tenure of the housing unit that could be one of the following categories:

- **1. Owned:** This category applies when the household or one of the household members usually living therein owns the housing unit.
- 2. **Rented Unfurnished:** If the housing unit is rented without furniture.
- **3. Rented Furnished:** If the housing unit is rented with furniture.
- **4. Without Payment:** If the housing unit is used without any payments.
- **5.** For Work: If the housing unite is offered to the household as a result of a working relation with one member of the household or more.
- **6.** Other: If the tenure of the house is not mentioned above.

Connection to Water:

1. Public Water Network: A network of pipes for the purpose of providing clean water to households. It normally belongs to a municipality, the council or to a private company.

- **2. Mekorot Israeli company:** A network of pipes for the purpose of providing clean water to households. It normally belongs to Mekorot Israeli company.
- **3.** Collection Water Wells: Wells that are dug in the ground for the purpose of collecting rain water.
- **4. Springs:** Water that is discharged from the ground at an intersection point between the topographic surface and the groundwater table; it could be permanent or seasonal, and it is considered as one of the natural resources for irrigation.
- 5. Water Tanks: Using water from vehicles that distribute and transfer water.
- **6.** Others: If the source of water was not mentioned above.

Electricity:

- 1. **Public Network:** Electrical wiring deployed in residential areas and covering all or most of the households in the locality, particularly through electricity companies or local authorities (municipal or village),
- 2. Private Generator: Device used for electric power generation and supply to housing and owned by the owner of the household or group of individuals.
- 3. Not Available: In the case of lack of means and therefore foregoing electricity.

Connection to Sanitation:

This question illustrates the house connections to sanitation which are:

- 1. **Sewage Network:** System of collectors, pipelines, conduits and pumps to evacuate wastewater (rainwater, domestic and other wastewater) from any of the location places generation either to municipal sewage treatment plant or to a location place where wastewater is discharged.
- **2. Porous Cesspit:** A well or a pit in which night soil and other refuse is stored, constructed with porous walls.
- **3. Tight Cesspit:** A well or a pit in which night soil and other refuse is stored, constructed of tight walls.
- 4. **Not Found:** In case of no provision from the above methods.

Definitions of Jerusalem J1&J2

For mere statistical purposes, the Jerusalem Governorate was divided into two parts:

- (J1) Includes that part of Jerusalem which was annexed forcefully by Israel following its occupation of the West Bank in 1967. This part includes the following localities: (Beit Hanina, Shu'fat Refugee Camp, Shu'fat, Al' Isawiya, Jerusalem "Al-Quds" (Sheikh Jarrah, Wadi Al-Joz, Bab Al-Sahira, As Suwwana, At-Tur, Ash-Shayyah, Ras Al-Amud), Silwan, Ath-Thuri, Jabal Al-Mukabbir, As-Sawahira Al-Gharbiya, Beit Safafa, Sharafat, Sur Baher, and Um Tuba, Kufr A'qab).
- (J2) Includes the Remaining parts of the governorate, namely: Rafat, Mikhmas, Qalandya Refugee Camp, the Bedouin Community-Jaba', Qalandya, Beit Duqqu, Jaba', Al-Judeira, Beit Anan, Al-Ram, Dahiat Al-Bareed, Al Al-Jib, Bir Nabala, Beit Ijza, Al-Qubeiba, Khirbet Um Al-Lahem, Biddu, An-Nabi Samu'eil, Hizma, Beit Hanina Al Tehta, Qatanna, Beit Surik, Beit Iksa, A'nata, The Bedouin Community Al-Khan Al-Ahmar, Az Za'eem, Al-Sawahreh Al-Sharqiyeh, Ash-Sheikh Sa'd, The Bedouin Communities. Al-Eizariya, Abu Dis.

Remaining West Bank

Includes the West Bank except that part of Jerusalem which was forcefully annexed by Israel following its occupation of the West Bank in 1967.

Chapter Three

Methodology

3.1 Census Coverage

The PHC-2007 covered all individuals who were in the Palestinian Territory on the census reference night (30/11-1/12/2007) regardless of nationality and citizenship. It also covered all Palestinians who have usual residence in the Palestinian Territory (including those who were temporarily absent for less than one year for the purpose of visit, tourism, treatment, etc. while their households are still living at their permanent places of residence in the Palestinian Territory). All Palestinian students abroad while their households are still living at their permanent places of residence were also included, in addition to all prisoners and detainees in the Israeli jails regardless of the duration of detention. The census excluded all Palestinians holding identity cards who were absent for more than one year (except for the students), even if their households are still living in their places of residence in the Palestinian Territory.

This was a decision made by the Census National Committee in its first meeting. The resolution states the following

1. Determine the coverage of the census to include the entire population, housing and establishments in the Occupied Palestinian Territory in 1967, with the exception of Israeli settlements.

2. The enumeration includes the following categories of individuals:

- A. All individuals living in the Palestinian Territory at the census reference date regardless of nationality, citizenship and reason of presence, and regardless of where present in the Palestinian Territory.
- B. All Palestinians who live abroad temporarily and for less than a year whose normal place of residence is in the Palestinian Territory, are to be counted with their households.
- C. All Palestinians who are studying abroad, regardless of the duration of the study and length of residence abroad, and all individuals detained in Israeli jails regardless of the period of detention, are to be counted with their households.

3.2 Special Questionnaire of Jerusalem Governorate

Due to the special situation in the governorate of Jerusalem, particularly (J1) area. A summarized questionnaire has been designed especially for household and housing conditions for the J1area of Jerusalem containing the following questions:

- 1. Number of nuclear households, type of housing unit and number of rooms.
- 2. Household members booklet which includes (head of the household relationship, sex, religion, age, refugee status, educational level and marital status).

3.3 Questionnaires and Forms

Three questionnaires have been designed for data collection which are: listing of buildings, housing and households questionnaire, the household and housing conditions questionnaire and economic establishments questionnaire. An additional questionnaire has been allocated for hotels. The following is a detailed demonstration of the items and variables of these questionnaires:

Buildings, Housing and Households Listing Questionnaire

The questionnaire of buildings, housing and households contains in addition to the identification data, a number of items and detailed variables including:

The owner's name or the name of the building, the type of building, current use of the building, type of owner, the year of establishment, construction material for external walls, the number of floors in the building, the number of housing units at the building, current use of the housing unit, and the reason for the closure, absence, desertion of closed units, or abandoned.

Households and Housing Conditions Questionnaire

The questionnaire of households and housing conditions in addition to the identification data, has the following items and variables:

Section I: Housing Data and Conditions

Housing data includes occupation type, housing type, number of rooms, number of nuclear households, housing property, number of bedrooms, connectivity of public water, electricity and sanitation, availability of a kitchen, bathroom and toilet, the method used for the disposal of household wastes, the main source of energy used in cooking and heating, availability of durable goods to the household, available information technology for the household.

Section II: Individuals Data

- A. Data of all individuals regardless of their age, sex and nationality which are: the name, the head of the household, sex, date of birth, age in completed years, original nationality, religion, usual place of residence of the individual's mother when giving birth, usual place of residence, duration of residence in the usual place of residence, previous place of residence, and reason for changing previous place of residence.
- B. Data of Palestinian individuals which are: identification number, the refugee status, and difficulties or disabilities that might cause suffering for the individuals in case they exist and availability of insurance.
- C. Data of all individuals aged 5 years and over, namely: education, number of study years which are successfully completed in the formal educational system, usage of computer.
- D. Data of all individuals 7 years and over, namely: relation to labor status, main occupation, economic activity, sector activity status and place of work.
- E. Data of all individuals 10 years and over, namely: education level, specialization, place of getting higher education level and vocational training obtained by the individuals.
- F. Data of all individuals aged 12 years and over, namely: marital status, age at first marriage, duration of marriage, the number of live births and the number of them still alive males and females throughout the duration of marriage for women, and the number of live births and the number of them still alive males and females during the previous year.

Section III: Household Members

Summary of the number of household members divided into males and females.

Section IV: Tourism and Kindergartens

Tourism inside and outside Palestine; children enrolled in kindergartens by sex.

Section V: Agricultural Holdings

Includes the individual holder in the questionnaire, and the number of agricultural holdings by type (plant, animal, and mixed).

Section VI: Mortality

Includes questions about a case or more of death in the household during the 12 months preceding the census and thus the name of the deceased and their relationship to the head of the household, sex and age at death and whether death was during pregnancy and childbirth and that for females in the stage of pregnancy and childbearing.

3.4 Fieldwork

Fieldwork stage of implementing the Population, Housing and Establishment Census-2007 includes several consecutive fieldwork operations which are:

3.4.1 Updating Maps

PCBS proceeded to conduct a comprehensive updating of the maps for all Palestinian localities in early November 2006, which was completed at the end of June 2007. All localities were visited and their maps which had been prepared by the Census National Committee for nominating and enumerating the localities were updated.

After the completion of amendments to the maps, localities were divided into enumeration areas; each one includes about 150 housing units, with the exception of small localities that include less than 150 housing units, where each locality was considered to be an enumeration area, regardless of the number of the housing units accompanied by identifying aspects of the census fieldwork teams: supervisors, observers and enumerators. Everyone was allocated a specific area of work on maps to avoid overlapping or under counting of enumeration areas; many copies of the maps were photocopied for field work teams and the central operations room. The number of enumeration areas reached 4,916.

3.4.2 Identifying and Delineation Enumeration Areas

Supervisors put signs on the walls of buildings located on the outer borders of enumeration areas of the 4,916 areas distributed on localities in the West Bank and Gaza Strip except (J1). The implementation of this process took 25 days from 18/08/2007 to 11/09/2007.

3.4.3 Numbering and Counting of Buildings, Housings and Households as well as Establishments

The observers and their assistants carried out this process in all localities during the period from 20/10/2007 to 10/11/2007 through checking all buildings and putting the census number on the entries as well as the numbering of all housing units in each building, and collecting main data of the buildings and the housing units.

The main objective of this operation is to provide a range of important data on the numbers and characteristics of the buildings for use in policy making concerning housing. This process also aims to facilitate the work of enumerators in the implementation stage of counting the population. The observers during these operations have given each household a reminder questionnaire to be filled in on the morning of 01/12/2007 regarding the people who spent the reference night which is (30/11-01/12/2007) in housing and submit it to the enumerator to assist in the process of counting the population and ensure accuracy and coverage.

3.4.4 Population Count

This process was implemented in the West Bank during the period from 01/12/2007 to 16/12/2007, while in the Gaza Strip it was implemented during the period from 25/12/2007 to 08/01/2008, where enumerators visited all the households in their homes and obtained data on the housing in which they live and their different characteristics, as well as all household

members and registered the demographic, social and economic characteristics of each household member.

3.4.5 Receipt of Booklets

The process of receiving booklets started after each enumerator had covered his/her enumeration area, which ended in the West Bank in the evening of 16/12/2007, and in the Gaza Strip in the evening of 08/01/2008. The process of receiving booklets is divided into two parts: fieldwork receipt, and then delivery to the censuses directorate in PCBS premises.

Receipt of Booklets from the Fieldwork

After the completion of the counting phase, the observers received all booklets and questionnaires from the enumerators which are: the household and housing conditions booklets, the enumerator organizational book. After receiving them, the observers submitted them to their supervisors, where they also conducted a technical check. The receiving process began in the West Bank as of 16/12/2007 and lasted until 25/12/2007 (during which was the holiday of Eid Al-Adha), while in the Gaza Strip it started from 08/01/2008 until 12/01/2008. All booklets were handed over to PCBS main premises in Ramallah and Gaza.

Receipt of Booklets in PCBS Main Premises

The receipt process started in the main premises in Ramallah from all governorates on 29/12/2007 and ended on 07/01/2008 in the West Bank, while it started on 24/01/2008 and ended on 26/01/2008 in the Gaza Strip.

3.4.6 Post Enumeration Survey

Post enumeration is considered to be a developed technique of assessing and evaluating census findings. It was implemented through selecting a random sample of 218 enumeration areas representing all types of localities. The purpose of conducting such a study was to measure the rate of coverage and individuals in the Census-2007 to take these rates into account when preparing estimates of the population in the years to come after the census.

The field work was implemented during the period from 29/12/2007- 03/01/2008, and 12/01/2008-16/01/2008 in the Gaza Strip. The process of editing the selected booklets for this survey was begun, matching them with the booklets of household and housing conditions which were obtained during the process of counting the population, i.e., data entry, data processing and extracting findings. These processes ended on 30/01/2008.

3.4.7 Preparation of the Preliminary Results

After the completion of the counting process on 16/12/2007, the enumerators and observers carried out a desk review and prepared the preliminary results in the fieldwork from 16/12/2007 until 18/12/2007. After that, during the period from 24/12/2007 until 30/12/2007 preliminary results were compiled and reviewed by census managers in the governorates and then sent to the Census office in PCBS main premises. This operation was carried out in Gaza Strip during the period from 08/01/2008 until 15/01/2008.

After the receipt of the preliminary results forms from the fieldwork by the end of December 2007, which included a number of households and individuals both males and females at the level of the enumeration area, this data was entered into computers to extract preliminary statistical tables at the level of Palestinian Territory and the governorates level. These tables contain the number of households and the number of male and female individuals.

During the receipt of preliminary results, their coverage had been thoroughly checked which covered all enumeration areas to be compared with the main enumeration areas booklet to make sure that no enumeration area was dropped.

3.4.8 Data Processing

Data processing stage includes all the stages after the fieldwork such as: editing, coding, data entry, electronic editing and disseminating through both the traditional methods (Publications) and online and on CDs and databases. Data processing was carried out in the West Bank by having two work shifts. This process started on 13/01/2008 by training editors and coders, and about 120 employees had been hired for each work shift in addition to the supervisor crew for each shift.

3.4.9 Preparation of Final Findings Stage

During this stage certain basic steps had been achieved of which the most important were: data processing, tabulation and dissemination.

Chapter Four

Summary of Final Results

4.1 Population Final Results

Final results show that the total number of the West Bank population on the midnight of 31/11-1/12/2007, was 2,350,583 people, including 1,193,244 males and 1,157,339 females. The male/female sex ratio totaled 103.1 males/100 females. The number of the population includes the following:

4.1.1 The Actual Enumerated Population

According to the final results of the actual count process, the number of the actually counted population in the West Bank is 2,281,714 people, an increase of only about 6,785 people have been reported compared to preliminary results. The actual count represents 97.0% of the total population according to the results of the Post Enumeration Survey.

4.1.2 The Population Number According to the Post Enumeration Survey

The aim of conducting a Post Enumeration Survey is to measure the coverage rates of individuals in the Population and Housing Census in order to take such rates into consideration when the population number is projected in the years following the Census. The Post Enumeration Survey shows that the number of the West Bank population is 2,350,583 based on the findings of the Post Enumeration Survey. Moreover, the Post Enumeration Survey shows that the under coverage rate is 3.0%.

4.2 The Basic Demographic and Social Characteristics of the Population

4.2.1 Population Age Structure

The Palestinian society of the West Bank is still a young society, according to the final results. The number of people aged 0-14 years in the West Bank totals 920,649 or 40.4% of the total West Bank population. The number of people aged 15-64 is 1,231,290 or 54.0% of the total number of the West Bank population. The number of the rest of the population whose age is 65 years and over totals 75,933 of the West Bank population or 3.3% of the total West Bank population. In addition, the age of about 2.3% of the West Bank population is not stated.

Compared with the census in 1997, its noted that the past ten years have witnessed a decrease in the proportion of children aged between 0-14, where the proportion declined from 45.1% in 1997 to 41.3% in 2007, decrease by 3.8% during the period between the two censuses. By contrast the percentage of working age population aged 15-64 years have remarkably increased during the period, the proportion rose from 51.1% in 1997 to 55.3% from the overall population, which is mean an increase by 4.2% between the two censuses. This means that, despite the fact that Palestinian society is still young compared with other communities, however, the proportion of young people and youth go down with time, due to low fertility rates, where the total fertility rate in 2007 in the West Bank 4.6 births, while it had reached 5.6 births In 1997

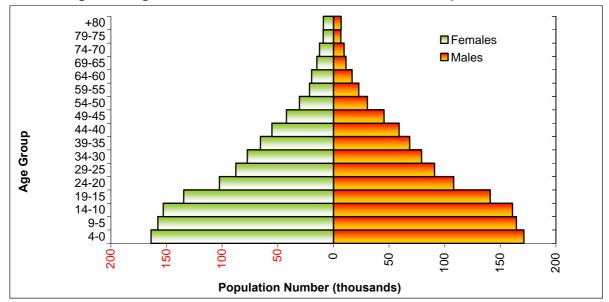


Figure 1: Age and Sex Distribution in the West Bank Population, 2007

4.2.2 Basic Characteristics of Disability

The final results of the Census show that the number of the population in the Remaining West Bank who have at least one disability is 107,785 people with percentage of 5.3% of the total number of Remaining West Bank population. The distribution of people with disability by type of disability is as follows: 60,041 people with percentage of 2.9% suffering from seeing disability; 28,658 with percentage of 1.4% suffering from hearing disability; 42,181 with percentage of 2.1% suffering from moving disability; 14,781 with percentage of 0.7% suffering from cognition disability; and 14,959 with percentage of 0.7% suffering from communication disability. The highest rate of people with at least one disability is in Hebron governorate compared to Remaining West Bank governorate but the lowest rate of people with at least one disability is in Tubas.

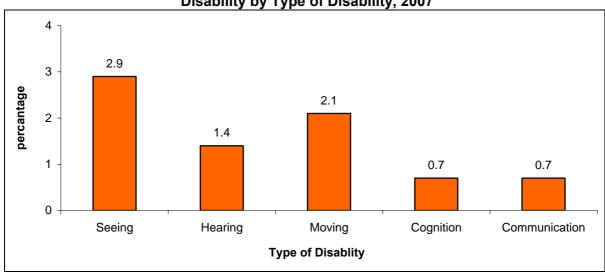


Figure 2: Percentage of Palestinian population in the Remaining West Bank with One Disability by Type of Disability, 2007

4.2.3 Basic Characteristics of Education

The number of people aged 5 and over attending education is 819,502 people with percentage of 42.7% of the total population of the West Bank of the same age group. The number of people aged 10 and over with Bachelor degree or higher is 119,985 people with

percentage of 7.5% from the total West Bank population in the age group of 10 and over. The highest rate of people with Bachelor degree and higher is found in Ramallah and Al Bireh governorate at 9.8% of the total population of the governorate of the same age group compared the West Bank governorates.

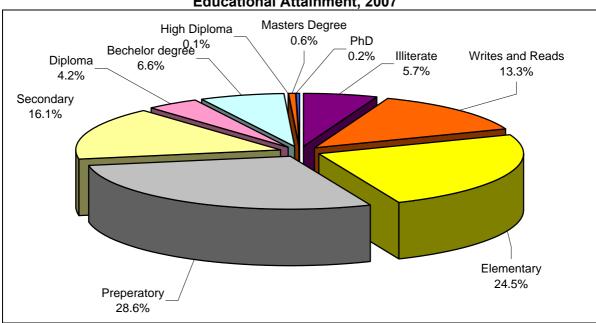
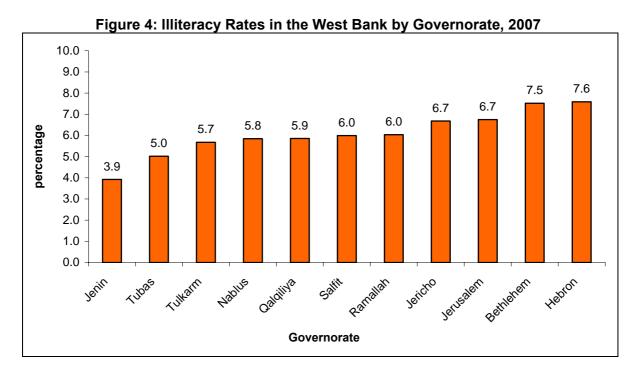


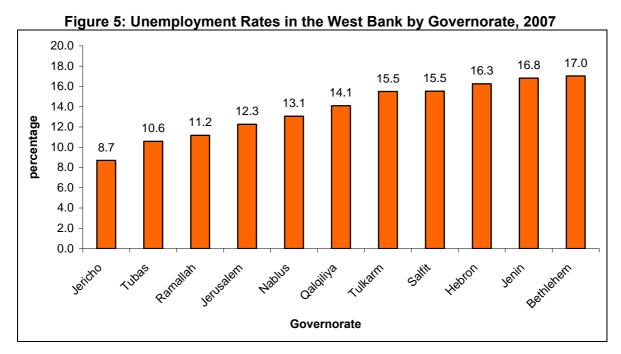
Figure 3: Percentage Distribution in the West Bank Population (aged 10 and over) by Educational Attainment, 2007

Prevalence of illiteracy in the West Bank among people aged 10 years and above, according to the findings, shows that 92,324 people with percentage of 5.8% of the people aged 10 and above in the West Bank are illiterate. The highest illiteracy rate is in Jericho governorate at 7.6% of the total governorate population 10 years and above age group.



4.2.4 Labor Basic Characteristics

The number of unemployed people in the age group of 10 and over is 76,464 people with percentage of 4.8% of the total population in the age group of 10 and over in the West Bank. Noticeably, the highest rate of unemployment in the West Bank governorates is found in Bethlehem governorate at 17.0% in the same age group, and the lowest rate of unemployment in the West Bank governorates is found in Jericho & Al Aghwar governorate at 8.7%.



4.2.5 Basic Characteristics of Marriage

The findings show that the number of people aged 12 and above who are married in the West Bank is 764,842 people with percentage of 51.5% from the total population of the West Bank who are in the age group of 12 years and above. The number of married males is 377,947 people with percentage of 50.3% and the number of married females is 386,895 people with percentage of 52.7%. The number of divorced people in the West Bank is 9,438 people with percentage of 0.6% of the total population in the age group of 12 and above in the West Bank.



Figure 6: Percentage Distribution of Population (12 years and over) in the West Bank by

4.3 Final Results of Household Numbers

According to the final results of the population count, the number of private households which were actually counted in the West Bank totaled 414,493 households. The mean household size of the West Bank is 5.5 individual. The number of Palestinian nuclear families in the West Bank reached 338,989 or 81.8% of the total number of the Palestinian households.

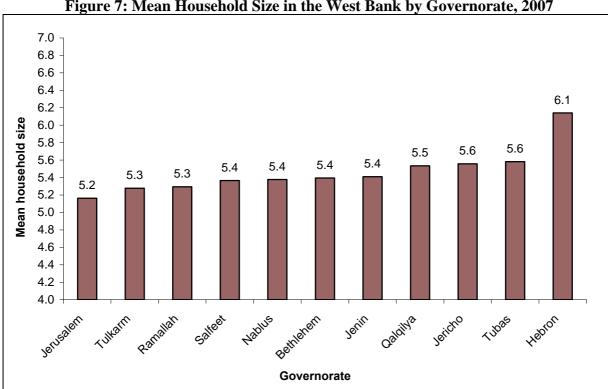


Figure 7: Mean Household Size in the West Bank by Governorate, 2007

The final results indicate that the percentage of nuclear Palestinian household in 1997 in the West Bank is 83.2% while the same percentage was 74.0% in 1997. The percentage of extended private Palestinian households in the West Bank has been declined from 21.7% in 1997 to 12.4% in 2007, this emphasize the phenomena which indicates the number of nuclear household increases on the account of extended households. While there is a slight increase in the percentage of Palestinian households which constitute from one person, a here it was in increased from 3.8% in 1997 to 4.2% in 2007. While the percentage of composite households constitute the rest of households, which is a small percent .2% in 2007 and 0.6% in 1997.

Chapter Five

Data Quality

5.1 Introduction

There are two types of errors that can occur: statistical errors and non statistical errors. Statistical errors occur in surveys using samples and do not exist in the censuses. It is easy to measure errors and to estimate the rate of errors since it results from errors in the sample. While non-statistical errors are possible to occur at any stage of the implementation of the censuses or surveys, there was a need for developing a system to control the quality of census data during the implementation of the second Palestinian Census of 2007 since there were many stages of work in planning and implementing the census requiring a great number of employees hired for a short time, with variation in work quality from one to another that could badly affect the findings of the census and their reliability.

The main objective of the quality control programme is to prevent or reduce the incidence of errors to the greatest extent possible and to detect errors in order to take appropriate measures to correct them. Without using such a programme, census data might contain many errors and may not be suitable for use.

To achieve the required efficiency, an efficient system of quality control at all stages of the census had been developed to control all stages from the very beginning of the preparatory stage till data processing and dissemination to guarantee high level of data quality. Quality control is of vital importance particularly in the planning stage since it is connected with all stages to come, and thus every stage was allocated enough time and procedures to ensure the achievement of high quality and reliability of census data.

5.2 Control Procedures in the Preparatory Stage

The preparatory phase took into account the development of simple definitions and instructions and compatibility with international recommendations and the needs of beneficiaries in the design of questionnaires to the extent that instructions could be transferred honestly. Attention was paid to ensure that all booklets and questionnaires would be received and stored, and that all booklets and questionnaires would be entered into the computer in addition to preparing certain forms to control quality of work, achievement and the design and selection of data entry programs beforehand.

A plan was made for updating localities, enumeration areas manual, and detailed maps of the enumeration areas manual, where every establishment, building, housing, household and individual were counted, and adequate attention was given to special localities such as nomads, since they were covered in the census. Clear and simple instructions were developed for counting personnel at border crossings and the residents of collective housing.

It also set up a procedures to examine the coverage rates for individuals and households through the post Enumeration Survey. Also taken into account was the printing of booklets and questionnaires to validate data collection, entry and storage. A certain type of indexed bags was used for keeping the households and housing conditions booklets as well as the buildings booklets to be easily reached and used.

Through a pilot census comprehensive testing was done for all questionnaires, tools, procedures, forms, fieldwork and office editing, PES, printing of questionnaires and manuals

at this stage, selection of data entry programs and error detecting programs, reviewing lists and coding manuals and tabulation processes and preparatory stage dissemination in advance. The expected requirements of human and financial resources, time schedule for the completion of all activities in this stage had been estimated in advance.

5.3 Control Procedures in the Implementation Stage

5.3.1 Selection and training of employees

Given the magnitude of this project, multiple levels and the volume of its employees, it was necessary to develop procedures that ensure the collection of reliable data, since maps of each area were updated under continuous supervision from the project management, and to redivide enumeration areas according to the ability of fieldworkers in various activities so as to achieve them on time.

It had been taken into consideration to select the best qualified unemployed employees particularly those with scientific qualifications like diploma and B.A. since there are many in nearly all the governorates except (Ramallah and Al-Bireh, and Jerusalem) where we had to employ a small number of Palestinian university students as enumerators, and also that the fieldworkers have to be from the same locality to guarantee their efficiency in carrying out their mission.

Plans and training programs for all employees had been prepared in advance: census managers had been trained in the governorates first and then trained supervisors, who participated in turn in the training of enumerators and observers. As a precaution, PCBS trained in each stage an additional 30% of the actual required employees as alternates in case of resignation, dismissal, emergent conditions, and low achievements.

5.3.2 Data collection

Fieldworkers were distributed so that each supervisor had responsibility for managing 5 observers, and each observer had to supervise 5 enumerators, while each enumerator had to collect data for about 150 housing units within 15 days. The basics of selecting the employees depended on the a unified assessment (test); the individuals who got the highest grades were selected and employed, while the census directors (PCBS Managers) were selected for their considerable experience in administrative and statistical work, and some of PCBS statisticians and fieldworkers were appointed to work as supervisors.

With regard to the method of counting, the direct interview technique was used and the necessity of getting data from the head of households, or from a reasonable adult person. In case of the absence of the head of household or non-existence of the right person, the enumerator pays other visits to the household at different periods of time until he/she collects the data from the qualified person.

Enumerators had also depended on official documents in terms of collecting basic data such as name, date of birth, identification number, and submitting a reminder questionnaire to the households to fill in the basic required data before the actual counting to save time and facilitate the mission for both households and enumerators. Moreover, specific instructions had been given to all employees of all levels in how to carry out fieldwork and desk reviews, and in how to review and correct the errors. The supervisor, for example, had to check himself/herself part of the questionnaires for at least 2% of what had been achieved by the observer and the enumerator in addition to checking the coverage and quality of data,

particularly on the first days of work, and supervising the daily desk and fieldwork. As for observers, they have to collect 5% of the data from the households that the enumerator had collected to ensure household coverage and consistency of individual data, and notifying the enumerators of their errors.

Every supervisor had to meet his/her fieldworkers subordinates on a daily basis to give new directions and instructions received from the operations room to correct errors that occurred in the previous day and to avoid errors. Those supervisors had to conduct a daily desk review of what had been achieved by their subordinates. A campaign had accompanied all activities of the census, and included all means of media, and as the census date approached, to ensure greater cooperation of the citizens census crews.

Many types of forms were developed regarding either the daily accomplishments and follow up or the accomplishment of the preliminary findings and related materials, documents, booklets, received supplies or deliveries, control of employees work duration and follow up forms of households coverage which were prepared ahead in stage of enumerating buildings and others.

A central operations room was formed at the PCBS headquarters in the West Bank and another in the Gaza Strip whose main task was to work 24 hours a day, including technicians, administrators and support services to answer queries and to meet the needs and requirements and issuing any written general instructions. This was in addition to the group of assistants in each governorate to assist the census director.

This census was also significant for using decentralized databases in the governorates, through which the employees daily achievement was registered and which controlled all technical and administrative work processes in all stages. This helped the Census management and the central operations room at the headquarters of PCBS to control and follow-up on work at various levels and take necessary action in the suitable time.

The post enumeration survey was implemented for 4% of the total enumeration areas aiming at examining the coverage rates of individuals and households, and a complete re-count of all households and individuals in selected enumeration areas was conducted. This study showed under coverage of individuals reached 3% in the West Bank.

5.3.3 Refusals Cases

Several procedures were developed to cope with the refusal cases by some private citizens especially in the Jerusalem Governorate and surrounding communities resulting from Israeli harassment toward the Palestinians residing in Jerusalem and the surrounding areas. These procedures included field visits by members of the central operations room to deal with such cases, and participation of officials to eliminate these cases.

5.4 Control Procedures in the Stage of Data Processing

Data processing stage includes editing, coding, data entry, reviewing lists and checking all previous operations to data entry for all enumeration areas. All procedures and instructions were made so as to check the consistency of the data and coding fields and ensure the entry of all enumeration areas as well as all booklets and questionnaires, and their content of buildings and housing units, households and individuals data. As procedures to check the booklets and questionnaires and the process of moving them from one operation to another, to ensure that all operations required for each form were properly implemented, a store was prepared for all

the documents to be indexed and categorized, so that the store keeper controlled the flow of bags and booklets and the preparation of daily achievement.

Coding manuals were prepared and examined beforehand as well as the instructions for editing and coding procedures for checking the consistency of the data and how to detect and correct errors. All editing and coding employees were selected among the best fieldworkers who collected the data from households and individuals. Training was conducted for them centrally to ensure unifying of concepts and checking data to eliminate disparities in fieldwork in all governorates. Editing, coding and testing consistency of (100%) of the questionnaires was conducted, in addition to desk reviewing, editing and coding (100%) in order to eliminate differences between individual editors, and to discover and correct errors and circulating them daily.

With regard to data entry, tests had been held for all applicants, and those that performed best on the exam were trained centrally on a unified procedures of data entry. During the first three days all what had been entered was deleted to be reentered again to correct errors and notify the employees to avoid such errors in the future. Certain procedures were adopted to ensure the correctness of data entry, since in the first stage a unique separate file was prepared for each enumeration area that included identification data (to ensure coverage) including the number of households and the total number of booklets to ensure that all booklets and all households had been entered. Upon data entry a thorough examination of the identification data and the range of each digital key question was conducted, so that the computer did not accept any figure outside this range, such as the head of the household relationship, sex and all the pre-coded questions in the household and housing conditions questionnaire, and the type of building in the buildings questionnaire, for example. The remaining other questions were exposed to a comprehensive re-examination of the range of each question after data entry, and extraction errors lists resulting from data of inconsistency.

After data entry certain lists were extracted to ensure the coverage of data entry of all enumeration areas, buildings, housing units, households and individuals, and to examine the internal consistency of the data of each unit. The used procedures were to extract errors lists that must be corrected or questioned, and these lists were submitted to the best reviewers under full supervision of the technical operations in the censuses directorate.

Certain prepared previously programs were used to detect errors according to the following procedures:

- 1. A manual was prepared for instructions of desk editing and the procedures of the questionnaire of the household and housing conditions, as well as a set of desk editing instructions printed on paper, and the procedures of the questionnaire of buildings, containing all the tests, whether the tests designed to ensure the coverage of data entry, to detect inconsistency errors or to detect abnormal and rare cases; they were reviewed, and there is a printed name and number for every error in the manual to be easily found.
- 2. A list was extracted for each enumeration area including the identification data of each building, housing unit, household or individual message (Type of Check) and the number printed in the manual, which helps the auditor to recognize the message name and type of error, location and procedures of editing and audit procedures patch, which consists of more than (600) checks on several stages.
- 3. Lists were submitted to the reviewers to go back to the original booklets; if the error was caused by the data entry, it would be corrected on the list, but if the error was due to

fieldwork, all associated questions should be considered for correction. For example: if the type of housing was a tent or a separate room, the number of rooms must be (1) by definition, so the first treatment would be conducted through manual editing, then extracting the electronic lists after data entry for such types of tests, then they were corrected manually on the original booklets, and data were reentered correctly. As for the coverage test, there is a key reference that contains all enumeration areas and shows the number of booklets and households in the enumeration area then to be entered to computer. At this point if there was a variation between the number that was actually entered of booklets and households, and what was entered of the total number of households in the file of each area, an error message appears to indicate it to be corrected. Through this method we ensure that 100% of the households were entered. By the same method we ensure that all household members were distributed to males and females and that 100% of them were entered through connecting the manually prepared summary of household members and the entered data of each household, and the individuals number distributed to males and females through the individual successive number in the household to ensure that 100% of households members were counted and entered according to their gender, in addition to the existence of a unique successive number for each household in the enumeration area.

As for dealing with the non applicable, they were coded as non applicable and represented by the figure (9) according to the number of digits for each question unless there is a certain indication that leads to selecting the suitable answer for variables such as: gender and head of household relationship in the questionnaire of households and housing conditions.

- 1. Extracting all enumeration areas lists through this way and all kinds of tests.
- 2. Amended lists were sent back to data entry to be entered and corrected, and a copy of the daily entered data was kept in several different places.
- 3. Previous stages were conducted twice or more until the data of each enumeration area became clean.
- 4. All files were compiled for enumeration areas for each locality of each governorate. Then all tables and any additional tests were conducted in participation of all specialists in the different areas (Demography, Education, Labor Force, Housing, Buildings, etc.) to test the data before the final tabulation in order to correct errors according to the aforementioned procedures.

5.5 Data Quality Assurance

The process of census results evaluation by estimating the values of errors and trends is considered to be a necessary process to answer questions concerning the accuracy and the coverage of census data and to defend the credibility of the findings against skeptics. There are several methods and tools to evaluate the results of the census in terms of coverage and content, which includes either a single source of data (the census itself) or multiple sources. The use of multiple sources, in turn, is one of two ways: either by comparing the booklets of individuals or comparing the overall values.

The quality testing programme for the Census 2007 contains several methods for measuring the quality and the coverage of data and trends, concentrated in several areas such as: Post Enumeration Survey (matching individual booklets), the comparison with administrative booklets, the comparison with the results of household surveys, conducting demographic analysis. The following is a detailed explanation of these areas:

5.5.1 Post Enumeration Survey (PES)

The Post Enumeration Survey is a sample survey conducted shortly after the census to assess the census. PES usually consists of two types of match studies: identical study to measure coverage errors and re-interview survey for the purposes of assessing the errors in the content of census data with respect to indicators of population.

The Enumeration Survey is usually the only reliable method of measuring errors in the census coverage in developing countries, if we take into account the lack of accurate administrative registers, and the limited availability of accurate demographic data on fertility, mortality and internal migration. In addition, the method of matching individual records provides the possibility of getting separate estimates on both coverage errors and content errors which is not easily achieved in the studies that do not adopt the method of matching individual records.

In the PES the quality control of data is easier due to the limited area of study, that is, a sample of areas. On the other hand, PES process includes an additional operation that is not included in the census, which is the matching process between census booklets and the booklets of PES and this additional step would include non-statistical errors. Due to this, all requirements of supervisors and enumerators should be prepared and well qualified, so the rate of supervisors to enumerators should be (1 to 5). It is necessary to appoint distinguished and adequately trained matching officials at all stages.

Although that the Enumeration Survey was not designed to be fully independent of the census, since the enumeration areas of the census will be used as preview units for the Enumeration Survey, the following points should be taken into account since they would lead to independence in practical actions:

- 1. The return of all census questionnaires from the field before the start of counting in the Enumeration Survey.
- 2. Counting the areas of the Enumeration Survey by crews of fieldworkers excluding those who worked as enumerators in the census (it is logical to employ census supervisors and observers to work in the Enumeration Survey in order to benefit from their experience, as long as they are appointed to work in other areas than those they worked in during the census).
- 3. The employees of the Enumeration Survey must not have any preliminary information about census findings in the enumeration areas in which they are going to work.
- 4. The employees of the census also must not know what enumeration areas will be selected to conduct the Enumeration Survey later.
- 5. The data of the Enumeration Survey must be separately processed from the census data.

Describe the Used Frame

The frame of the Enumeration Survey includes all the enumeration areas of the Census-2007 which totaled 4,916 enumeration areas distributed in all governorates of the West Bank and Gaza Strip. To implement the Enumeration Survey, 218 enumeration areas were chosen to be a stratified cluster sample designed for a single-stage, where all households in selected enumeration areas in the sample were collected.

5.5.2 Assessment of Coverage Based on PES

Rate of coverage was estimated for the individuals on the national level and key areas of research. The following table shows these percentages for the West Bank

Percentages of the coverage and under coverage rates for individuals at the governorate level in the West Bank

Governorate	Coverage Rates	Coverage Rates	
Jenin	98.1%	1.9%	
Toubas	95.8%	4.2%	
Tulkarm	99.2%	0.8%	
Nablus	98.5%	1.5%	
Qalqilya	97.1%	2.9%	
Salfit	98.7%	1.3%	
Ramallah and Al-Bireh	94.0%	6.0%	
Jericho	95.5%	4.5%	
Jerusalem	95.8%	4.2%	
Bethlehem	96.4%	3.6%	
Hebron	97.5%	2.5%	
Total of the West Bank	97.0%	3.0%	

5.5.3 Internal Data Consistency Testing

Given the fact that the Population, Housing and Establishments Census-2007 is the second census on population, households, individuals, buildings and housing units and their detailed characteristics, the issue of testing data quality by all possible means was of paramount importance, especially the internal data consistency and comparing the findings with other surveys.

Based on the distinct experience of the census, certain instructions were developed during the fieldwork implementation to assure getting high data quality, and develop procedures and forms to control supervision and follow up.

Certain rules for desk editing and procedures of detecting consistency errors and correcting them had also been drawn up. During the cleaning process, many tables and detailed editing were extracted, reviewed and tested by the Censuses directorate and by those concerned with the subject from the other directorates.

In addition, a copy of the raw data was handed over to each subject specialist to test the accuracy and data quality and consistency of procedures before the process of extracting the final tables and to make any adjustments required.

5.5.4 Findings Comparison with Other Sources

The census data and indicators were compared by the subjects officials and census directorate with the common data and indicators of surveys. A comparison was conducted between the key indicators and the derived rates from census data in several areas. Comparison was made with the indicators of the Household Health Survey 2006, Demographic Survey 2004 and Health survey 2000, in addition to various comparisons with previous census findings of 1997, particularly with regard to population, distribution of gender and age, total fertility rates, average household volume and household composition, and results indicated a great amount of consistency between them. Comparison of disability indicators with Census-1997 findings, and Health Survey 1996, was difficult and even impossible due to variation of the concepts of disability and difficulty.

With regard to housing and housing conditions, data were compared with indicators of census and household surveys common indicators, particularly in the indicators of the number of rooms per household, housing density, and the type of housing, in general; most results were close and logical.

When comparing the Census-2007 with Census-1997 indicators and with certain selected surveys, the results were as they appear in the next table, where the data indicated age structure and quality, percentage distribution of the households depending on the type of household, the average household size, and others. The data was of high quality and differences are logical and justified and there is consistency between indicators drawn from different sources, taking into account the reference date and work methodologies to explain the differences in case it exists.

Comparison Table Between Selected Indicators in Census and Some Surveys

Indicator	Census 1997	Health Survey 2000	Demographic Health Survey 2004	PAPFAM 2006	Census 2007	
Sex Ratio	103.2	102.0	102.1	102.8	103.1	
Median age	17.0	17.4	17.6	17.9	18.0	
Age distribution						
0-14	45.0	44.9	43.9	43.9	41.5	
15-64	51.2	51.5	52.3	52.8	55.1	
65+	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.3	3.4	
Proportional distribution of the households						
consisted of One person	3.7	4.3	5.0	4.1	4.2	
Nuclear household	74.0	79.0	82.7	80.7	83.2	
Extended household	21.7	16.5	12.2	15.0	12.4	
Compound household	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	
Household Size	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.9	5.5	
No. of persons per room	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.6	

5.5.5 Dealing with not stated

Percentage of Not Stated in Remaining West Bank for Selected Indicators

Indicators	Percentage of not Stated %
Age	2.1
Marital status	0.6
Refugee Status	2.2
Religion	2.0
Type of housing unit	1.1
Relation to labor force	0.4
Enrollment in education	0.2

5.5.6 Use of Demographic Analysis Methods

The usage of demographic analysis methods to assess population data of censuses is considered one of the common methods for assessing the quality of data. It can assess the data of age and age structure and sex in the community through estimating certain demographic measures to examine and assess the data of age and sex. The following was conducted:

- Calculating some index numbers to measure the accuracy of age data and preference of individual age such as: Myers number, Patchi, Wipple and the Secretariat of the United Nations.
- Calculating the percentages of different age groups.
- Calculating the sex ratio for age groups.
- Calculating the percentage of not stated.
- Examining internal consistency between the relevant variables when extracting the tables.

This had logical and acceptable results within the standards and recommendations.